

BIOGRAPHIES
OF
Homœopathic Physicians

Collected, and arranged in twenty years and
now given in the present Form,

TO THE
Library of Hahnemann Medical College
OF PHILADELPHIA

BY
Thomas Lindsley Bradford, M. D.
For Many Years its Librarian

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It is hoped that they may never be mutilated by literary vandals.

They represent much labor, but it has been a labor of love.

PHILADELPHIA,

1916.

CABOCHE,

Located in New Orleans in

Dr. Caboche, a French homœopathist, was the first to establish a paper advocating the principles of the new school. It was entitled *Le Practiceur Homœopathe*. It was followed by *La Homoion*, the organ of the first homœopathic medical society of New Orleans

W.C.

Med Surg
Rep May
1909

JOHN S. A. CABRAL, M. D. Hahnemann Hospital Medical College, San Francisco, 1895; of Centerville, Cal.; for the last four years health officer of Alameda county; died suddenly in Hahnemann Hospital, San Francisco, March 4, from cerebral thrombosis, aged 46.



ADMUS, JAMES M., M. D., of Hammondsport, Steuben county, N. Y., was born in Lodi, Seneca county, N. Y., July 3rd, 1834.

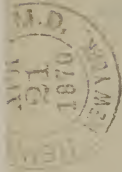
Left at an early age, by the death of his mother, to the care of strangers, his early education was such only as could be obtained at the common schools, but after attaining his majority, he attended the academy at Sonora, N. Y., and also a select school at Havana, in the same State. He studied medicine with Dr. H. S. Benedict, a homœopathic physician of the latter place, with whom he remained five years, and attended lectures at the Western Homœopathic College, Cleveland, O., from which he graduated, in February, 1866; and soon after entered into partnership with his preceptor, Dr. Benedict, who had removed to Corning, N. Y.; there he remained one year, and then located in Hammondsport, a pleasant village in the Rhineland of America, where he has since acquired a fair practice, which is constantly increasing. During the late war Dr. Cadmus served over three years in the Union army. Entering the service as first lieutenant

in the 161st Regiment, New York Volunteers, he was twice severely wounded, and was promoted to the rank of captain. He is a member of the Steuben County (N. Y.) Homœopathic Medical Society, of which he is the Secretary and Treasurer; and he is also a member of the American Institute, and of the Yew York State Homœopathic Medical Society. His growing practice now demands nearly his whole time and attention, yet he finds leisure for the preparation of many interesting articles, which are read with profit before the local societies of which he is a member. In 1863, Dr. Cadmus married Miss H. A. Tompkins.

Self educated and without means, the doctor has struggled with adverse circumstances, and won for himself a position of respectability, and the estimation of a large community.

Dr Cadmus died suddenly
at Waverly, May 10, 1879.
(Adv.V.7.p 77)

My full name is *James M. Cadmus*
I graduated at *Cleveland Hom* Medical College, in the year *1866*.
My present address is *Hammondsport* county of *Steuben*
State of *New York* where I have resided since *May 1867*
Previous to that time I practised in *Corning*
I began to practise Homœopathy in the year *1866* at *Corning*



J. M. CADMUS, M.D., OF WAVERLY, NEW YORK.

Dr. Cadmus was born in Lodi, New York, July 3d, 1834, and died of apoplexy at Waverly, May 10th, 1879, in the 45th year of his age, and in the midst of his useful life. He received a good academic education and commenced the study of medicine under the direction of Dr. H. S. Benedict, of Havana, New York, and at the Western Homœopathic College, at Cleveland, Ohio. At this juncture he felt himself called upon to join the patriotic armies for the preservation of the Union. He at once engaged in raising a company for the 161st Regiment New York Volunteers, with which he served as Lieutenant and Captain for more than three years, and till honorably discharged in 1865. He participated in several engagements, especially at Port Hudson, Sabine Cross Roads, siege of Mobile, and Spanish Fort; and was twice seriously wounded, from the effects of which he never fully recovered. His bravery in action attracted the notice of his commanders and brought him offers of promotion, which he declined, preferring to remain with his comrades, who were warmly attached to him.

After his discharge from the army he resumed his studies, and graduated at Cleveland Homœopathic College in the spring of 1866.

After receiving his degree he commenced practice as a partner of his former preceptor, Dr. Benedict, who had, meanwhile, removed to Corning, Steuben County, New York. Subsequently he removed to Hammondsport, in the same county, and still later to Waverly, Tioga County. In each of these fields he was successful in gaining the confidence and support of a desirable clientele. In Waverly, where his last years were spent, he built up a large and remunerative practice. His death was sudden and unexpected, but his memory will long be held in honor by a grateful community. He was elected to this Institute in 1871, and was, besides, an active supporter and officer of several State and local societies, and an occasional contributor to the journals of our school. He married, in 1863, Miss H. A. Tompkins, of Sonora, New York, who, with her two children, are still living in Waverly.

Trans. Am. Inst. Hom. 1880.

CAIN, DANIEL BENTON

DANIEL BENTON CAIN, Evansville, Indiana, was born in Boonville, Warrick county, Indiana, November 6, 1863, son of Henry Harold and Eleanor Elizabeth (Hudson) Cain. He was graduated from the high school at Boonville and then pursued the teachers' course in the State Normal School at Terre Haute, Indiana. He first studied medicine under the direction of Dr. Wesley Wilson of Yankeetown, Indiana, and attended the Kentucky School of Medicine in 1892-3, winning his professional degree there, and his preceptor in homœopathy was Dr. Samuel L. Tyner of Boonville, Indiana. He practiced in Newburg, Indiana, from 1893 until 1897, and since that time has given his attention to general medical practice in Evansville. He has at different times been president, secretary and treasurer of the "Round Table" of Evansville, a local homœopathic medical society of which he is still a member. He also is a member of the Vanderburgh County Homœopathic Medical Society, the Indiana State and the American Médical associations, the Ohio Valley Medical Society, the Eagles, and of the Tribe of Ben Hur. He married Tillie Bell Hedges, February 10, 1889, and has two sons, Burtus and Howard Cain.

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CAINE, WILLIAM H

W. H. CAINE, M. D.

Dr. Wm. H. Caine, one of Minnesota's best known homœopathic surgeons died at the Lewis Surgical Home in this city, September 16th 1902. Dr. Caine was born May 10th 1854, at Ravenna, Ohio, and has been a resident of this state since 1860. He graduated from the Chicago Hahnemann College in 1877 and settled at Stillwater where he practiced until some six years ago. About nine years ago the Doctor suffered a fall from a horse and ever since has had more or less spinal and brain trouble which eventually culminated in his death.

Dr. Caine was an aggressive member of our State Institute one of the surgeons to the Minneapolis City Hospital and lecturer on Orthopedic Surgery at the University College of Homœopathic Medicine and Surgery. Beside a widow the doctor left three sons, all grown.

Minn. Hom Mag Sept 1902

CALDWELL, CHARLES SWAN

Born Mar 23 1880 at

Matriculated from Monongahela Pa Sept 27 1901. Graduated
May 14 1903. Member of Alumni Assoc. Freshman and Sophomore course
at Cleveland Homoeopathic College. Located at Swissvale, Pa.

CALDWELL, FRANK EDDY

FRANK EDDY CALDWELL, Brooklyn, New York, born New York city, February 27, 1858; literary education, Cornell University; graduated M. D., Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, 1880; a manager of Empire State Sons of the American Revolution.

Matriculated from Minneapolis Minna Sept 28 1878.
Graduated Mar 10 1880. Member Alumni Assoc. Located at
Brooklyn. Held J. C. Morgan Scholarship.

CALDWELL, WILLIAM

Dr. William Caldwell graduated at Harvard University in 1869; practiced in Summerville, Mass., for two years, and since then has practiced in Providence. (W.C.)

Ira C. Calef, M. D., died May 21, 1917, at Washington, Vermont. Dr. Calef had been a life-long benefactor of hospitals and charitable institutions. He was in his ninetieth year. Much of his life had been spent in Providence, R. I. Two years ago he made a gift of \$1,600 to institutions of Providence, including the Homeopathic Hospital; he had been a benefactor of Massachusetts hospitals.

Jl A I H July 1917

CALEY, JOSEPH MORSE

Born at Newtown Square, Del Co. Pa, Nov 2 1859. ~~Graduated~~
Matriculated from Newtown Sq. Sept 24 1887. Graduated Apr 4
1889. Member of Alumni Assoc. 2d course. Located at 1513
Green St. Phila. Friend's Central High School, Phila.

CALEY, SAMUEL

DR. CALEY, THE GOLD SEEKER, DROPS DEAD AT MT. HOLLY, N. J.

Discovered Instrument for Locating Precious
Metal and Long-Sought-For Captain
Kidd's Treasures.

MT. HOLLY, July 17 (Special).

Dr. Samuel Caley, a homoeopathic physician, dropped dead from apoplexy near his home, on Garden st., late last night. For a long time the doctor had had trouble with his heart, and he had predicted that he would drop dead. A widow and a daughter survive him.

Dr. Caley became infatuated with the prospects of getting rich in seeking gold. He caught the fever when he discovered that a colored man, named William Anderson, had invented a machine for locating the precious metal. The doctor thought it was just the thing, and he gave much of his time and attention to perfecting a better instrument than the one Anderson had turned out. Finally, he announced his success in this direction and he declared he held one that would draw you right up to a pile of gold or silver in short order. He saw visions of vast wealth, and, in consequence, his practice suffered, and finally he sold it out. After this he gave his whole attention to the finding of gold.

While in Bristol one day the doctor and William heard a story to the effect that a chest containing Captain Kidd's treasure had been discovered nearly thirty years ago by Albert Hoding, the father of Albert and James Hoding, who died about twelve years ago. The elder Hoding, according to the story, was making his way up the Delaware River in a boat in 1869 and dropped anchor in the channel opposite to what is now known as Roller's Wharf, a short distance below Eddington, to wait for a change of tide. When he went to weigh anchor, it took three men to pull the thing up.

They found that one of the flukes of the anchor had passed through an iron ring on the top of a brass-bound chest, which

they brought to the surface. When Hoding let go of the anchor rope to aid in making the chest fast to the boat its weight was so great that the other two men were unable to hold it, and it sank again to the bottom, became detached from the anchor and that was the last they saw of it.

This story excited William and the doctor. They were in the Delaware House, and from a room on the second floor William got a draw on something strong on the river. He was taken down the river and placed on the Pennsylvania shore, below Beverly. After walking along the river bank, he found that he was in range of the treasure. Going out in a boat, the needle dropped when he was directly over it. They put a drag hook on some rope, threw it overboard and caught the treas-

ure box immediately. The rope was then fastened to a tree, but six men could not budge it. Then divers were secured, with no better results. The scheme was finally abandoned.

Dr. Caley was persistent, and he made some people believe his treasure story. From them he secured financial assistance, and the money thus raised was sunk in North Carolina in an effort to get gold in paying quantities from fields that had been abandoned a long time ago. After losing everything, the physician came home, disgusted and penniless. He finally sold his farm and paid \$1,000 to his successor for permission to practice in this city again.

Bulletin, July 17 1901

Matriculated from West Chester
Pa. Oct 1 1876. Graduated
Mar 11 1878. Not a member of
Alumni Assoc. Located at Mt
Holly, N. J. Died at Mt Holly
July 16 1901 aet

CALHOUN, JOHN CHARLES

JOHN CHARLES CALHOUN, Allegheny, Pennsylvania, assistant laryngologist and otologist to Pittsburgh Homœopathic Hospital, was born in Lincoln township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, October 30, 1872, son of Moses Calhoun and Elsie Emma Amelia Mueller his wife. He acquired his earlier education in the public schools of the Fallowfield township, Washington county, Pennsylvania, and in the Third and Sixth ward public schools of Allegheny; he was educated in medicine in the medical department of the Western University of Pennsylvania, where he attended one year, and the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, where he came to the degree in 1897. Since graduating Dr. Calhoun has practiced in Allegheny, and in connection with professional work has served as assistant laryngologist and otologist to the Pittsburg Homœopathic Hospital, and also as member of the dispensary staff of that institution. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania and the Allegheny County Homœopathic Medical Society.

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CALISCH, ALEXANDER CHARLES

ALEXANDER CHARLES CALISCH, Oswego, New York, born Jersey City, New Jersey, January 29, 1871; graduated from the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, M. D. 1891; special nose and throat course, New York Ophthalmic Hospital, 1892-93; assistant surgeon 48th Separate Company, N. G. N. Y.; president Oswego County Homœopathic Medical Society; president Oswego Physicians' Association.

CALKINS, THOMAS T

My full name is

Thomas T Calkins

I graduated at *Berkshire* Medical College, in the year *1847*

My present address is *Hudson* county of *Columbia*

State of *New York* where I have resided since *1858*

Previous to that time I practised in *Wisconsin* *7* years, and *12*

I began to practise Homœopathy in the year *1858* at - - - - -

*years in
Copaohic
1874*

77 Calkins



CALVIN, WEBSTER

Born May 31 1881 at
Matriculated from Hollidaysburg Pa Oct 1 1900. Graduated
May 21 1904. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 408 2d Ave
Pittsburg, Pa.

Calvin, Webster, Hollidaysburg, Pa.; Hahnemann Medical College and Hos-
pital of Philadelphia, 1904; member of the Medical Society of the State of
Pennsylvania; served during the World War; aged 46; died, January 15, of
pneumonia. 1929.

CAMERON, ANSON MAYERS

Born at Millersburg. O. Mar 19 1874. Matriculated from
Millersburg, Oct 3 1896. Graduated May 17 1900..Member of
Alumni Assoc. Located at 239 North State St. Chicago.
Degree of B.L. & A. M. Bethany College, West Virginia.

CAMERON, HUGH

Obituary.

Dr. Hugh Cameron, died in Killin, in Perthshire, Sept. 20. He was an intimate friend and student of Dr. Quin, the founder of homœopathy in England, and one of the eight charter members of the British Homœopathic Society. He became a licentiate in the College of Surgeons in Edinburgh in 1831. As a practitioner he was a strict Hahnemannian, taking notes of every case he saw, whether at his home or visiting, devoting much time every night to elaboration of the brief notes he had made during the day, carefully studying his cases and verifying the accuracy of his prescriptions by comparison with his Materia Medica. It is said that these notes would fill many volumes. His devotion to the principles of Homœopathy have been transmitted to his grandson, Dr. Hugh Cameron, who, after graduating from Old Hahnemann, of Philadelphia, continued his studies in the Post-graduate school of Philadelphia, and is now thoroughly and honorably identified with the latter institution.

Hahn Advocate Nov 15 1897

CAMERON, HUGH ANGUS

Born at Dumfermline, Scotland 1869
Matriculated from Fife, Scotland, Sept 20 1893. Graduated
May 5 1896. Not member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 237 Grand St
Waterbury, Ct. He previously practiced for several years in
Phila. Was editor of the Homoeopathic Physician.

612 No. 7th St.
Phila. Pa.

July 12th 1901

Dear Doctor Bradford,

I saw Mr. Lockman here about the Farrington
Corp. Mat. Med. & he since sent me particulars of the
cost. He pointed out that the print was smaller than
the Journal and that in addition to the columns from the
smaller type would run the price up higher. The reprints
alone without binding would cost you \$30. If you think
you would like to take them at that price please
drop me a note. I have told Mr. Lockman to go on with
it as I will reprint the book. If you do not care
to have them I will take them over. —

Yours faithfully
Hugh A. Cameron

JOURNAL OF
...HOMOEOPATHICS

Dr. J. T. KENT, Editor
2009 Walnut Street
DR. H. A. CAMERON, Editor,
612 North 7th Street.

PHILADELPHIA,

Sept. 10th 189⁹ 19⁰⁰
189⁹ 19⁰⁰

Dear Doctor

Here it is - the latest
specific for hysteria. Can you match
the pattern in any old book? If you
can find a prescription containing the
dejecta of pigs a barn yard fowls,
you will have discovered the source
of this sewage-system medicine.

Yours faithfully
Cameron

JOURNAL OF
...HOMOEOPATHICS

Dr. J. T. KENT, Editor
2009 Walnut Street
DR. H. A. CAMERON, Editor,
612 North 7th Street.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 11th 1891

Dear Dr. Bradford,

You will find 2 spoiled
casts along with your 4 good
ones. I send them as you may
be able to make some use of them.
I have kept 2 like them.

Hope you will like the
copies. I think they are very
good.

Your share of the expense
is \$1.10. Would have come
up myself tonight & brought them
but have an engagement.
Yours Cameron

CAMERON, MALCOLM

MALCOLM CAMERON, Washington, D. C., born in Canada, September 5, 1845; medical education acquired in University of New York and Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, graduating with M. D. degree in 1881 from the latter institution; commenced practice, 1881, in New York city, and while located there served as physician to Ward's Island Hospital; later took a post-graduate course in the New York Post-Graduate School of Medicine.

Matriculated from New York City Oct 4 1880. Graduated Mar 10 1881. Member of Alumni Assoc. Was at University of New York. Took second regular course here. Located at 1905 I. St N.W Washington, D. C.

CAMPBELL, ALICE BOOLE

IN MEMORIAM.

Dr. Alice Boole Campbell died Dec. 31, 1908, at her home, 439 Putnam avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., of angina pectoris, after an illness of several months. She was born in New York City, March 3, 1835, graduated from Rutgers Institute at 18, was married at 19 to William Campbell, a graduate of Columbia College Law School. Four children were born of this union, three of whom survive her. Mrs. Campbell entered the New York Homeopathic College and Hospital for Women in 1873, graduating four years later, and moving to Brooklyn. Her husband died soon after and she has lived as a practicing physician in Brooklyn ever since. She was one of the first practitioners of medicine and the first to obtain admission to the County Medical Society. The society attempted to rescind its action in admitting her, offering to refund her dues, which she refused to receive, and cutting her off from all privileges, demanded her withdrawal simply on account of sex. She carried the case to the courts and obtained a verdict compelling the society to reinstate her.

She was one of the founders of the Eastern District Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary, and the Woman's Memorial Hospital of Brooklyn. She was on the governing board of the New York College and Hospital for Women, and consulting physician on the special staff of the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia, Pa. Her practice was extensive, covering not only the Borough of Brooklyn, but patients in large numbers consulted her from surrounding and distant states.

A woman of strong character, magnetic personality and rare attainments, she was respected and revered for her fearless and original mind by the members of her own profession and well known and loved by the poor as one of the most benevolent. Dr. Campbell was a strong suffragist, believing that women are capable of filling every important position in life.

Because women were not allowed as representatives to the conferences of the Methodist Episcopal Church, she withdrew from that denomination several years ago, informing the officials as to the motive for this action in the words of the immortal Samuel Adams: "Taxation without representation is oppression." Women and men from all points of the United States sent her commendatory letters, and she lived to see this injustice to her sex righted by the General Conference in 1906.

At the time of her death she was a member of the International Hahnemannian Association, the Alumni Association of the New York College for Women, the Brooklyn Hahnemannian Union and the Anti-Compulsory Vaccination Society. Dr. Campbell had been a member of various medical societies, but withdrew from several of them because of their partial or complete failure to adhere to the standards of Homeopathy as promulgated by its founder, Samuel Hahnemann. After a broad experience in applied therapeutics, she became convinced that the principle of dynamics underlying Homeopathy represented the only law of cure.—*Brooklyn Eagle. Med Advance Jan 1909*

CAMPBELL, CHARLES E

Name in full

Charles E. Campbell M.D.

P. O. Address in full

No 33. Third Ave

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

New York Homoeopathic College

CHARLES E. CAMPBELL, New York city, was born in Zimmeron, Province of Ontario, Canada, April 8, 1842, the son of John and Mary (Woolverton) Campbell, and is of Scotch descent. His early education was acquired under the preceptorship of Dr. Allen Woolverton of Hamilton, Dr. Jonathan Woolverton of Grimsby, and Dr. Dennis Campbell of Carlisle, Canada, and he also attended the Grimsby grammar school. He acquired his medical education in the New York Homœopathic Medical College, graduating in 1864. Dr. Campbell has been connected with the Homœopathic College Dispensary, physician to the Bond Street Dispensary (Fulgraff), Great Jones Street Dispensary and East Broadway Dispensary. In 1864 he was assistant surgeon in the United States army. June 15, 1871, he married Miss Eugenia Gillespie, and the following children have been born to them: Dr. James E. and Dr. Clarence W. Campbell.

King Vol IV

Clarence
CAMPBELL, ~~CLARENCE~~ T

Born at London, Ont. Dec 27 18~~4~~3. Matriculated from
London, Can W. Dec 15 1865. Graduated Mar 1 1866. Member
of Alumni Assoc. Held M. D. Degree. Cleveland Homoeopathic
College, 1865. Educated in London Public Schools. Located
at 327 Queen Ave, London, Ont.

CAMPBELL, CLOTAR T

Stratford Aug 2/74

The Health Journal runs to
five Nos & then was merged
into the Health department
of the London Weekly Advertiser.
It is not likely that a
complete set could be
obtained. I have only one
which I am keeping for my
self

C. S. Campbell

CAMPBELL, DUNCAN

Born at Caledonia, N Y. Nov 21 1866. Matriculated from
Caledonia N Y Sept 28 1892. Graduated May 2 1895. Member Alumni
Assoc. Graduate of Princeton College. Located at 130 South
Broad St, Woodbury, N. J. Lecturer on Medical Terminology at
Hahnemann Medical College of Phila.



C. M. Gilbert



*926 Chestnut St.
Phila.*

Dr. Duncan Campbell
130 South Broad Street
Woodbury, N. J.

7/2/02

Pemberton Dudley M D
Hahnemann College
Dear Doctor:

Your letter
just received and would
state that I have looked
up the matter in regard to
Mr. H. S. W. Hardwick and
find by my duplicate sheet
and also his original paper
that I gave him a mark
of 75. My error was prob-
ably made in copying from
the report which I have
to the one which I sent you.
I am sorry to have given you
this trouble and am glad
to make the correction.

Yours very truly
Duncan Campbell

CAMPBELL, EUGENE, M.D., of Fairfield, Iowa, was born in Fairfield, Iowa, in 1856.

After attending public school and graduated in high school, commenced the study of medicine with Dr. J. E. King. Attended two years at the New York Homœopathic Medical College and graduated with class of '78. First commenced practice in Batavia, Iowa, in March, 1878, and remained there until October,

1879. Moved then to Fairfield in 1880, was appointed Insane Commissioner by Hon. W. D. Lewis, Judge of District Court. In 1881 was appointed Secretary of the U. S. Pension Board. In 1882 was appointed lecturer on Pharmacology in Homœopathic Department Iowa State University, but the following summer, health failing from over work, resigned and went to Los Angeles, California, for a year, returning in August, 1883. Since then he has been in Fairfield, Iowa. The winter of 1890, went to London, England, and attended the clinical lectures at the Golden Square Throat and Lung Hospital. In 1879 was re-appointed U. S. Examiner on Pension Board and at present time president of the board. In April, 1892, attended the special course for Diseases of Nose, Chest and Ear at the Post Graduate School and Hospital of New York City.

In September, 1884, after an examination was appointed a member of the Resident Homœopathic Staff of the Wards Island Homœopathic Hospital, Ward Island, New York.

EUGENE CAMPBELL, Los Angeles, California, was born May 24, 1856, in Fairfield, Iowa, son of Joel E. and Anna E. (Crawford) Campbell. He was educated in his native place, at the public and high schools and also in a private school. His professional training was received at the New York Homœopathic Medical College, from which he received in 1878 the degree of M. D., his preparatory studies having been pursued under the guidance of Dr. J. E. King. In 1890 he took a post-graduate course at the Golden Square Throat, Lung and Ear Hospital, London, England, and in 1892 another course at the New York Post-Graduate School and Hospital. In 1884 he served as interne at the Ward's Island Hospital, and in 1878 began practice in Batavia, Iowa, where he remained one year. He then went to Fairfield and in 1893 moved to Los Angeles, where he has since engaged in general practice, giving special attention to diseases of the ear, nose and throat. In 1882 he was lecturer on pharmacology in the medical department of the Iowa State University, and for about eight years served as president and secretary of the board of United States pension surgeons. For ten years he held the office of commissioner of insanity for Jefferson county, Iowa. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the California State Homœopathic Medical Society and ex-member of the South-

ern California Homœopathic Medical Society, of which last named body he has served as secretary. He married, in 1879, Minnie Duer, and they have three children: Byron, Earl and Max Campbell.

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CAMPBELL, JAMES ALEXANDER

Dr. J. A. Campbell is a graduate of the Homœopathic Medical College of Missouri, class of 1868-69, and carried off the Valedictory and the Chemistry Silver Prize Medal. Was afterwards appointed Professor of Chemistry, which position he occupied two sessions. He soon conceived a desire for the specialty of eye and ear diseases, and accordingly embarked for Europe in the spring of 1872. He visited the hospitals of England, Ireland, and Scotland; he then crossed to the Continent and went to Paris and to Berlin, where he spent six months with the Berlin Faculty; then went to Dresden, thence to Prague, and on to Vienna, where, in the great Allgemein Hospital, he spent five months under the most celebrated lecturers in all Germany.

He then returned to Paris the second time and attended the cliniques of the great Wecker, then back to London, always receiving instruction from the chief oculists and aurists in whatever city he sojourned. After a year and a half's absence he returned to St. Louis, and immediately went to work on his specialty. He now holds the appointment of Oculist and Aurist to the Good Samaritan Hospital, is Chairman of the Bureau of Ophthalmology and Otology in the Western Academy of Homœopathy, and is in charge of the eye and ear clinic at the hospital dispensary, lecturing twice a week to the students during the sessions. Up to the time of his adopting the specialty we were compelled to patronize the old-school specialists and submit to their tender mercies.

JAMES ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, St. Louis, Missouri, was born in Platteville, Wisconsin, January 17, 1847, son of Dr. James Claiborn and Permelia Curnell (Oliver) Campbell. His paternal grandfather, William Campbell, born in Culpeper county, Virginia, and maternal grandfather, Durrett Oliver, born in Pittsylvania county, Virginia, were soldiers in the revolutionary war. His ancestors originally came from Scotland in the early part of the eighteenth century. Dr. Campbell was graduated from the St. Louis high school, with valedictorian honors, in June, 1867, pursued a post-graduate course in St. Louis University and took a private course in literature and languages. He also was graduated with valedictorian honors from the Homœopathic Medical College of Missouri, February 24, 1889, and took post-graduate courses in Berlin, Vienna and Paris in 1872-3, and again in 1878 and 1892. He engaged in general practice in St. Louis from 1869 until 1872, and since 1874 has made a specialty of diseases of the ear, eye, nose and throat. He has been oculist and aurist in the following institutions: Good Samaritan Hospital, 1873-1890; St. Louis Children's Hospital, 1879-1904; St. Louis Girls' Industrial Home; Charity Eye and Ear Clinic of the Homœopathic Medical College of Missouri, 1874-1904. He was professor of chemistry in the Homœopathic Medical College of Missouri in 1870; in St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons, 1871-2, and professor of ophthalmology and otology in the former from 1874 until 1904. He also

was treasurer of that institution ten years and president of its board of trustees from 1894 until 1904. Dr. Campbell was honorary commissioner from Missouri to the World's Fair at Vienna, Austria, in 1873, is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy since 1876; ex-member of the Western Academy of Homœopathy; honorary member of the Indiana Institute of Homœopathy; a member of the Missouri Institute of Homœopathy from its organization and its president in 1903; St. Louis Hahnemannian Club; St. Louis Writers' Club; Royal Arcanum; Legion of Honor; Masonic fraternity, in which he is a Knight Templar, and Sons of the American Revolution, being a member of the board of managers of the Missouri Chapter. He married Eva Burden, September 15, 1880, and their children are Roy Alexander, Marjorie Evelyn and Ralph Burden Campbell.

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PROF. JAMES A. CAMPBELL, M. D.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Supplement to
THE AMERICAN HOMEOPATHIST,
January 1, 1893.



James A. Campbell, M.D.



CAMPBELL, JOHN GEDFREY

Dec 21 1898

IO LEDGER-PHILADELPHIA

NEW JERSEY NEWS.

A DOCTOR'S SUICIDE ON BEING CHARGED WITH FORGERY.

**Burglars Operating in Camden
County—The Grippe May Close a
Factory—Mr. Bryan's Side of the
Story—Important Decision to Cor-
porations—News of the State in
Brief.**

Elmer, Dec. 20.—Dr. John G. Campbell, aged 30 years, shot himself through the heart at 4 o'clock this morning, and died three hours later. He was prominent in church and social circles, Master of Elmer Masonic Lodge and one of the Coroners of Salem county. He occupied a handsome residence built five years ago, and up to a year or more enjoyed an extensive practice. He was arrested at 2 o'clock this morning, as he was returning from a professional call, and taken before Mayor Hitchner, where Cashier W. Z. Flitcraft and Teller Isaiah Shinn, of the Woodstown National Bank, and William Kizer, Campbell's brother-in-law, charged him with forging the name of the latter to a promissory note for \$100, which came due a month ago. Dr. Campbell admitted the forgery, but said he meant no wrong; he had to have money, and expected to meet the note when it came due, but could not. He upbraided Mr. Kizer for allowing the matter to become public, and accused the bank men of seeking notoriety. The Mayor informed him that the offence was not bailable before him, and that he would have to send him to Salem Jail. The bank officers, the Marshal and the Mayor started down the stairway leading from the office when they heard two shots from a revolver in rapid succession. They rushed back to Campbell, and Marshal Sithens, reaching him first, seized his hand, in which he held the revolver. Campbell told him to let go, that the revolver was cocked and that he would pull the trigger. By this time the other men had reached him, and succeeded in wresting the weapon from him. They attempted to examine him, but he pushed them off, declaring that the bullets had not hit him, and as there were no visible evidences of injury, the Mayor and bank officers went home. Dr. Campbell asked to be taken home to

see his wife, which request being denied him, he reached for a pen and used it in such a way as to lead the Marshal to think he meant to puncture an artery in his wrist, and he took the pen away from him. The prisoner then lay down on a lounge in the office, and gave no evidence of pain until nearly 7 o'clock, when it was noticed that he was breathing heavily. Doctors A. B. Woodruff and J. P. Cheesman were summoned, and found him unconscious. A bullet hole in his left breast and his bloody undergarments showed that he had held the weapon under his coat when he fired. By 8 o'clock he was dead.

Matriculated from Elmer N J
Sept 30 1889. Graduated Apr 12
1892. Member of Alumni Assoc.
Located at Elmer N J. Died at
Elmer, Dec 20 1898 aet 30.

CAMPBELL, LOUISE E

LOUISE E. CAMPBELL, Detroit, Michigan, born Elbridge, N. Y., August 19, 1869; graduated from Monroe Collegiate Institute, Elbridge, and from Cleveland Medical College, 1894; physician to Woman's Homœopathic Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa., 1894-1897.



**CAMPBELL, MELANCTHON
WHEELER, M. D., of Troy, N.**

Y., was born in Washington county, in the same State, on November 9th, 1822. He is of Scotch descent, his grandfather on the paternal side being a Highlander. By the death of his father, Alexander Campbell, the subject of this sketch was left at the age of nine years to fight the battle of life for himself. He early chose the medical profession, and to the acquirement of the necessary education all his efforts were directed. His training, both academical and medical, was attained by his own unaided perseverance. He attended lectures at the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, from which he graduated on February 28th, 1853. He married in the following year.

Dr. Campbell began practice in Stillwater, Saratoga county, N. Y., where he remained until November, 1863, when he removed to Troy. In that city he has continued to reside, and enjoys a large and lucrative practice, in which he has been very successful.

He has never engaged in politics, nor sought or cared for any honors save those which come to him in the profession to which his life has been so worthily devoted. He is a member of the New York State Homœopathic Medical Society, and of the American Institute of Homœopathy. In 1871, he was commissioned as Surgeon of the 24th Regiment of the National Guard, a position he still holds. He is the first homœopathic physician in the State of New York to whom such a commission was ever given.

Considering the heavy disadvantages under which Dr. Campbell has labored, the immense obstacles he has had to surmount, the honorable position to which he has attained in a learned profession is sufficient evidence of the possession of more than ordinary powers of mind, and of remarkable courage and persistence. He is held in high estimation not only by the patients who have benefited by his services, but by his brethren in the profession, and most highly by those who have had the fullest opportunities for observing his career.

OBITUARY.

**Death of a Prominent Physician—A
Career of Energy and Benevolence.**

Dr. M. W. Campbell of this city died at 1:35 o'clock this morning at his residence, 1,832 Fifth avenue, in his seventy-second year. Monday, while on the round of his professional visits at Lansingburgh, he was stricken with apoplexy and fell unconscious from his sleigh. He was brought at once to his home by friends and was attended by a large number of his professional brethren of both schools of practice. It was at once concluded that his condition was critical. Although regaining consciousness sufficient to recognize his family and converse a little, he soon relapsed into unconsciousness and so continued until his death.

Melancthon Wheeler Campbell was born in Fort Edward, Washington county, November 9, 1822. He was of Scotch descent, his grandfather on the paternal side being a Highlander. His ancestors settled in Washington county, taking up lands held under grants from King George the Third, but which were lost by confiscation under Governor Clinton. His father's name was Alexander Campbell, who died when his son was only nine years old. Thus at an early age was he left an orphan, and with none to aid he started out to fight life's battle. He soon determined on the profession of his life, and to the accomplishment of this end he bent all his energies. Without friends, except as he made them, and without financial aid, except as he created it by his own efforts, he acquired an excellent academic education as the fruit of his patient labor on a farm until he was fifteen years of age and thereafter as a teacher in district schools. He entered the Cleveland homœopathic medical college at Cleveland, Ohio, from which he was graduated February 28, 1853. The lateness of his beginning his profession was due to the fact that his educational acquirements were conditioned upon his unaided efforts in securing means to that end. Dr. Campbell began at once the practice of medicine at Stillwater, N. Y. In the following year he married Adella Caroline, daughter of Peter and Sallie Schoonmaker of Stillwater, and sister of Malory D. Schoonmaker of Waterford and E. P. and J. E. Schoonmaker of this city. He continued the practice of medicine in

Stillwater until November, 1863, when he removed to Troy, where he had ever since resided and practiced his profession. He began his practice here at 49 Fourth street. In 1878 Mrs. Campbell died, and the blow was so crushing that his robust constitution seemed so broken in health succumb and he became so broken in health as to give little promise for recovery. By cessation from practice for a time, thus securing complete rest, and after treatment by eminent medical specialists, he regained his health and recovered much of his former robustness and thereupon resumed his practice.

In 1881 Dr. Campbell was married to Mrs. Cornelia R. Ridsen, widow of Robert M. Ridsen of Manistee, Mich., who survives him, as do three sons of his former marriage: Alexander V. Campbell, now a lawyer of New York city, Charles D. Campbell of this city and Dr. William M. Campbell of Cohoes, and one sister, Miss N. E. Campbell of Brooklyn, N. Y.

In his home life Dr. Campbell was highly favored, and he received his deepest enjoyment in being surrounded by those whose presence gave him comfort and happiness. He was also greatly endeared to his friends beyond the family circle. For these no sacrifices were too great. His noble heart went out with generous impulse to all with whom he was associated.

Dr. Campbell took a large interest in public affairs, local and national, but never engaged in political life nor sought public office. His voice was not silent in such matters, and he entertained strong and patriotic convictions, which he did not conceal. He had long been a member of the New York state homeopathic medical society, the American institute of homeopathy and the Albany county homeopathic medical society.

In 1871 Governor John T. Hoffman commissioned him surgeon of the twenty-fourth regiment of the national guard, state of New York. This was the first commission of such a character ever given to a homeopathic physician in the state of New York.

Dr. Campbell had for many years been a member of and worshiper at the Second Presbyterian church of this city, and at the time of his decease was a member of its board of trustees. He took a large and intelligent interest in all the affairs of the church, where his counsels will be greatly missed.

Dr. Campbell had attained a high position as a careful practitioner in his profession, and brought to bear in his work far more than the ordinary powers of mind. Although a member of the new school of medicine, he was broad and liberal in his practice and would not be hampered by any bigotry or exclusiveness, recognizing much in the other practice that he thought right and having the courage to practice it when his judgment demanded. He was therefore held in high esteem by many of both schools of practice, as is clearly attested by their attendance at his bedside when the fatal stroke came.

DIED.

CAMPBELL.—On Thursday, March 1, 1894, at his residence, No. 1832 Fifth avenue, this city, Melancthon Wheeler Campbell, M. D., in the 72d year of his age.
Funeral notice hereafter.

Dr. Campbell was notably a friend of the poor, and many will hold his name in blessed memory by reason of his faithful attentions when the expectation of any pecuniary gain to him was impossible. And during the present winter of severe distress the calls upon him have been numerous and onerous, yet he responded to them with such readiness and zeal that it is not improbable that he went beyond his powers of endurance, which fact contributed to the fatal attack. In his death this city loses one of its most faithful physicians, a patriotic citizen, a noble friend and a pure, generous and high minded man.

Troy Daily Times.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 1, 1894.

—Dr. M. W. Campbell, mention of whose death was made in yesterday's issue of the TELEGRAM, was born at Fort Edward, Washington county, November 9, 1822. His parents were Scotch and his ancestors settled in Washington county, on grants of land given by King George III. These lands were later confiscated by Governor Clinton. Dr. Campbell, who was left an orphan at an early age, decided upon entering the medical profession, and every energy was put forth in that direction. He acquired a good academic education and afterwards taught in district schools. He graduated from Cleveland, Ohio, Homeopathic college, February 28, 1853, and began the practice of medicine at Stillwater, N. Y. In 1854 he married Adelia Caroline Schoonmaker, a sister of M. D. Schoonmaker of Waterford and of E. P. and J. E. Schoonmaker of this city. In 1863 Dr. Campbell removed to Troy, where he has since followed his profession. Dr. Campbell's first wife died in 1876, and the blow had a crushing effect upon the health of the doctor. He took a needed rest and regained much of his health, and in 1881 was married to Mrs. Cornelia R. Ridsen of Manistee, Mich. Dr. Campbell took a great interest in local and national affairs. He was a member of the New York state homeopathic medical college, the American institute of homeopathy and the Albany county homeopathic medical society. Governor John J. Hoffman commissioned Dr. Campbell surgeon of the twenty-fourth regiment of the National guard in 1871. Dr. Campbell was a communicant at the Second Presbyterian church, and at the time of his death was one of the trustees. His reputation as a physician was of the highest. He was a friend to the poor and many there are who will miss him. The community has every reason to feel deep regret over his demise, as he was a faithful physician, a patriotic citizen and a good and true friend.

Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of New York.

W. M. L. FISKE, M. D., *President*, 484 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn.

JOHN L. MOFFATT, M. D., *Secretary*, 17 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn.

COMMITTEE ON MEDICAL LEGISLATION.

DR. GEO. E. GORHAM, *Chairman*, 160 Hamilton Street, Albany.

DR. H. M. PAINE, *Secretary*, 105 State Street, Albany.

DR. A. S. COUCH, Fredonia.

DR. J. MONTFORT SCHLEY, 1 East 42d Street, New York City.

DR. F. PARK LEWIS, 188 Franklin Street, Buffalo.

DR. M. O. TERRY, 196 Genesee Street, Utica.

DR. J. M. LEE, 89 Plymouth Avenue, Rochester.

DR. JAY W. SHELDON, 402 Warren Street, Syracuse.

DR. NATHANIEL ROBINSON, 435 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn.

ALBANY, N. Y., *June 3* 1894

Dr H. M. Smith

JUN 4 1894

Dear Sir, Have you received
a notice and biographical sketch of
the late Dr M. H. Campbell, of Troy?
If you have not, a very suitable obituary
is published in the Troy Times of March 1st.

Dr Campbell was a member of the
Institute and was a Senior.

Yours

H. M. Paine

Name (in full) Melanton W. Campbell
Date and Place of Birth Nov 9/22 Wash. Co N.Y.
If Graduate in Liberal Arts. No

Medical Studies. Yes.

a. Name and Residence of preceptor

Dr. Lewis Fort Lyon, N.Y.

b. Medical Colleges attended and when.

Cleveland, Ohio (Homoeopathic)

c. College and Date of Diploma.

Cleveland, Spring of '53

Places and Dates of Practice.

Stillwater, N.Y. '53 to '63

Fry " '63 " '87

REMARKS:

Professional, political, or civil positions held, papers or reports written, or special work done.

County Jail physician, the only homoeopath ever appointed in this County
Surgeon 24th Regiment N.Y.S. N.Y.
(I was informed by the surgeon general that I was the first homoeopath ever having been appointed that position in this state)

MELANCTHON WHEELER CAMPBELL, M.D.,

Was born at Fort Edward, Washington county, N. Y., November 9, 1822. His Scotch ancestors took up land under a grant of George III., and settled in Washington county. This was confiscated by Gov. George Clinton during the revolution. The doctor's father, Alexander, died when he was nine years old. He worked on a farm until he was fifteen when having acquired an academic education, he taught in district schools. He studied medicine with Dr. Dio Lewis at Port Byron, attended lectures at the Western College of Homoeopathic Medicine at Cleveland and was one of the graduates of the third session, 1853.

He began practice at Stillwater, Saratoga county, N. Y. where he remained ten years, removing thence to Troy where he continued in practice until his death, March 1, 1894. He married in 1854 Adelia Caroline, daughter of Peter Schoonmaker, who died in 1878. In 1881 he married Mrs. Cornelia R. Risen, widow of Robert M. Risen, of Manistee, Mich., who survives him as do three sons, Alexander V., a lawyer in New York, William M., a physician in Cohoes, N. Y., and Charles D. of Troy.

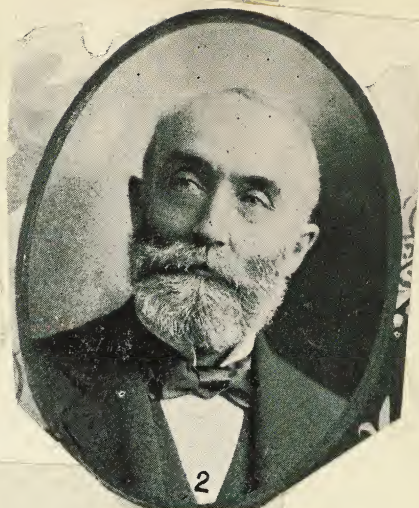
For several years Dr. Campbell held the appointment of physician of the county jail, and in 1871 was appointed by Governor Hoffman surgeon of the Twenty-fourth Regiment, N. G., S. N. Y. He joined the Institute in 1858 in Brooklyn, and while a frequent attendant took no very active part in the proceedings.

(Am. Inst. Hom. 1894,

CAMPBELL, MERRITT BATES

Dr. M. B. Campbell, of Clairemont, California, has been spending some weeks with his old friends in Chicago and Joliet. The Doctor is looking very well and speaks very highly of the climate of California.

New Remedies, Nov. 1892.



Jl A I Hom Feb 1912

Dr. Merritt B. Campbell died at his home at Hebur, Cal., December 1st, 1911, aged 69. The cause of his death was chronic nephritis. Dr. Campbell graduated from the Harvard University Medical School in 1866, going from there to Joliet, Ill., where, for twelve years, he was physician and surgeon in the state penitentiary.

He served as a medical cadet in the United States Army and for eleven years was superintendent of the Southern California State Hospital for the Insane, at Patton. He was a former President of the Illinois and the California State Homœopathic Medical Societies and was a Senior member of the Institute, having joined in 1874. For a number of years he had been practicing in Los Angeles, making a specialty of nervous, mental and chronic diseases, but had recently relinquished his work and was enjoying a well-earned rest at his suburban home. He was a loyal homœopath, and ever active in its cause, a man of high character. Dr. Campbell will be missed by the profession. He leaves one son, Dr. Robert E. Campbell, and three daughters.

Fac C Jl
Hom Jan
1912

DR. M. B. CAMPBELL died at Heber, Cal., December 1st, aged 69 years. Dr. Campbell has for a number of years suffered from chronic nephritis and in the last few months had failed rapidly. Merritt Bates Campbell, M. D., was born in Williston, Vermont, November 29, 1843. Graduated from Harvard Medical School, 1866. Practices in Rutland in 1866; in Willmington, Ill., 1867-1875; Joliet, Ill., 1875-1891; in Southern California since 1891. For twelve years medical officer of the Illinois State Penitentiary at Joliet; Superintendent Southern California State Asylum at Highlands for eleven years; ex-president of the Illinois State Homœopathic Medical Society and of California State Homœopathic Medical Society. For past three years a resident of Imperial Valley, where he went on account of failing health. Was married June 16, 1869. Mrs. Campbell died in October, 1902. Dr. Campbell leaves a son, Dr. Robert A. Campbell, and three daughters, to mourn his loss. He was held in the highest esteem as a man and a physician by all who knew him, and his loss is a personal one to many people in all parts of the country.

CAMPBELL, STEPHEN

Born At Woodbury N J Sept 10 1883. Matriculated from
Woodbury Graduated June 3 1915
Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Woodbury N. J. Educated at
Phila High School. Brown Preparatory School. Two years at
Princeton University

CAMPBELL, WILLIAM F

Matriculated from Media Pa, Oct 4 1880. Graduated Mar 14 1882
Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Media. Took post
graduate course. Graduate University Penna 1880.

ARTHUR A. CAMP, M.D.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

It is with peculiar regret that we record the decease of this young and talented member of our profession, upon whose zeal, genius and learning so many anticipations of future success were built.

Dr. Arthur Camp was born in Hoboken, N. J., in 1855. He was the son of the Rev. Norman W. Camp, D.D., a distinguished clergyman of the Episcopal Church, now of Washington, D. C., and his literary and classical education was chiefly pursued in the celebrated school established by Bishop Hopkins at Burlington, Vt. His medical studies were followed according to the curriculum of the New York Medical College, from which he graduated in 1877.

The following year he made a prospecting tour to the West, and finding what he thought an inviting field in Minneapolis, resolved to locate in that attractive and thriving city. Having so determined, he returned to the East and was there married in August, 1878, to Miss Mary P. Walton, at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and with his wife removed permanently to Minneapolis. In a short time he became popular with the people and was cordially received by the profession.

His active and impulsive nature soon found opportunity for its exercise in the interest of medical science and especially in homœopathy, in the West. He was a busy man in the societies and institutions of his adopted city and state. His energy and enthusiasm were contagious, and his example served as an incentive and stimulus to many others. Quite early in his career he was elected President of the Minnesota State Institute of Homœopathy, and afterwards served for two years as Secretary. He was greatly interested in the improvement of the Homœopathic Materia Medica and elaborated an improved system of co-operation in provings by the different State societies, which, after explanation by him at the Deer Park session of the American Institute, was approved and adopted by this Society.

It is to be regretted that he had not the opportunity of assisting in the working out of the method he with so much labor and trouble prepared.

After practicing seven years with a success rarely attained by a young man, however gifted, in so brief a time, Dr. Camp came to the determination to give up the practice of his laboriously acquired profession. The reasons for this sudden change of purpose do not readily appear; but for the last three years of his life he was occupied with other business. He retained, however, his wonted love for study

CAMP, ARTHUR A



and continued to be, during the brief remainder of his life, a close observer of the progress of science and discovery.

The death of Dr. Camp was entirely unexpected. On the 9th of April last, after a day of much important business, he went to his house complaining of feeling ill. Said he had eaten something that had disagreed with him. After temporary relief he became worse in the evening, and about eleven o'clock suddenly expired. No evidences of poison being discovered, the fatal attack was attributed to heart failure. His remains were interred at Saratoga, N. Y. His family consists of a widow, a daughter and two sons, the youngest two years of age.

Resolutions expressive of the strong recognition of his many admirable qualities of heart and mind, his integrity of character and his genial and friendly manners were adopted by the Homœopathic physicians of Minnesota in their several societies.

A. I. H. 1888

CAMP, H. W.

Mr. H. W. Camp began practice in Owego, after a course of study with Dr. Lovejoy, somewhere about 1849 or 1850, and continued till his death in 1874.

World's Conven. 1876. V. 2.

CAMPOS, CARLOS de Jr



Carlos De Campos, Jr., M. D., Sao Paulo, Brazil. Dr. De Campos was a graduate of Hahnemann of Philadelphia, 1917. He died suddenly September 11th after a short illness, while waiting for a boat to return home. His sudden death is a distinct loss to the medical profession of Brazil. JI A I R Dec 1917

Va.
About 1838 F. T. Campos, M.D., arrived in Norfolk, and about 1839 commenced the practice of homœopathy. He is reported to have graduated in medicine at Lisbon, in Portugal, and to have practiced several years in Brazil. Though not trained to homœopathy, he proved to be a very skilful practitioner. He made some splendid cures and enjoyed an enviable reputation, both as a man and physician, and was actively engaged in the treatment of epidemic yellow fever in Norfolk during the summer and autumn of 1855. I have been unable to obtain any statistics of his success in the treatment of this fatal disease. He died in 1857. (W. C.)

CANADY

Located at Hagerstown, Ind. about 1876.

Nathan F. Canaday, M. D., age 72, of Hagerstown, Indiana, died January 5th, 1917, at the home of his son, Dr. C. E. Canaday, in New Castle, Indiana.

Jl A I H
Mar 1917

Dr. Canaday graduated from the Cleveland Homeopathic College in 1870, but had previously attended the Eclectic College of Cincinnati. He located in Hagerstown January 8th, 1869, and remained there in active practice until the time of his death, having gone to the home of his son for a brief visit December 24th, 1916, and never being able to return to his home. He has been a member of the American Institute since 1913. C. E. C.

Nathan F. Canaday, Hagerstown, Ind.

Born, 1845.

Died, Jan. 5, 1917.

Graduated from Cleveland Homeopathic College, 1870.

Member of Institute since 1913.

Member of his state society.

"His was a fine personality."

Jl A I H Aug 1917

CANDEE, J WILLIS



J. WILLIS CANDEE, M. D.,
Syracuse, N. Y.

JAMES WILLIS CANDEE, Syracuse, New York, was born in Binghamton, New York, October 12, 1855, son of James G. and Mary F. (Ackerman) Candee, descended in paternal line from French Huguenots and in maternal from Holland Dutch ancestors. He attended public and private schools at Rochester, New York, until 1869, then public schools at Syracuse and the Syracuse high school, 1871-74, when he abandoned his intention of attending college and entered business. He spent a year in the medical department of Syracuse University and two years in the New York Homœopathic Medical College, being graduated in 1879. He has since practiced in Syracuse, New York, as a partner of Dr. J. W. Sheldon. He is consulting physician to the Syracuse Homœopathic Hospital; trustee of the Syracuse Homœopathic Free Dispensary; state medical examiner, 1894-1906; secretary of the state board of homœopathic medical examiners from 1894, being examiner in anatomy six years and since that time in obstetrics. He served eight years as health commissioner of Syracuse and for several years was Republican general committeeman for the sixth ward of Syracuse. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the New York State Homœopathic Medical Society, member and ex-president of the Onondaga County Homœopathic Medical Society,

member of the Medico-Chirurgical Society of Central New York, the alumni association of the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, Syracuse Citizens' Club, Masonic Temple Club, University Hill Golf Club, Beaver River Club (Adirondacks), Central City Lodge No. 305, F. & A. M., Central City Chapter No. 70, R. A. M., Central City Council, R. & S. M., Central City Commandery, K. T., Central City Consistory and Ziyara Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S. Dr. Candee married, October 14, 1885, Emily M. Copley, and had two children, Willis Louis (died in infancy) and E. Rosalind Candee.

King Vol IV

CANFIELD, CORRESTA T., M.D., of Chicago, was born March 6, 1833, at Chardon, Ohio.

Her first schooling was that ordinarily received during younger years, later she attended an academy at Chardon. Mrs. Canfield commenced the study of medicine in 1868 and graduated from the Woman's Medical College in Cleveland, Ohio, in the year 1871. Not satisfied with this she graduated the next year from the Homœopathic Hospital College, of Cleveland. The ad eundem degree was afterward conferred by the Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago.

Dr. Canfield is a member of the Woman's Medical Society, the Clinical Society of Hahnemann Hospital of Chicago, Illinois State Society and the American Institute of Homœopathy.

The Doctor practiced medicine in Titusville, Pennsylvania, for ten years and then came to Chicago, where she has practiced eleven years. She has been very successful in her parish on the North side.



Mrs. C. T. Canfield graduated at the Woman's Medical College at Cleveland in 1871; began to practice at Fort Wayne, Ind., but remained there only six months, and then returned to Cleveland, and graduated from the Homœopathic Hospital College of Cleveland in 1872; then removed to Titusville, and purchased the office and practice of Drs. H. D. and Sara B. Chase. The lady has been very successful in her treatment, and has a large practice. (W.C.)

W.C.

DR. C. T. CANFIELD,
244 LINCOLN AVE.

Chicago, May 22 1894

Henry M. Smith M.D.
New York

MAY 25 1894

Dear Doctor
The enclosed slip
is all I can find concerning
Dr. Hafforn. If you will write Dr.
J. S. Hoyle 1833 Indiana Ave. I
think he can give you the desired
information.

Sincerely yours
C. T. Canfield

CANFIELD, GUY MORTIMER

GUY MORTIMER CANFIELD, Detroit, Michigan, born Detroit, November 20, 1872; educated Albion College; graduated, Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, 1894.

March 17th 93.

Dear Doctor,

I am struggling
with a report of the Progress
of Medical Science through
Homoeopathy for the World's
Convention. I have your
Bibliography but would you
kindly answer these questions
What Homoeopathy has made
a discovery in Therapeutics
Chemistry Surgery &c?

What Homoeopathy has made
an invention of recognized
value?

Yours fraternally
Martha A. Canfield M.D.

JL A I H
AUG 1917

Martha A. Canfield, Cleveland, Ohio.

Born, 1845.

Died, Sept. 3, 1916.

Graduated from Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College, 1875.

Member of Institute since 1905.

Member of her state society, and "president and one of the organizers of the Women's and Children's Dispensary and later of the Woman's Hospital Association."

She has been called "Dean of women physicians." "Her motto and her life was *service to mankind* and her dream and greatest ambition the founding of a hospital where those in moderate circumstances could receive the same skill and scientific care" as those in more fortunate circumstances. In the Women's Hospital of Cleveland is doubtless "a monument to her memory for years to come."

CANNON, GEORGE EPPS

GEORGE EPPS CANNON, Jersey City, New Jersey, was born in Carlisle, South Carolina, July 7, 1869, son of Barnett G. and Mary (Tucker) Cannon. He attended Brainard Institute, 1880-1882; Charlotte (North Carolina) public schools, 1883-1886, and was graduated A. B. from Lincoln University, June 3, 1893. His professional education was acquired in the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital from which he graduated May 4, 1900, and on the 4th of July following began practice in Jersey City. Dr. Cannon is a member of the New Jersey State Homœopathic Medical Society, and Progressive Lodge, No. 35, B. P. O. E. He married Genevieve P. Wilkinson, April 10, 1901, and their children are George Dows Cannon and Gladys Wilkinson Cannon.

~~King Vol. IV~~

CANNON, J M WILSON

Born in Westmoreland County Pa 1851
Matriculated from Waukesha, Wis. Sept 31 1876. Graduated
Mar 11 1878. Member Alumni Assoc. Secondary School Located at
Cameron, Mo. then at Kidder, Mo.

CANO, BERNARDO A

Born at

Apr 4 1884

Matriculated from Merida, Yucatan, Sept 24 1903. Graduated
May 26 1908. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Calle 62
Num. 521 Meida, Yucatan, Mexico.



A NUTE, T. RIKER, M. D., of Chicago, Ills., was born in Strafford county, N. H., March 22d, 1820. He is of Norwegian ancestry, and a lineal descendant of King Canute. The colonial records of New England show that the name was written by the first settlers in orthographic conformity to the name of their illustrious progenitor, Canute; that subsequently—presumably for brevity of record—its first syllable was occasionally and after a time constantly dropped, and by this means the current corruption (Nute) became substituted for the original, which he corrects in part by restoring to its place the discontinued syllable (Ca) as a prefix.

He is the grandson of Captain Andrew Nute, of New Hampshire, who served his country with credit to himself and his posterity in the war of the revolution, and son of the late James Nute, of the same State, who was a gallant and loyal officer in the war of 1812.

He was fitted for College at Gilmanton Academy, N. H., and graduated at that institution with the class of 1844, to enter the classic halls of Dartmouth a year in advance; but was prevented from doing so by ill health, and, as a consequence, he never completed his proposed collegiate course.

In 1846, he commenced the study of medicine with T. H. Jewett, M. D., of South Berwick, Me., who was subsequently appointed to the chair of Theory and Practice of Medicine at Bowdoin College. In the summer and fall of 1849, he attended his first course of medical lectures at Dartmouth College; in the winter of the same year he availed himself of Professor Benjamin Rush Palmer's private course of instruction at Woodstock, Vt. In the following spring and early summer he attended a second public course at the Vermont Medical College, at Woodstock, Vt., and at the semi-annual examination at Dartmouth College for 1850, he presented himself and received the diploma of that institution by the unanimous vote of its faculty.

In August, 1850, he was married to Mary Chamberline, of Alton, N. H., and, as an

allopathic physician, immediately commenced professional life at Roxbury, Mass., now Boston Highlands. He was early elected a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, also of the Norfolk County Medical Society, and held these positions until 1858. At that time he renounced all belief in the doctrines of old school medicine, and adopted the principles and theory of the homœopathic system. This was a step taken at the demand of conscience after eight years of demoralization consequent upon the crudities, contradictions, absurdities and failures of the dominant system at the bedside of the sick. His sense of justice to the profession of medicine led him to embrace a method of practice more in harmony with nature. Up to the time of his investigation of the system of homœopathy he had no knowledge of the science, and had always heard the school mentioned with contempt and ridicule.

In the autumn of 1858, he commenced the practice of homœopathy in Roxbury, where he remained until May, 1867, when, owing to injurious climatic influences, he, relinquishing a large and lucrative practice, removed to Chicago, Ills., where he has since been established in the general practice of medicine and surgery.

He is a member of the State and city organizations of the Hahnemann school of practice and of the American Institute of Homœopathy. During twenty-three years of city practice his experience has been most varied, and his success as a practitioner marked.

During his residence in Roxbury he occupied, for fourteen years, a seat in the Board of Education, and throughout one year a seat in the City Council of the city. He has also held many other important and honorable positions, which need not here be enumerated. He has occasionally contributed to the medical literature of the day, and always when anything new to the profession, and of apparent interest, attracted his notice.

While a man of eminent talent and pronounced ability in the profession of his adoption, he is nevertheless, in character and disposition, modest and retiring, leaving the faithful labor of his life to attest his true merit.

CAPEN, S. R.

Hopkinton.

—S. R. Capen, M. D., a graduate of New York Homœopathic medical college and hospital, formerly of Swampscott, Mass., has opened an office at Hayden Rowe.

Milford, (Mass) Journal
12.5.1892.

CAPEN, JOHN LEMUEL

PHRENOLOGICAL OFFICE

—OF—

JOHN L. CAPEN, M.D.

SPECIALIST IN THE STUDY OF THE HUMAN CONSTITUTION
IN REFERENCE TO THE MIND.

We may learn a lesson in character reading from the present war with Spain.

There are three varieties of courage running into each other in a measure and yet each distinct.

The first and most important for practical work is what may well be called "Physical Courage." It is sustained by good health, easy digestion, large lungs, a strong heart and good muscles, together with a full development at the base of the brain.

A man thus organized may value life and cherish it with good care; but he is not nervous and will put so much energetic attention into the work in which he is engaged that, like Marshall Ney, he will not "have time to think of fear."

Admiral Dewey is a fine specimen of this variety.

It does not appear that the Spanish in general have this condition in any marked degree, while some of them appear to be greatly deficient.

The second variety of courage may be called "Personal Courage," and is represented by an active nervous system and a high crown of the head. Persons thus endowed are very capable of talking, they are proud and ambitious and can hardly be convinced that they are in error. Their pride may give them a great show of courage; but the cool self-control that makes a good fighter, either as a sharp-shooter or as a swordsman, is not given by these conditions alone. In a few cases of the very strongly marked bilious temperament there has been great and effective bravery with a slender base of the head, such as seem very common among the Spanish. In the Spanish temperament there appears to be more of the nervous, than of the positive and the strong. Admiral Dewey has undoubtedly a high crown to his head, and therefore to physical courage he adds personal courage and bravery, though it cannot be so well observed in the direct photographic views.

A third and very important variety is that of "Moral Courage." This is not likely to be universally appreciated in time of war, yet, even then, it may be the most effective of all in the long-run. Its Phrenological signs are: a bright face, to show that the brain is clear and active; a well-developed forehead and top head, and the two varieties above may often add to its efficiency. The nation that makes war regardless of justice, or that offends the moral sense of its own people, or of the intelligent nations, will be sure to be a loser in the end.

Those who believe that war is at all times and under every condition wrong are placed in trying circumstances when war prevails and they are called upon to exercise the highest form of courage.

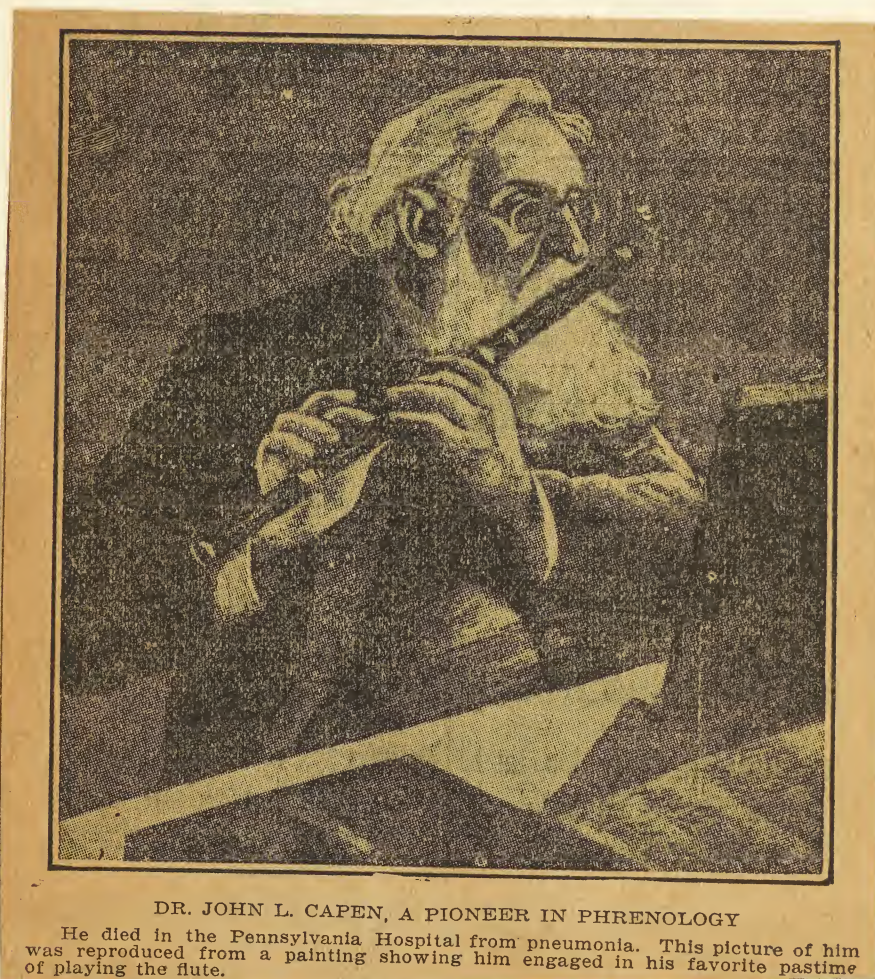
JOHN L. CAPEN, M. D.

PRACTICAL PHRENOLOGIST

907 ARCH STREET

PHILA.

Second Story Front Room



DR. JOHN L. CAPEN, A PIONEER IN PHRENOLOGY

He died in the Pennsylvania Hospital from pneumonia. This picture of him was reproduced from a painting showing him engaged in his favorite pastime of playing the flute.

PHRENOLOGICAL OFFICE

OF

JOHN L. CAPEN, M. D.

**Specialist in the study of the Human Constitution
in reference to the Mind.**

A thorough knowledge of one's self is of the first importance to everybody, but particularly to the young who have to make their own way in the world. There are many persons who learn something of themselves and of life by the bitter experience of failure, resulting in mortification and discouragement from which they might have been saved by a faithful Phrenological delineation.

Every healthy young man having common sense is able to earn a good living, did he but know how to direct his efforts; but many waste years of time in trying to find a place to which they are adapted and never make complete success.

In the Phrenological selection of a profession or trade, the health, ambition and remuneration must be considered, together with everything that will direct one to the position in which he will, all things considered, enjoy the best success, and in which he may make the best approximation to a full development of his higher nature.

Nothing comes so directly to the assistance of parents in the education and training of their children and the improvement of their minds and characters, as Phrenology. It points out the causes of many defects for which there are ready remedies and it makes their management more easy and often removes the misunderstanding that has made a well-intentioned government appear to the child like tyranny. Phrenology will throw a light upon the motives and disposition of a child that will frequently put an end to all needless fear and anxiety. The degree to which a child may be depended upon for self-government may be greatly enlarged when its nature is well understood.

Private instruction in the science and practice of Phrenology will be given at times to suit the student.

Catalogues of the prices of examinations, oral or type-written with advice on the choice of occupation and other Phrenological questions, and books and magazines may be had at the office.

JOHN L. CAPEN, M. D.
PRACTICAL PHRENOLOGIST

Second Story, Front Room

907 ARCH ST., PHILA.

DR. CAPEN, A PIONEER PHRENOLOGIST, DEAD

Wife Ill From Nursing Him
During a Pneumonia
Attack.

HE LOVED PHILADELPHIA

While his wife was lying ill, worn out by nursing him, Dr. John L. Capen, one of the pioneers of phrenology in this part of the country, died late on Sunday night in the Pennsylvania Hospital from pneumonia.

With his death passes out of existence one of the most rugged characters that this city has known in many years. A friend of such men as Walt Whitman and Dr. Longshore, the father of Mrs. Rudolph Blankenburg, the dead phrenologist in his time has examined the heads of the most prominent persons in this city.

For the past twelve years, reduced in fortune, Dr. Capen has lived in rooms at 907 Arch street, and, with the occasional practice of medicine, has earned his living by phrenology.

Began as a Carpenter.

Dr. Capen was 83 years old. He was born in Dorchester, Mass., and learned the trade of carpenter. When he was 22 years old he met with a physical disability, and turned his attention to phrenology.

He came to this city in 1856, and for more than a score of years earned considerable money, which he spent with a lavish hand in individual charity cases that came to his attention. About thirty years ago he was graduated from Hahnemann Medical College.

Apart from his business, one of his most intense passions was the love of music. He played the violin and flute incessantly, and so fond was he of the latter that he had his portrait painted while playing.

Devoted to Philadelphia.

Dr. Capen was connected with some of the wealthiest families of Boston, but his love for Philadelphia was so great that he could not be induced to make his home in that city. For a year he had been affected by paralysis of the throat, which made speaking difficult and interfered with his practice.

A few weeks ago he took pneumonia, and it was while attending to him that his wife became ill.

DR. JOHN L. CAPEN.

Famous Old Phrenologist Succumbs in His 83d Year.

Dr. John L. Capen, of No. 907 Arch street, famous as a phrenologist, died yesterday in the Pennsylvania Hospital, of pneumonia. He was in his eighty-third year, and had been in comparatively good health until about two weeks ago, when he contracted a heavy cold, which developed into pneumonia. He leaves a widow. Dr. Capen was born in Dorchester, Mass., and in his early years was a carpenter. Then he took up phrenology, in which he became very well known. At the age of 45 he decided to study medicine, and came to Philadelphia, entering Hahnemann College. He began the practice of medicine at the age of 48, and soon overcame the disadvantage of his years. But phrenology was his hobby, and he examined the heads of scores of thousands of persons, achieving a wide success by his skill in reading character.

JOHN O. CAPEN.

one of the oldest phrenologists in this country, died yesterday from pneumonia in the Pennsylvania Hospital. He was eighty-three years old, and had been in poor health several months. His wife had cared for him at their home, 907 Arch st., until a week ago, when she became ill. Mr. Capen was a native of Dorchester, Mass., where he began the study of phrenology. He was the eldest son of an officer in the Revolutionary Army. He came to this city in 1856.

Born Dorchester, Mass

Matriculated from Phila Oct
1873. Graduated Mar 10 1875.
Member of Alumni Assoc. Died at
Phila Apr 24 1895 aet 83. Located
at Phila.

n. American Apr 25/05.

CAPEN, THOMAS ALLYN

CAPEN, THOMAS A., M.D., was born in Wrentham, Massachusetts, on the 12th of June, 1845.

His education was received in the public schools in Taunton, and later in the well-known Massachusetts Agricultural College at Amherst.

During the last year of the late war Thomas served over eleven months in the American merchant marine service. He commenced the study of medicine in Taunton, Massachusetts, in the year 1869, with Dr. Ira Barrows. He entered a medical college in the year 1870 and graduated at the Hahnemann of Philadelphia on the 11th of March, 1872.

The Doctor was married June 4, 1877.

Dr. Capen practiced medicine in the city of Fall River, Massachusetts, for sixteen years and in the city of New York three years. He is well known in both New York and Massachusetts as a thorough student and conscientious physician. He is a member of the New York State Homœopathic Medical Society.

Matriculated from Taunton Mass, Oct 17 1870. Graduated Mar 11 1872. Member of Alumni Assoc.

Holmes Commercial College 1875

Located at 708 Pleasant St Fall River, Mass. Practiced three and a half years in New York City

THOMAS A. CAPEN, Fall River, Massachusetts, born Wrentham, Mass., June 12, 1845; student at Massachusetts Agricultural College, Amherst; graduated, Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, 1872.

Capen, Thomas Allyn, Fall River, Mass.; Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, 1872; aged 82; died, March 27, at the Fall River General Hospital, of shock, following an operation for prostatic obstruction. 1928.

CAPRON, C GRAY

Born at Utica, N Y. June 16 1867. Matriculated from
Utica Sept 30 1887. Graduated Apr 2 1890. Member of
Alumni Assoc. Public Schools. Hasbrook's Military
Academy, Ossinoming N Y. Located at 1 Hopper St Utica, N Y

CARD, DAVID C

Name in full

David C Card M.D.S.S.

P. O. Address in full

Wittinsauke Conn

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

University N. Y.

Junior College M.D.

J LOPES CARDOZO

J. LOPES CARDOZO, M.D.
635 ST. MARKS AVE.
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

TELEPHONE 1573-W BEDFORD

OFFICE HOURS

8 TO 10 A. M.
12 TO 1, 6 TO 7.30 P. M.
SUNDAYS BY APPOINTMENT

Oct. 25 - 1909

Editor Homeop. Recorder.

Dear Sir.

Will you kindly take notice, and also make mention of that fact in your journal, that I have removed my residence and office as per the enclosed card, and oblige

Yours

J. Lopes Cardozo
M.D.

CARDWELL, ALVIRA J

Alumni Resolutions on the Death of Doctor Cardwell.

WHEREAS, By the divine dispensation of the Alwise Father, we are called to mourn the loss of our well-beloved sister and colleague, Dr. Alvira J. Cardwell. Therefore be it

Resolved, That we, the members of the Alumni Association of the Denver Homeopathic College, tender to her bereaved parents and relatives our heartfelt sympathy and condolence in this our mutual loss. Be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be presented to her family, and that a copy be placed upon the records of the Association, also that they be published in THE CRITIQUE.

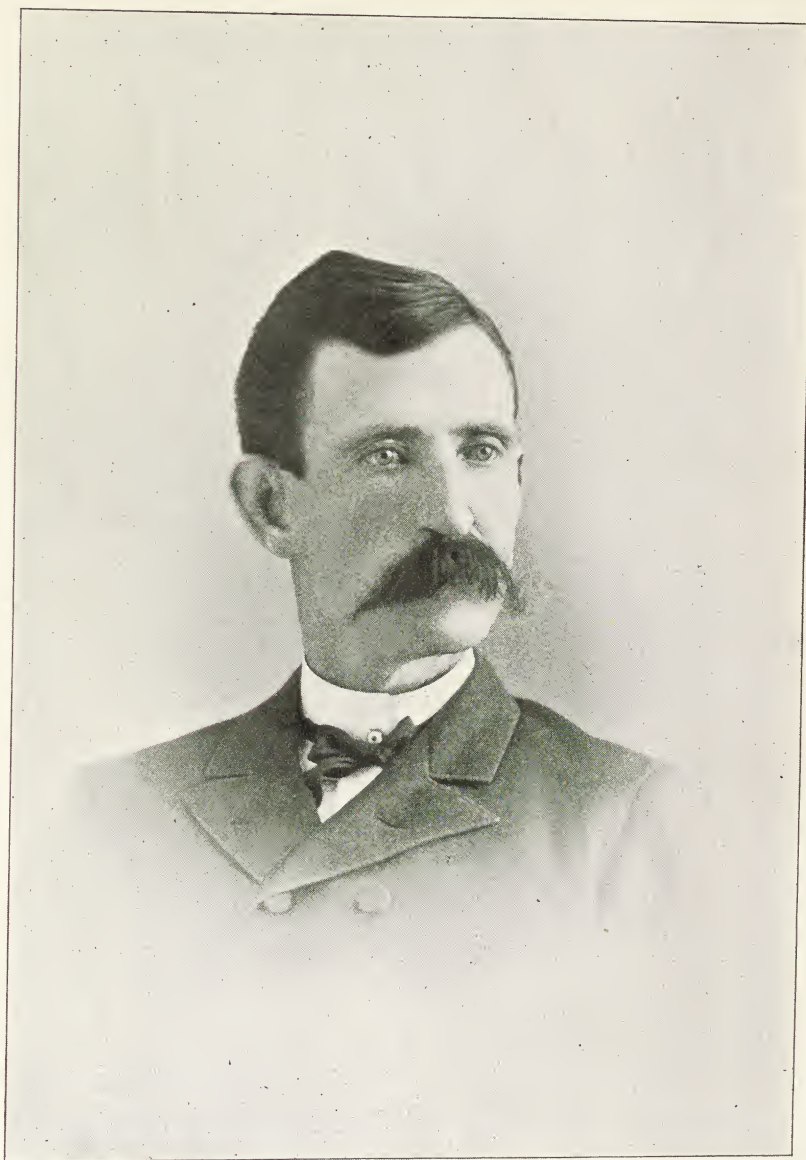
Committee. { WALTER JOEL KING, M. D.
F. E. McCURTAIN, M. D.
FRONA ABBOTT, M. D.

Critique Oct 1900

CARELS, SAMUEL

Matriculated from Camden, N J Sept 1854. Graduated Mar 1 1855
Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Camden, N J. Was a
graduate of Jefferson Medical College 1838.

CAREY, GEORGE W



PROFESSOR GEORGE W. CAREY, A. M., M. D.

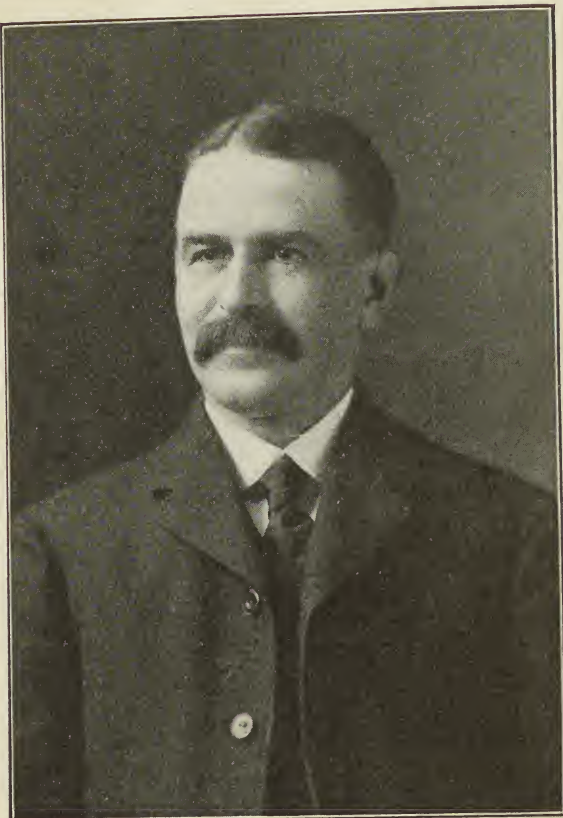
*Compliments of
The Homœopathic News.*

CARLETON, BUKK G.

DR. BUKK G. CARLETON, late of the House Staff, and Special Pathologist to the Homœopathic Hospital, Ward's Island, has located at 246 West 25th street, and is prepared to make *post-mortem* examinations, analysis of urine, etc., as may be required. His large experience in this field of practice eminently fits him for any duties which he may assume.

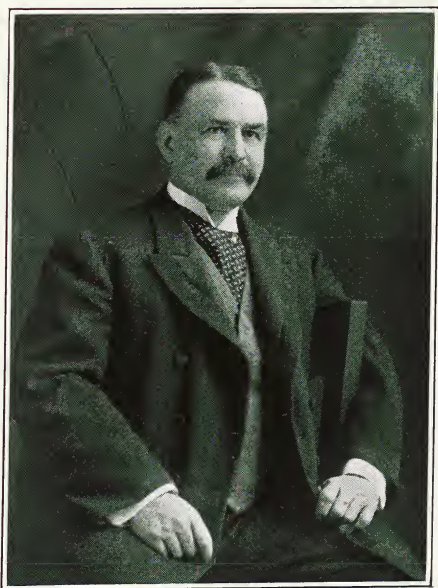
N.Y.Hom.Times.V.5. 239.

B. G. Carlton was born Nov. 11, 1856. Son of Ebenezer and a M. Carlton. He received his classical education at Littleton School. Graduated from Homoeopathic medical college in 1876. (New York, The Metropolis, Page 226.)



BUKK G. CARLETON, M. D.,
NEW YORK.







PROF. BURK G. CARLETON, M. D.

1903

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH OF PRESIDENT BUKK G. CARLETON.

Dr. Bukk G. Carleton is descended from Edward Carleton, one of the Puritans who left England in 1638 to make a new home in Massachusetts, and was born in Whitefield, N. H., November 11, 1856. He attended school in Littleton, N. H., and upon his completion of the classical course at the Littleton High School, when he was sixteen, he began the study of medicine with Dr. T. E. Sanger. He matriculated at the New York Homœopathic Medical College in 1873 and was graduated therefrom, second in his class, in 1876. The next year he devoted to a post-graduate course in the University of New York, and for another year was resident physician at the Ward's Island Hospital. In 1877 he was appointed special pathologist of that hospital, in which capacity he served five years.

In 1880 Dr. Carleton was appointed visiting physician to the Ward's Island (now the Metropolitan) Hospital, from which position he resigned in 1885 in order to give more attention to his private practice, which had meanwhile grown to gratifying proportions. During those years he was also in charge of the department of practical anatomy in the New York Homœopathic Medical College as associate professor and demonstrator of anatomy.

In 1890 Dr. Carleton was persuaded to resume the post of visiting physician to the Metropolitan Hospital, and in 1895 he was appointed genito-urinary surgeon to that institution. From 1877 to 1883 he was attending physician of the New York Homœopathic College Dispensary, and he has served in a like capacity with the Western Dispensary and the outdoor department of the Hahnemann Hospital.

Upon the formation of the Metropolitan Post-graduate School of Medicine of New York City, Dr. Carleton was invited to the chair of genito-urinary and kidney diseases, being recognized as an authority on those subjects, of which he had long made a specialty. In 1901 he was appointed visiting genito-urinary surgeon to the Flower Hospital and at the same time professor of genito-urinary surgery of the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital. In 1896 Dr. Carleton, with some of the other members of the visiting staff of the Metropolitan Hospital organized the Wednesday Clinics which have now become a feature of that hospital. In 1896 he was appointed consulting genito-urinary surgeon to the Hahnemann Hospital.

Notwithstanding the busy life that the foregoing outline of his activities faintly indicates Dr. Carleton has prepared and read many papers before medical societies and contributed numerous articles to medical journals, besides writing a notable series of books on his specialty. His manual published in 1895 has had the distinction of having the largest sale of any special work put forth in the "New School of Medicine." His later books are: "Medical and Surgical Diseases of the Kidney," 1898; the second edition appearing as "Uropætic Diseases," in 1900, and a third edition in 1902; "Disorders of the Sexual Organs of Men," 1898, (second edition, 1900) "Symp-

tomatic Index of the Materia Medica in Urological Diseases," 1903 and "Urological and Venereal Diseases," 1905.

Dr. Carleton is a member of the Union League, Clinical, Meissen and Unanimous Clubs, the American Institute of Homœopathy Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of New York, Homœopathic Medical Society of the County of New York, Pathological Materia Medica, Surgical and Gynæcological and Electro-Therapeutic Societies; and of the alumni associations of the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, and the Ward's Island and Metropolitan Hospital. In 1904 he was elected president of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of New York.

Dr. Carleton has been married twice. His first wife, whom he married in 1879, was Sarah, daughter of the late John C. Robinson, of New York. They had three children. His second wife, married in 1903, is Clarice Elizabeth, daughter of the late Frederick William Griffith.

N. Y. News, 1904



Quirk G. Harbison M.D.

CARLETON, EDMUND



B

EDMUND CARLETON, New York city, was born in Littleton, New Hampshire, December 11, 1839, son of Edmund and Mary Kilburn (Coffin) Carleton, and a lineal descendant of Baldwin de Carleton, who participated in the battle of Hastings, 1066. Dr. Carleton was educated in the public and high schools, and was assisted by his father and others in his classical studies. He studied for his profession in the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, and the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, from which latter institution he graduated in 1871. Since graduation he has been in continuous practice of his profession in New York city. He is one of the twenty-four physicians who received the Homœopathic Hos-

pital, Ward's Island (now the Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island), from New York city. He served as visiting surgeon for twenty-five years, and is now consulting surgeon of that hospital. For twenty-five years Dr. Carleton was professor of surgery in the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women. He also is professor of homœopathic philosophy with its clinical application in the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital; a member of the special staff of the Women's Homœopathic Hospital of Philadelphia; consulting surgeon to the Brooklyn Memorial Hospital; and honorary member of the Central New York Homœopathic Medical Society. He is a member of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the County of New York and of the International Hahnemannian Association. On January 1, 1873, Dr. Carleton married M. E. Potter. Their children are Dr. Spencer Carleton, Mary and Mabel (both of whom died in infancy), and Bertha, a graduate of Smith College and now the wife of Wilbur A. Welch.

71 WEST FIFTIETH STREET,
NEW YORK.

Aug. 19/07

26/07

Dear Doctor:

I have read the *Annuaire* & Announcement with great interest.

Please, does the library contain a copy of Hering's Monograph on *Nux Moschata*? I am anxious to look at it.

Kneer says that the copy used by compilers is inaccessible.

Oblige

Yours thankfully

Edmund Carleton

want
have

ids

leton

71 WEST FIFTIETH STREET,
NEW YORK.

Aug. 26/07

Dear Dr. Bradford:

You make me feel like a
robber. Here are \$2 - for the sheets.

If I'm breaking a set or you want
the s., let me know. You shall have
them soon.

With thanks and regards

Sincerely

Edmund Carleton

71 WEST FIFTIETH STREET,
NEW YORK

Jan. 12th, 1906.
T. L. Bradford, M.D.

Dear Doctor Bradford:

I thank you heartily for telegram and letter. I did not expect you to go to the trouble to write.

The hint as to Dr. Haeckel is valuable.

The Telegraph Co. were instructed where to return answer. I am sorry you were put to trouble; and hope that sometime I can reciprocate the favor.

You may be interested to know that I have a plaster bust of the statue in question, vouched for by Dr. J. A. Biegler, son of Augustus (See Trans. World's Home Convention, 1876, Vol II.).

Yours Sincerely,
Edmund Carleton.

EDMUND CARLETON, M. D.

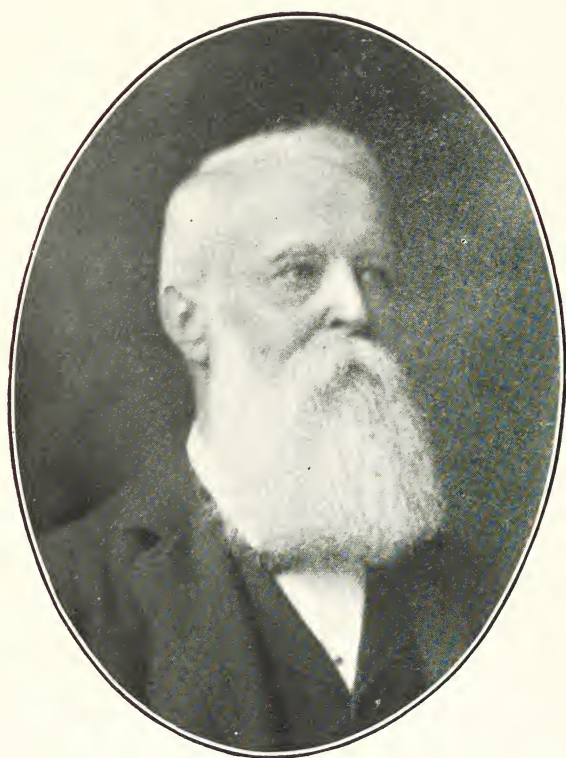
Edmund Carleton, M. D., Professor of Homœopathic Philosophy with its clinical application, was born at Littleton, N. H., December 11, 1839. His father, Edmund Carleton, Esq., was a well-known lawyer, and he and his wife, Mrs. Mary K. (Coffin) Carleton, a woman of rare merit, were prominently identified with the philanthropic causes of the day. His home was a station on the "underground railroad." They taught their children to stand without compromise for right and truth. They gave them the advantages of the common and high schools and the best home instruction.

Edmund, Jr., turned his hand to farming, lumbering and surveying, as occasion offered. He read law for a time, but was never fully qualified for the bar, finding that his tastes did not lie in that direction. Representing the Boston Journal in the field, he saw the battles of The Wilderness, Spottsylvania, Cold Harbor and the siege of Petersburg. His ride from the North Ann river to Fredericksburg, through the guerilla country, and thence to Washington, bearing news for his own paper and the New York Tribune, excited interest at the time. It was a capital "beat." Still more difficult was his return to army headquarters, in spite of the prohibition of Secretary Stanton. That loyal and energetic official had promulgated an order that newspaper correspondents be allowed to leave the army and visit Washington, but not to return. At headquarters young Carleton had been given up for lost when he appeared.

He was taken sick with typhoid fever, brought North with a shipload of wounded soldiers, cured by Homœopathy while yet unconscious of the fact, shown the truth and converted to it. He determined to make the practice of Homœopathy his life work.

He studied at the Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, under Hering, Raue, Macfarlan and their associates. His final course was here. He listened to the first full term of Dunham's classical lectures. He graduated in 1871, being the valedictorian of his class, and has practiced his profession in this city ever since, of recent years assisted by his son, Dr. Spencer Carleton.

He was appointed physician in charge of the Department of Diseases of the Chest in the New York Homœopathic Dispensary, situ-



EDMUND CARLETON, M. D.
Professor of Homœopathic Philosophy with its
Clinical Application.

ated on Seventh avenue, near Thirty-fifth street, where he built up a large clinic. When a vacancy occurred in the Surgical Department of the Bond Street Dispensary he was offered the place and accepted it, at the same time resigning from Seventh avenue. His work then became arduous. In a few years he cared for over one thousand surgical cases in variety that applied there for relief, including minor operations, and one hundred and twenty-five cases of fracture.

He was meanwhile appointed Lecturer on Minor Surgery in the New York Medical College for Women, and, two years later, Professor of Surgery in the same college. After serving twenty-five years he resigned, being Senior Professor at the time.

When, in response to a numerously signed petition, headed by A. T. Stewart, the city assigned to our fraternity the Homœopathic Hospital, Ward's Island—later the Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island—Dr. Carleton was one of the twenty-four members of the county society who received the hospital and formed the Medical Board. The first meeting of the board for organization at the office of Dr. W. H. White was a historical event well remembered by those who participated. Dr. Carleton was assigned to duty on the surgical side of the house, during the busiest month of the year, and consequently had at least his full share of operations and prescriptions. In that hospital, on a large scale, he demonstrated sound judgment, manual dexterity and the wonderful ability of the similar remedy to save from the knife and to make the knife successful. The unaided [unhindered!] prescription cured many an ulcer, sinus, fistula, diseased bone, etc., that had proved intractable to other means. A few years ago he found his strength unequal to the demands of public and private practice, and reluctantly asked to be relieved of the Metropolitan attendance. The Medical Board thereupon recommended and the commissioners elevated him to the consulting staff.

He is a member of the consulting staff of the Brooklyn Memorial Hospital and of the special staff of the Women's Homœopathic Hospital, of Philadelphia, and is honorary member of the Central New York Homœopathic Medical Society.

He discovered the antidote to carbolic acid and the efficacy of the bastinado in asphyxia.

In 1902 he accepted the chair which he now occupies in our college. His plan is original and unique, and embodies his own great

desire, which is to have the law of cure and its illustration go hand in hand. The Saturday medical clinic well serves this purpose. Students are required to learn our bible of the similars—the Organon—and they witness demonstrations of its truth as the cases are presented. The Senior lecture room is, for the nonce, turned into a doctor's office as nearly as possible. Books and medicines are at hand. The case is "taken," symptoms are studied, comparisons made and the corresponding remedy given.

Chironian Oct 1903

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL HOMŒOPATHY.

Editor of THE CHIRONIAN:

This is what we country doctors have been looking for, and to paraphrase Henry George in "Social Problems" we might say:

"The ideal medical state is not that in which each gets an equal amount of knowledge, but in which each gets in proportion to his contribution to the general stock.

Here is mine:

Aconitum nap. 30. Croupy cough; dose every three hours; not oftener. My case book shows over 40 prescriptions; no failures; low dilutions fail. People whom I never see for other work get their "croup medicine" from me. I got it from Jahr's Forty Years' of Practice.

Aconit. nap. 30. Catarrhal conjunctivitis; two to seven days; 14 cases; no failures. Nothing but a bandage holding a compress of cotton to keep the eyelids at rest besides.

Ant. tart. 3x *trit.* Rattling of mucus in chest, without ability to raise it—for children and old people—coated tongue, no thirst; more than 100 prescriptions; never lost a case under this remedy. In urgent cases I give a two or three-grain powder every ten minutes, lessening dose to the same powder in one-half glass of warm water, teaspoonful every two to four hours. Only when pushed hard do I use turpentine stupes or Antiphlogistine to the chest; it keeps the anxious family busy.

Belladonna 30. Earache in children. Sudden severe pain, with red face and restlessness. Some 30 prescriptions. Most of the patients I never saw. Dose: A few drops in warm water, teaspoonful every 15 to 30 minutes, never failed.

Bryonia. All potencies; all diseases, if symptoms are present.

CARLSON, OSCAR WILHELM

OSCAR WILHELM CARLSON, Milwaukee, Wis., born Stockholm, Sweden, August 1, 1843; came to Waukesha, Wis., in 1853; enlisted Co. A, 28th Wis. Inf., and served in the war of 1861-1865; medical preceptor, Dr. Charles Augustus Löthstrom (his uncle) a pioneer homœopathic physician in Wisconsin and said to have been the first practitioner of his school in Columbus, Ohio; graduated M. D. from Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, 1872; began practice in Milwaukee in 1872, partner with Dr. Löthstrom, and continued until the latter retired; partner with Dr. William Danforth from 1879 until the death of the latter in 1885; since practiced alone; ex-president of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Wisconsin and ex-president of the Milwaukee Academy of Medicine; ex-surgeon 4th battalion, Wis. National Guard; past commander G. A. R.; member of the American Institute of Homœopathy.

CARLSON, OSCAR WILHELM, M.D., of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, was born in Stockholm, Sweden, August 1, 1843.

There is nothing in the personal history of more interest than the struggle from poverty to wealth, from obscurity to fame.

Especially is this true if that history be the story of a stranger in a strange land—Oscar Wilhelm Carlson is such a man with such a history.

Dr. Carlson was borne of ancestors who played an important part in the military history of their native land. His father, Charles J. Carlson, although now eighty-four years of age, is still connected with the Swedish army, being possessed with energy far beyond his years. His mother, Caroline Sophia (Leuthstrom) Carlson, was a member of a distinguished Swedish family, which was descended

from the French, who came to Sweden with Bernadotte, afterward king.

Dr. Carlson has two brothers and two sisters. His sisters and brother Carl reside in Sweden, his brother Frank lives in America.

Two brothers of Dr. Carlson's mother came to America in the early 40's, and are to-day respected and prosperous business men. William Leuthstrom is connected with the post-office department in Cincinnati, being also superintendent of one of the largest charitable institutions of that city. Charles Leuthstrom is a retired physician at Pine Lake, Wis.

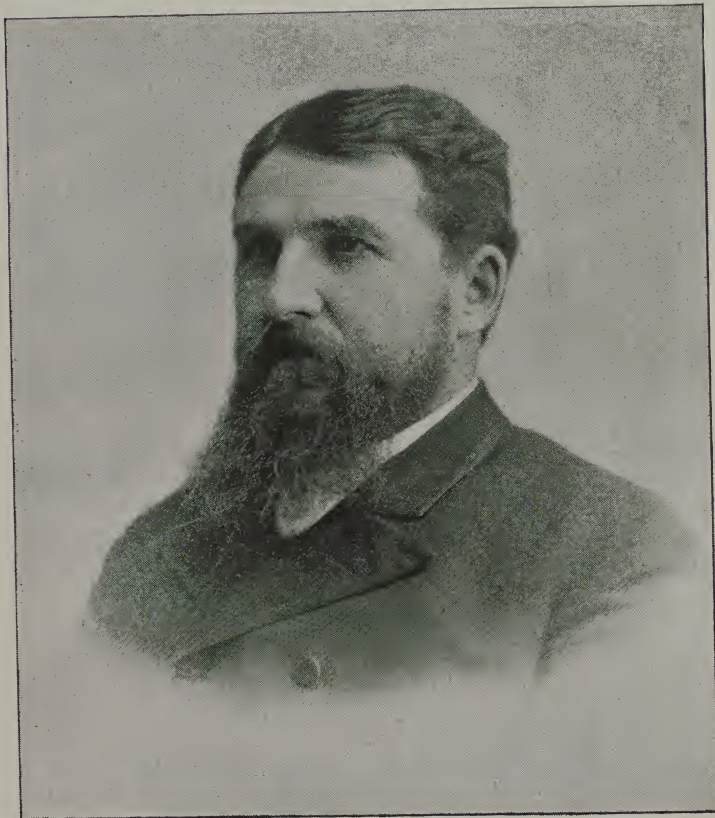
At the early age of ten years, Dr. Carlson left Sweden upon a sailing vessel bound for America. Upon the third day out from Gottenburg the vessel encountered a terrible storm which left her to the mercy of the waves, a manageless hulk without masts, sails, or rudder. In her dismantled condition, guided by the hand of Providence, the vessel drifted about the ocean for about three months, those on board not knowing whither they were being carried. Finally they were sighted off the coast of Ireland and taken into Londonderry, from which place Dr. Carlson sailed for New York, arriving Jan. 13, 1854. Immediately upon his arrival he went to Columbus, Ohio, where his uncle resided. In the following

year he removed to Waukesha, where he attended the public schools until 1858, when he went north to St. Croix county, Wisconsin, to work in a lumber camp.

Upon the outbreak of the war he returned to Waukesha and, on August 9, 1862, enlisted in the 28th Wisconsin Infantry. His military record is one of which any man might be proud. He served until September 22, 1865, without a furlough. During this time he was detailed by General Fred Steel as mail agent on the route between Little Rock, Arkansas, and Memphis, a position of trust and honor, as many important dispatches were entrusted to him. Dr. Carlson took an active part in the battle of Helena and in the siege of Mobile. After leaving the army he came to Milwaukee to study medicine in the office of his uncle, who had a very extensive practice in that city. After studying seven years he went to Chicago and graduated from Hahnemann Medical

College in 1872, afterward returning to Milwaukee to enter into partnership with his uncle, which lasted until 1879, when both sold out to Dr. Danforth of Chicago. Dr. Leuthstrom then removed to Pine Lake, Wisconsin, seeking rest and quiet upon his farm near that place. Dr. Carlson's health failing he, in partnership with Dr. Leuthstrom, purchased a ranch on Bluff Creek, Clark county, Kansas, and engaged in the cattle business. His health being much improved by two years of out-door life, he sold his interest in the ranch in 1881 to his partner and made a trip to Sweden to visit his family whom he had not seen for twenty-nine years. While abroad he visited and carefully examined the largest hospitals, both in England and on the continent. Upon his return to this country in the fall of 1881 he entered into partnership with Professor Danforth, remaining in business with him until August 1, 1884, when he opened an office at 425 Milwaukee street.

During his active and busy life he has been closely connected with many organizations to which it is an honor to belong, and has ably filled many positions of trust and distinction. Dr. Carlson is a member of the American In-



OSCAR W. CARLSON, M. D.

PRESIDENT OF THE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION OF THE HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLLEGE AND
HOSPITAL OF CHICAGO.

stitute of Homœopathy; is a member and has been President of the Wisconsin State Homœopathic Medical Society; has been President of the Milwaukee Academy of Medicine. He has been Grand Regent of the Royal Arcanum for the state of Wisconsin; Supreme Medical Director for the United States of Royal Adelpia; a member of the National Union; active member of the Grand Army of the Republic and commander of the E. B. Wolcott Post No. 1 of this state. He was a member of the National Council of Administration under General Veasy, was on the staff of General Fairchild when he was Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic; also on the staff of General Warner when he was Commander-in-Chief. Dr. Carlson values highly a ring which was presented to him by the officers of the Grand Army of the Republic as a token of their esteem. He was appointed by Governor Rusk Surgeon of the Fourth Battalion National Guards of Wisconsin. He is also a member of the Auxiliary

Board of the World's Fair Columbian Exposition.

Dr. Carlson was married February 8, 1871, to Bertha L. Strong, daughter of Robert H. Strong, one of the pioneers of Milwaukee, who was a brother of Rear Admiral Strong of the United States Navy. They have one daughter, Miss Edith, who is highly accomplished, having an especial fondness for music and French. She has the reputation in Milwaukee of being a particularly bright and interesting young lady. Dr. Carlson is unusually fond of his family, also taking a deep interest in two of his nephews who are studying under his tutelage. He is a man who seems particularly fitted for the profession which he has followed. He is skillful, cautious and deliberate, tender and sympathetic, yet possessed of great nerve and force of will. Essentially a man of the people, his genial ways, his sincerity and benevolence have won for him hosts of friends in every walk of life.

CARMALT, HORACE GREELEY

Born at Punxsutawny, Pa Oct 10 1873. Matriculated from Punxsutawny Oct 4 1898. Graduated May 15 1902. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 333 Grandview Ave Pittsburg Pa State Normal School, Indiana, Pa.

Horace Greely Carmalt, Pittsburgh; Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia, 1902; served during the World War; aged 55; died, January 1, of pneumonnia, following influenza. 1929.

CARMAN, WILLIAM BURGESS

WILLIAM BURGESS CARMAN, Rochester, New York, born Peoria, Ills., September 27, 1857; graduated from University of Illinois, B. S. degree, 1882; Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Chicago, M. D. degree, 1884; is member of dispensary staff and of medical and surgical staff of Rochester Homœopathic Hospital; has been a practitioner in Rochester since 1884.

CARMICHAEL, GEORGE ROBERT

Matriculated from Wilmington, Del, Sept 25 1891. Graduated May 8 1894. Member Alumni Assoc. Graduate Wilmington High School. Located at 805 West St. Wilmington, Del.

George Robert Carmichael, Wilmington, Del.; Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia, 1894; for many years on the staff of the Homeopathic Hospital, where he died, Dec. 13, 1927, following an operation for appendicitis, aged 59.

CARMICHAEL, JNO HOSEA

JOHN HOSEA CARMICHAEL, practicing physician and surgeon of Springfield,



J. H. Carmichael.

Massachusetts, was born in Sand Lake, Rensselaer county, New York, January 29, 1851, the son of William and Mary (Kelly) Carmichael. On his father's side Dr. Carmichael is of Scotch descent and on the maternal side he is of Irish descent. He attended the common schools until his fifteenth year, when he entered Scrans Academy, Sand Lake, New York, remaining one year and during 1868 and 1869 was a student in the Nassau Academy, Nassau, New York, and is a graduate from both these institu-

tions. He studied for his profession in the Albany Medical School, spending three years there and graduating February 24, 1873, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Dr. J. H. Carmichael was in the practice of his profession in Worcester, Massachusetts, from 1873 to 1883, and from 1878 to 1879 was identified with the College of Physicians and Surgeons. 1872-1873, he was connected with the Albany City Hospital, and in 1900 was appointed surgeon-in-chief to the Hampden Homœopathic Hospital, and still retains that position. He is a charter member of the Surgical and Gynecological Society, Boston, and in 1884 was its president; he was a member of the Worcester County Homœopathic Society, 1873-1883, and was president in 1879; since 1876 he has been a member of the Western Massachusetts Homœopathic Medical Society, and in 1885 was the president of that organization; since 1883 he has been a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, and from 1875-1885 was a member of the Massachusetts Homœopathic Medical Society. In 1875 Dr. Carmichael was united in marriage with Anna Elizabeth Spencer, and one child, Pauline, has been born to them. He was the promoter of the Hampden Homœopathic Hospital and is in the management of the same. He was the originator of this institution and it was through his influence that it was donated by Daniel B. Wesson, of Springfield, Massachusetts. Dr. Carmichael is now largely interested in the construction of a new hospital in Springfield, which is to be one of the best in the country. It will cost about \$200,000 and will accommodate sixty patients.

King Vol 1V



CARMICHAEL, ~~XXXX~~





John W. Cunningham 1860
Spfld Mass.

CARMICHAEL, THOMAS HARRISON

THOMAS HARRISON CARMICHAEL, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, was born in Philadelphia in 1858, son of William and Julia Hunter Carmichael. He is a graduate of the Central High School of Phila-

delphia and of Hahnemann Medical College, where he took the degree of M. D. in 1886. In addition to his regular practice in Philadelphia he has received the appointments of lecturer on pharmacology to Hahnemann College and neurologist to St. Luke's Hospital. In 1880 Dr. Carmichael opened an agency for Smith's Homœopathic Pharmacy of New York, in Philadelphia. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, of the Pennsylvania State Homœopathic Medical Society, the Philadelphia County Homœopathic Medical Society, the A. R. Thomas Medical Club, the Clinico-Pathological Society, and is president of the alumni association of the Ward's Island-Metropolitan Hospital.

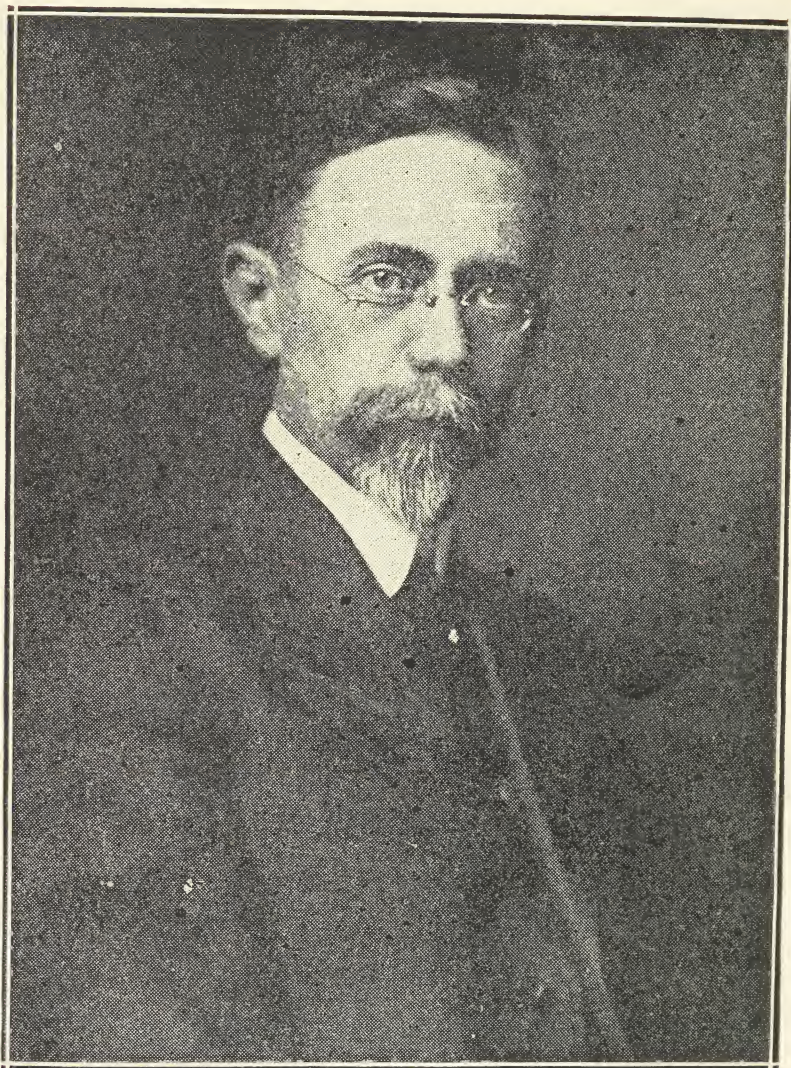
King Vol IV—



THOMAS H. CARMICHAEL, M. D.
PRESIDENT
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHY
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA
1912

CARMICHAEL, THOS H

THE NEW PRESIDENT OF THE A. I. H



THOMAS HARRISON CARMICHAEL, A.B., M.D., has practiced medicine in his native city since 1887. In 1886 he was graduated from Hahnemann Medical College Philadelphia and became an Interne at Ward's Island (now Metropolitan Hospital New York City. After a year in this institution he began the general practice of medicine in which he has continued ever since with strong leanings towards neurology. At the formation of St. Lukes Hospital he was made Neurologist to the same, a position which he held for ten years, resigning in 1908. He has been President of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the County of Philadelphia, President of the Alumni Association of Wards-Island Metropolitan Hospital, Lecturer on Pharmaceutics at Hahnemann Medical College, Phila. since 1897, and Professor of Pharmacodynamics and Pharmaceutics since 1908. His great interest in the standard pharmacopœia of Homœopathy began with its publication in 1897 and he has been a member of the Institute Committee on Pharmacopœia since 1900 and chairman of this Committee since 1907. In 1908 he was elected 1st Vice-President of the American Institute at its meeting in Kansas City.

N Am J1 Hom Aug 1911

Dr. & Mrs. Thomas Harrison Carmichael

At Home

*Tuesday evening, December the twenty-first,
from half after eight until eleven o'clock.*

7127 Germantown Avenue,

Philadelphia.

OFFICE OF

OFFICE OF
T. H. CARMICHAEL M.D.
5530 MAIN STREET
CERMANTOWN PHILA. PA.

3rd 1893.

Feb. 4th 1897

My dear Doctor;

I did not receive your letter at St. Luke's until yesterday for the very good reason that I had said had not been there since 'ord. On it arrived.

I at once mailed it to Mrs. Price.

If she does not attend to it I shall hunt the plates up and send them to you.

Appreciating very much your kindness in the matter

Sincerely

T. H. Carmichael

me to keep.

Sincerely

T. H. Carmichael

one on you.

I had five interesting

"maritans"

My sister

had said

had not been there since 'ord.?

On it arrived.

I at once mailed it

to Mrs. Price.

If she does not attend to it

I shall hunt the

plates up and send them

to you.

Appreciating very much

your kindness in the matter

Sincerely

T. H. Carmichael

me to keep.

Sincerely

T. H. Carmichael

OFFICE OF
T. H. CARMICHAEL M.D.
4830 MAIN STREET
GERMANTOWN PHILA PA.

March 23rd 1893.

Dear doctor Bradford;

Here is a good one on you.
This morning just as I had finished reading your interesting article on "Medical Samaritans" in the Homoeo. Recorder, my sister came into the office and said do you know Dr. Bradford? On replying that I was proud to know the distinguished gentleman she said Ellwood (mentioning a young fellow who goes to you) says Dr. Bradford has two offices - at one he charges twenty-five cents. Here he asks no questions - just hands you the medicine and says "get out of here". At the other office he deigns to ask a few questions but he charges fifty cents. This was too rich for me to keep.

Sincerely

T. H. Carmichael

THOMAS HARRISON CARMICHAEL, M.D.

Born January 27, 1858, in Philadelphia. He was educated in the public schools, and was graduated with the degree of A. B. from the Sixty-seventh Class of the Central High School. He subsequently pursued special studies in ancient languages with the design of taking a theological course, but was dissuaded from doing so on account of throat trouble. Entering mercantile life an early taste for chemistry and medicine led him to select the drug business, and for over a year he was practically in charge of a newly-established Homœopathic Pharmacy in the northwestern part of the city. He then became the agent of Smith's Homœopathic Pharmacy of New York, a position which he held for several years. Having thus an intimate knowledge of the resources of the New School he determined to enter the profession and matriculated at Hahnemann Medical College taking the three years graded course and graduating in 1886.

After a competitive examination in New York City, he was appointed an interne at the Ward's Island Hospital. On the expiration of his term as Home Surgeon in that institution he located on Main street above Fisher's lane, Germantown, where he practiced until June, 1891, when he removed to his present office 4830 Main street. He is in general practice; is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy; of the State and County Medical Societies; of the Executive Committee of the Alumni Association of Hahnemann Medical College, and is a writer for the medical journals, especially for the "New York Medical Times."

GERMANTOWN DOCTOR FIGHTS R. R. FARE RAISE

N AMER AUG 9 '09

Appeals to State Commission

Against Suburban Rates.

Promised a Hearing

ATTACKS BOTH ROADS

Dr. Thomas H. Carmichael, of 7127 Germantown avenue, has sent a letter to the state railroad commission protesting against the advance in the rates of fare to suburban points on both the Philadelphia and Reading Railway and the Pennsylvania Railroad. He has received the assurance of the commission that the question will be considered at the next meeting.

In his communication, Doctor Carmichael outlined the benefits the railroads have received from the city, and declared that they should lower the fares instead of increasing them.

"In return for the unusual facilities which Philadelphia has furnished the Pennsylvania Railroad and the Reading

Railway," he said, "there should have been a gradual decrease, instead of a periodical increase, in fares between city stations. The Germantown and Chestnut Hill branches of these railroads are practically and really city railways. They begin and end in the city, and they should not be compared or judged according to railroads connecting distant points."

Doctor Carmichael declares that the city has now 255,311 more residents than it had in 1900, and that the interurban railroads carry a fair percentage of this increase. They ought to be able to carry passengers, he argues, at a less rate of fare than when the city was sparsely settled.

Born in Phila Jan 27 1858. Matriculated from Germantown
Oct 4 1883. Graduated Mar 31 1886. Member of Alumni Assoc.
Located at 7127 Germantown Ave Phila. Graduate Phila
Central High School.

OFFICE OF
T H CARMICHAEL M D
5530 MAIN STREET
CERMANTOWN PHILA. PA.

Jan 7 1904

Jan. 18 1897

Dear Doctor Bradford;

closed

Yours received with copy from
of State Transactions which ght you
I shall return in a few days. would
I am very much obliged to
to you.

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to you

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it and

received

postal.

slide

2. If you

I shall

Sincerely

T H Carmichael

T H Carmichael

T.H. CARMICHAEL M.D.
7127 GERMANTOWN AVENUE
PHILADELPHIA.

February 7 1904

Dear Doctor Bradford;

I received the inclosed postal card yesterday from Prof. Sollmann and thought you could tell me where I could find the article referred to.

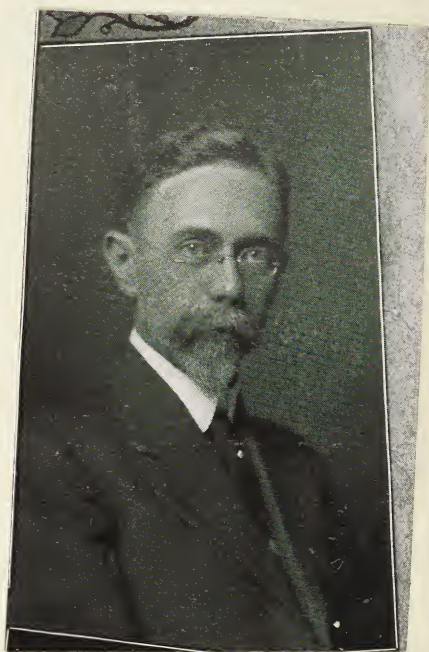
You may recollect that at the Van Lennep Banquet, I spoke to you about *Rhus toxicodendron* and that Sollmann in his "Text-Book of Pharmacology" had announced that its active principle is a fixed oil and not a volatile oil in the leaves.

I wrote to him and received a letter and the inclosed postal. I would like to get a slide showing the *toxicodendrol*. If you caught me in finding this I shall be indebted to you.

Sincerely
T.H. Carmichael

*The Reverend Charles H. Leonard
announces the marriage of his daughter
Emily Henrietta,
to*

*Dr. Thomas Harrison Carmichael,
on Tuesday, November the twenty-third,
Eighteen hundred and ninety-seven.
Tufts College, Massachusetts.*



DIES



MRS. EMILY L. CARMICHAEL

MRS. CARMICHAEL DIES

Chief of Welfare Department's Recreation Bureau Ill a Week.

Mrs. Emily Leonard Carmichael, chief of the Bureau of Recreation of the Department of Public Welfare for the last six years, is dead at her home, 20 E. Gowen av., Mt. Airy. She was fifty-seven.

Mrs. Carmichael had not been in health for several months, but it was only within the past week that her condition became aggravated.

Originally from Boston, Mrs. Carmichael was the daughter of Dr. Henry T. Leonard, dean of Tufts College. She was a graduate of Wellesley College, where she specialized in psychology, later taking a post-graduate course in this subject at Pittsburgh Normal School, where she graduated with high honors.

With her at the time of her death was her husband, Dr. Thomas H. Carmichael, a life-long resident of Mt. Airy and president of Mt. Airy School Association, and several other civic organizations.

Her son, Dr. Leonard T. Carmichael, a graduate of Tufts and now a teacher of psychology at Brown University, Providence, R. I., arrived here last night.

Dead Oct. 17, 1930

CARMONY, C J

Name in full

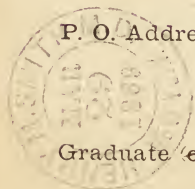
C. J. Carmony, M.D.

P. O. Address in full

Harrisburg, Penna.

Graduate ~~or Licentiate~~ of

New York Homoeopathic Medical -



CARON, GEORGE GABRIEL

GEORGE GABRIEL CARON, Detroit, Michigan, was born in Norfolk, Ontario, Canada, March 11, 1858, son of Selestien and Margaret (Smith) Caron. He attended the public schools and Collegiate Institute at Aylmer, Ontario, and matriculated at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Toronto, Ontario, in 1882, taking his final examinations there in 1887, having in the interim taught school two years. His medical preceptor was Dr. G. F. Clark, of Aylmer, Ontario, and he also studied in the homœopathic department of the University of Michigan from 1884 until 1886, and in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario, in 1887. He practiced in London, Ontario, 1887-88; Morpeth, Ontario, 1881-1891; and in Detroit, Michigan, since 1891, making a specialty of treating diseases of children. He was house surgeon at the Homœopathic Hospital, Ann Arbor, in 1886-87. Dr. Caron is a member and ex-secretary of the medical staff of Grace Hospital, and lecturer on diseases of children on Grace Hospital Dispensary staff; professor of paedology in the Detroit Homœopathic College, and in its clinic is in charge of diseases of children. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Michigan, the Detroit Practitioners' Society, of which he is ex-president, of the Masons and the Ancient Order of Foresters. He married Neeie May Clark, July 9, 1899, and their children are George Clark and Margaret Elizabeth Caron.

King Vol 1V

CARPENTER, ARCHIBALD DIXON

ARCHIBALD DIXON CARPENTER, Jr., Buffalo, New York, the son of A. D. Carpenter and Semelia Lamb, his wife, was born in Mancelona, Michigan, July 19, 1873. He graduated from the high school of Cadillac, Michigan, in 1894, and then for three years was a student in the University of Michigan. He matriculated at the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, and graduated there in 1901.

King Vol IV

CARPENTER, ARCHIBALD DIXON

Born July 19 1873 at
Matriculated from Cadillac, Mich, Sept 20 1900. Graduated
May 15 1901. Member of Alumni Assoc. Freshman, sophomore and
junior courses at Homoeopathic Department of the University
of Michigan. Located at 9 East Parade Ave Buffalo N Y

CARPENTER, CHARLES H.

Dr Carpenter was born in Pittstown, N. Y. Feb. 22, 1825. He died very suddenly in the morning of Sept, 23, 1883 of valvular disease of the heart superinduced by repeated attacks of rheumatism, although he had no attack for some time previous to his death, and to all appearance was in better health than for years past.

He graduated from the Albany Medical College in 1857, and practiced medicine in different parts of New York State until the spring of 1865, when he located in Troy, where, by his genial and kindly nature, he soon endeared himself to all with whom he became acquainted, and by his devotion to his calling, and successful treatment, built up a large practice, second to none in the city in extent and character, at the time of his sudden decease.

He was an active and influential member of the local and general homœopathic societies of Northern New York, and of the State, and was interested in the various measures for extending the knowledge and principles of our system and for maintaining the rights and privileges of our school. He was esteemed by all with whom he was associated as a valued and reliable friend and wise counsellor.

He left a widow and one son.

A. I. H. 1884

*has paid for the Review
Vol. III*

Name, *C. H. Carpenter M.D.*

Address, *Schenectady*

Schenectady County.

REMARKS.

[Please state if there is a Homœopathic Society in your County, and furnish us with the Name and Address of the Secretary.]

Name in full

Charles H. Carpenter

P. O. Address in full

Troy

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

Graduate Albany
Medical College

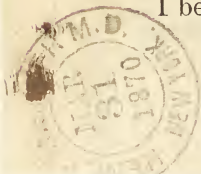


+ Charles H. — Carpenter, M.D.
Graduated at Albany Med. Coll., '56.
Present address, Troy, Renss. Co., N.Y., 14a,
reside here since '65. Practised previously
in Pittstown & Schenectady. Began to
practice Med. in '57 at Pittstown, N.Y.

Dr. Charles H. Carpenter removed from Pittstown, Rensselaer County, to Schenectady, in February, 1862. He had been an allopath in Pittstown six and a homœopathist five years. He remained in Schenectady one year and then removed to Troy, where he is at present engaged in a large and lucrative practice. He graduated from the Albany Medical College in 1851.

Dr. Edward A. Carpenter, a recent graduate of the Albany Medical College, commenced the practice of homœopathy in Albany in 1870. He was associated with his former preceptor, Dr. E. D. Jones, two years, and then removed to Plattsburg, Clinton County.
World's Conven. 1876. V. 2.

My full name is *Edward A. Carpenter.*
I graduated at *the Albany* Medical College, in the year *1869*
My present address is *Albany* county of *Albany*
State of *New York* where I have resided since
Previous to that time I practised in
I began to practise Homœopathy in the year *1869* at *Albany*



CARPENTER, HORACE H

Matriculated from Lyndon, Vt. Oct 18 1853. Graduated
Mar 1 1854. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at
Derby Centre, Vt.

Died at

1871



ARPENTER, MOSES, M.D., late of Kankakee, Ills., was born in New York State, on the 24th day of September, 1827, and when a small boy moved with his parents to Adrian, Mich. Here he lived for some time, was educated, and made many friends by his studious deportment and fervent piety. Joining the Republican party on its organization, he was soon recognized as a political leader in the State, and up to the date of his death, it was his ambition to go to Congress, believing that he had a peculiar talent for public speaking.

Upon the death of his wife, not long after his marriage, he was led to devote himself to the preaching of the gospel, and his youthful labors were crowned with great success.

He married again in Duplain, Mich., in 1851, and joining the Methodist Episcopal Church, Michigan Conference, he travelled for two years as an itinerant, both as minister and as presiding elder. As an orator, he was rarely excelled, crowds flocking eagerly, wherever he went, to hear him, and scores being added to the Church through his instrumentality. But under his arduous labors, his health failed him, and calling for a certificate of location, he removed to Chicago, where, in 1864, he took up the study of medicine. Pursuing his researches with great diligence of application, he profited by the courses of lectures in the Hahnemann College of Chicago, from which institution he graduated, in 1868. Immediately afterward, he located in Kankakee, Ills., where he soon succeeded in introducing his system of medicine to favorable notice, and found himself in successful practice.

In the fall of 1872, he was attacked with a congestion, from which he died on the 9th day of September, 1872. As a man, he was energetic and industrious, as a husband and father, he was exemplary, and as a physician, he was possessed of talents that gave him great skill in the treatment of disease, ever ready to attend and alleviate the sufferings especially of the poor and needy by medicine and money. His kindness and sym-

thetic nature was always full to overflowing, a trait so especially commendable in the minister and physician. As a Royal Arch Mason, his lodge sadly witnessed his demise, and a large and mourning circle of friends sorrowed over the loss of one who as their physician had been their kind and sympathizing friend; had ministered to their best and highest interests; and whose voice in the sacred desk had taught them priceless lessons for the present and future. His Masonic brethren testified their sense of the loss they had sustained in the death of one who had been their warm and eloquent advocate.

315

Name in full

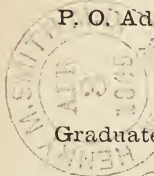
Moses Carpenter M D

P. O. Address in full

Rankakee - Illinois

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

Hahnemann Medical
College of Chicago Illinois





Kamakee City June 4th 1867

Committee of Arrangements
Dear Drs

Your circular came to
late for us to participate
in your meeting hope
this will reach you
in time for the publication
of our names and address
which you will find
below

Yours Fraternally
M. Carpenter &
J. R. Taylor
Kamakee, Ill.

CARPENTER, WILLARD BRYANT

WILLARD BRYANT CARPENTER, Columbus, Ohio, was born in Kingston, Ross county, Ohio, February 19, 1856, son of Rev. George and Matilda C. (Gilruth) Carpenter. The Carpenter line is traced back through William Carpenter, who came in the ship "Bevis" from England to America, in 1638, to John Carpenter, town clerk of London, in 1417, and to John Carpenter, born about 1300. The family was represented in the continental army in the Revolutionary war. Rev. George Carpenter, son of Nathan and Electa (Case) Carpenter, has been a Presbyterian minister since 1852. He married Matilda C., daughter of Rev. James and Mary (Westlake) Gilruth, the former a soldier of the war of 1812 and a noted pioneer preacher of Ohio. Mrs. Carpenter was the leader of the band of women who in December, 1873, made Washington Court House, Ohio, the original and vital historical center of the world-famed woman's temperance crusade, and is the author of a book on that subject. Dr. Carpenter attended the public and high schools of Washington Court House, Ohio, from 1867 to 1873, and graduated from the University of Wooster (Ohio) as a member of the class of 1876, receiving the A. B. degree in that year, and that of A. M. in 1879. His medical education was obtained in Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, receiving the M. D. degree in 1879; and he pursued special studies in pathology and microscopy in Cleveland, Ohio, from March to July, 1879, after which he engaged in general practice in Columbus, Ohio, giving special attention to mental and nervous diseases since 1895. He was associate owner and superintendent of the Sixth Avenue Private Hospital, Columbus, from

September, 1896, to September, 1902; neurologist in Park View Sanitarium, Columbus, 1903; is member of the board of censors of the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, and examiner for the Connecticut General Life Insurance Company and the Interstate Life Assurance Company. He has been a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy since 1892 and of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Ohio since 1883, being its president in 1903 and 1904. He also is a member of the Miami Valley and Northwestern Ohio Homœopathic Medical societies, the Medical Society of Southeastern Ohio, and of the Columbus Homœopathic Medical Society. Dr. Carpenter holds the office of vice-president of the Security Savings Bank of Columbus. He married, September 29, 1880, Carrie L. May of Kingston, Ohio, who died September 28, 1895, and June 24, 1897, he married Ida Florence Lindsey of Columbus.

King Vol 1v

Matriculated from Washington Ohio, Sept 27 1877. Graduated Mar 10 1879. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located 106 Buttles Ave Columbus, Ohio.

CARR, ADA

ADA CARR, Paterson, New Jersey, born Paterson, June 17, 1852; graduated M. D. New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, 1882; visiting physician to Florence Crittenden Home, 1900-1902; member of the American Institute of Homœopathy.

OBITUARY.

Dr. Allen B. Carr died on Tuesday, January 8, 1901, at his home in Rochester, N. Y.

S. L. GUILD-LEGGETT.

January 12, 1901.

ROCHESTER PHYSICIAN DEAD.

ROCHESTER, January 9.—Dr. Allen B. Carr, one of Rochester's most prominent physicians, died at his home on Clinton avenue late last night of inflammation of the liver, followed by complications. He was born in Ithaca, February 15, 1852, and graduated from the New York Homœopathic College in 1872.

Jl of Homoeopathics Feb 1901

CARR, HENRY H

Matriculated from Five Points, N J Oct 5 1882. Graduated
Apr 3 ;885. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Mullica
Hill, N J



CARR, MARVIN S., M. D., of Galesburgh, Ill., was born in the town of Wilton, Saratoga county, N. Y., October 6th, 1823. He was educated at the Academy at Schuylerville, N. Y., after which he learned blacksmithing, and went to Ohio. There he commenced the study of medicine with his uncle, Dr. Mervin, of Unionville, and, after a year and a half, attended a course of lectures at Castleton, Vt. He then returned to Ohio, and entered the office of Dr. Sherwood as a practising student. From there he went

to Albion, Pa., and entered into partnership with an old physician, long in practice there. He graduated at Castleton, Vt., in 1848, and practised in Springfield, Erie county, Pa., until the fall of 1852, when he removed to Peoria, Ill., where he remained until 1859; when, his health failing, he bought a farm near Washington, Tazewell county, and worked upon it two years; his health being then somewhat improved, he engaged in mercantile pursuits until the beginning of the war. When the call was made for surgeons, he offered his services; but his professional opinions differing widely from such as were entertained by those in authority, he abandoned the idea of serving in his professional capacity, went to Galesburgh and raised a company of cavalry, enlisting himself as a private. He was elected Captain, and with his company did some fighting, and performed much hard service, for nearly two years, when his health again failing, he resigned and returned home; and when able, returned to mercantile pursuits.

In 1866, he had so far recovered his health that he felt able to resume his profession, and is now doing a fine business.

He was one of the pioneers of homœopathy in Pennsylvania and in Illinois. He has manfully fought its battles, and wherever he practises, homœopathy becomes popular.

Dr. M. S. Carr, one of Galesburg, Ill., prominent physicians, died at his home in that city on April 30th, 1899. He had been a resident of that city for nearly forty years and at one time enjoyed the largest practice there. Old age, however, has kept him from hard work for some time. *Med Vis May 1899*

Name in full

Marvin S. Clevin M.D.

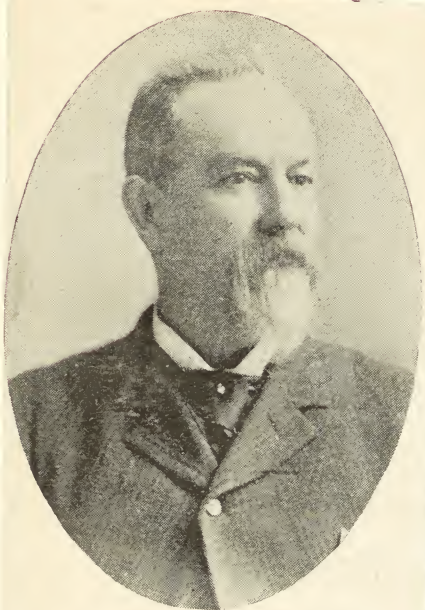
P. O. Address in full

Galesburg Knox Co
Mo.

Graduate (or ~~Identified~~) of

Castleton Medical
College Vt.

CARR, R WILSON



R. WILSON CARR, M. D.,
Sedalia, Mo.

CARRIER, EUGENE KELLOGG

La
P Born June 29 1876 at
Matriculated from Corfu, N Y. Sept 30 1895. Graduated
May 10 1899. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Albion N Y

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Albion, New-York,
June 18, 1900.

J. L. Bradford, M.D.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Dear Doctor:- you being Librarian
of the College Library and well ac-
quainted with medical works, I wish to
ask if you know of any book which
states or if you have ever heard of any
one or cases in which the human
testis has been found in the male sex.

Requesting a reply at your
convenience, I am, yours truly,
E. Kellogg Carrington, M.D.

CARRIGUE, RICHARD

Matriculated from _____ Sept 1 1854.
Graduated Mar 1 1856. Not a member of Alumni Assoc.
Located in _____ Mass

CARROLL, ALFRED LUDLOW

DR. ALFRED LUDLOW CARROLL, whose recent death is recorded, was a pupil of Dr. John F. Gray, and in his early professional career identified with the Homœopathic school of medicine. Dr. Carroll was at one time the editor of the Transactions of the New York State Medical Association, and was a frequent contributor to the medical journals.

N Y Med Times Dec 1893

CARROLL, G. H.

In the same year, 1869, Dr. G. H. Carroll, a graduate of the New York Homœopathic Medical College, entered upon the practice of homœopathy in Albany.

World's Convention. 1876. V.2.

CARTER, GRACE ARVILLE BANKS

GRACE ARVILLE BANKS CARTER, Rochester, New York, born in Onondaga Valley, N. Y., February 22, 1875; literary education, Greene High School, 1893; medical, homœopathic medical department, University of Michigan, M. D. degree, 1900; served as interne to Memorial Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., 1900-01.

CARTER, HERBERT H

Deaths.—H. H. Carter, '95, Hahnemann, Philadelphia, located in Jacksonville, Ill., died in the Hahnemann Hospital, Philadelphia, May 24, 1899, of septic peritonitis following an attack of appendicitis. aet 28

Dr. Herbert H. Carter.

Dr. Herbert H. Carter, of Jacksonville, Ill., died at the Hahnemann Hospital on Wednesday, aged 28 years. He had been ill for a week with appendicitis. Dr. Carter was graduated at the Hahnemann Medical College in 1895, and returned to this city recently to take a special course at the Polyclinic Hospital. He was to have been married in a short time. A brother of the young man was with him at his death, and accompanied the remains home.

Born at #

Matriculated from Jacksonville, Ills Aug 30 1892. Graduated May 2 1895.

Member of Alumni Assoc.

Graduated at an Illinois College.

(A B) Died at Hahnemann while taking a Post Graduate Course at the Phila Polyclinic

Sedges. May 26 99

CARTER, HIRAM WILSON

Med & Surg Reporter Feb 1907

HIRAM WILSON CARTER, M. D.

HIRAM WILSON CARTER, M. D., of Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio, died August 25, 1907, after a lingering illness. Dr. CARTER was one of the hard working seniors who have led in the practice of homeopathy in northern Ohio during the past forty or fifty years. He was born in Twinsburg, Ohio, May 20, 1841. He attended the district school the usual amount of time that farmers' boys did and then became a student in Rev. Samuel Bissel's Institute, at Twinsburg. After that he taught school during the winter and attended Baldwin University during the other months. During his senior year he was compelled to abandon his college education on account of ill health. After recuperating he entered the office of Dr. S. A. BOYNTON, of Cleveland, and began the study of medicine. He graduated from the Homeopathic Hospital College with the class of 1869.

Dr. CARTER was married while a student to Miss ORSA A. BALDWIN, of Solon, Ohio. After graduating he practiced one year in Knoxville, Tenn. Returning to Ohio he located in Cuyahoga Falls and continued to practice there until forced to retire in 1906, on account of failing health.

Dr. CARTER was a member of the Ohio State Homeopathic Society and the Northeastern Ohio Homeopathic Society. He was president of the latter society in 1905.

CARTER, ROLLIN BERT

Amer Phys Feb 1906

—The death of Dr. R. B. Carter, formerly of Akron, Ohio, which occurred on the morning of December 23, at the Palmer Sanitarium, Cleveland, was peculiarly sad. Dr. Carter was comparatively a young man, and to all outward appearances a hale, hearty, and robust gentleman, slated for a long and active life. Suddenly he broke, and, seemingly, without cause. He finally came to Cleveland, put himself under the best talent in this city, was counselled with an eminent specialist from Chicago. But all to no good. Some insidious disease was making rapid and fatal inroads upon him. The complication baffled the best of professional talent. And so poor Dr. Carter crossed the Great Divide. All who knew him, will remember his cheery laugh and resonant voice that might be heard in any hall, his ready and happy speech, his excellent judgment as presiding officer in the Ohio Homeopathic State Society, his ever-friendly smile and good nature. He was withal a successful physician, beloved by all. Our sympathies and condolences to his widow.

ROLLIN BERT CARTER, M. D.

The subject of this sketch, Dr. Rollin B. Carter, late of Akron, O., was born in Wellington, O., on May 17th, 1858. Left fatherless at an early age, he was brought up by his grandfather on a farm near Twinsburgh, O., receiving his early education at a district school.

When 15 years of age he spent one year at Farmington Institute then going to Wellington, Ohio, high school, where he graduated in 1878. After this he entered Ohio Wesleyan University, at Delaware, and graduated in 1882.

He then matriculated at "The Homeopathic Hospital College" of Cleveland, O., from which he was graduated in March, 1884.

His first practice was at Hoosic Falls, N. Y., where he took up the work of an older practitioner, during his absence in Europe.

He then went to North Bennington, Vt., where he practiced until the spring of 1887. Then desiring to be nearer his friends and relatives, he purchased the home and good will of Dr. DeWitt Wilcox, then of Akron, O., and continued his work there until his death.

While at North Bennington, Vt., he married Helen, the oldest daughter of the late Senator Huling of that state.

Two children were born to them, neither surviving the age of infancy.

Dr. Carter was always an enthusiastic worker for the cause of homeopathy, filling many places of trust in the different societies of county and state.

The North-Eastern Ohio Society lost one of its organizers by his death. He had served as its president as well as filling each minor office within its gift.

He served two terms as secretary of the Ohio State Society and was its president in 1899.

His early life gave him a vigorous constitution, his energy, good nature and jovial disposition won for him many friends, and his demise was of unusual sadness to his fellow-workers.

He spared neither strength nor money to help along the work of his societies, where he was always to be found present and interested in their work.

As a member of the "American Institute" he was one of its constant supporters. As a member of the Congregational Church, of Akron, Ohio, he was president of the "Mens' League," and

used such zeal, prudence and judgment in the management of its affairs, as gave him a high place in the hearts of its members.

His death occurred Dec. 23rd, 1905, at a Sanitarium in Cleveland, Ohio. His wife, aged mother and a host of friends mourn his departure.

Dr. Carter joined the Institute in 1897.

A I H 1906

J. T. CARTER.

ROLLIN BERT CARTER, Akron, Ohio, was born in Brighton, Lorain county, Ohio, son of Rollin Beecher and Almena A. Baird, his wife, the former of English descent and a native of Connecticut, and the latter born in Massachusetts, of Scotch ancestors. He was graduated from the high school of Wellington, Ohio, in 1878, afterward attended Western Reserve Seminary and Ohio Wesleyan University. He was graduated from the Homœopathic Hospital College of Cleveland in 1884. The same year he had charge of the practice of Dr. Warren E. Putnam while the latter was traveling abroad. Dr. Carter practiced two years in North Bennington, Vermont, and since 1886 has lived in Akron. He is a member of the staff of Akron City Hospital, and a censor of the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College. He is a member of the Summit County Clinical Society, the Homœopathic Medical Society of Eastern Ohio, and of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Ohio, of each of which he has been secretary and president, and of the second was also treasurer. He also is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy. Dr. Carter married, September 2, 1885, Nellie R. Huling of North Bennington, by whom he had two children, both of whom died in 1890.

King Vol IV

CARTER, WOODWARD DAVIS

CARTER—FOWLER.—A pretty church wedding took place at noon November 1, 1898, in Gloria Dei (Old Swedes') Protestant Episcopal Church, Water Street, below Christian, Philadelphia, when Dr. Woodward Davis Carter was married to Miss Mae Fowler. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Snyder B. Simes, rector of the church, and the Rev. R. Harrison Carter, assistant pastor of the Walnut Street Presbyterian Church, brother of the groom. There were no bridesmaids. Mr. William P. McFellin was best man, and Miss Eva May Fowler acted as flower girl. The ushers were Dr. G. A. Van Lennep, Dr. William A. Culin, G. Harry Fowler and D. Roy Fowler. After the ceremony a reception was given at the residence of the bride's parents, and Dr. and Mrs. Carter received the congratulations of several hundred of their friends.

Hahn Mo
Dec 1898

GRIP PROVES FATAL TO DR. W. D. CARTER

Press Mar 19 1914
Long Instructor in Gynecological
Department of Hahnemann
Medical College.

Dr. Woodward D. Carter, an instructor in the Gynecological department of Hahnemann Medical College, died yesterday at his home, 1315 South Broad Street, following an acute attack of the grip. He was forty-seven years old.

After Dr. Carter's graduation from Hahnemann Medical College in 1894, he entered the Metropolitan Hospital in New York as an interne, later locating in this city. He was a member of the Homeopathic County Medical Society, the Homeopathic Society of Pennsylvania, the American Institute of Homeopathy, the Surgical and Gynecological Society of the American Institute, the William B. Van Lennep Clinical Club and the Union League. He was for a long time active in the affairs of the Alumni Association, and at one time was secretary of the association.

Dr. Carter is survived by his widow, mother and father, and a brother, who is a missionary in India. The funeral will be held at two o'clock Saturday afternoon, from the physician's home. Interment in West Laurel Hill Cemetery.

CARTER.—On March 18, 1914, WOODWARD DAVIS CARTER, M. D., husband of Mae Carter (nee Fowler), and son of Woodward and Anna B. Carter. Relatives and friends, also William B. Van Lennep Clinical Club, are invited to attend the funeral services, on Saturday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock precisely, at his late residence, 1315 S. Broad. Interment private.

DEATHS

CARTER.—On March 18, 1914, WOODWARD DAVIS CARTER, M. D., husband of Mae Carter (nee Fowler), and son of Woodward and Anna B. Carter. Relatives and friends, also William B. Van Lennep Clinical Club, are invited to attend the funeral services, on Saturday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock precisely, at his late residence, 1315 S. Broad. Interment private.

DEATH OF DR. W. D. CARTER

Member of Faculty of Hahnemann Hospital Succumbs to Attack of Grip

Dr. Woodward D. Carter, a member of the faculty of Hahnemann College, died to-day at his home, 1315 S. Broad st., following a severe attack of grip, with complications. He was forty-seven years old.

Dr. Carter graduated from Hahnemann College in 1894. He was for a long time active in the affairs of the alumni association, and was formerly secretary of it. Some time ago he was appointed teacher on the gynecological staff of the college.

When Dr. Carter first graduated, he entered the Metropolitan Hospital in New York as an interne. Later, he came to Philadelphia to practice. He was a member of the Homeopathic County Society, The Homeopathic Society of Pennsylvania, the American Institute of Homeopathy, the Surgical and Gynecological Society of the American Institute, the William B. Van Lennep Clinical Club and the Union League.

Dr. Carter leaves a widow, mother and father, and a brother, who is a missionary in India. The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in West Laurel Hill Cemetery.

WOODWARD DAVIS CARTER, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, was born in that city April 7, 1867, son of Woodward Carter and Anna B. Jahraus, his wife. His elementary education was received in the public schools of his native city from which he passed to the Central High School. He matriculated at Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, and graduated in 1894 with the degree of M. D. He is now demonstrator of gynecology in that institution. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, the Philadelphia County Homœopathic Medical Society, the Saturday Night Club of Microscopy, the William B.

Van Lennep Clinical Club and the alumni association of Hahnemann Medical College, of which body he was secretary from 1898 to 1904.

King Vol 1V

Matriculated from Phila
July 27 1891. Graduated May 8 1894
Member Alumni Assoc.##
Located 1315 South Broad St Phila
Died Mar 18 1914 aet 47

1533 S. 35th St.,

Philadelphia, June 14, 1899.

Dear Doctor:

At the Atlantic City meeting of the American Institute of Homoeopathy, June 20th to 24th, Dr. Van Baun, of Philadelphia, will be a candidate for president.

May I ask you for your vote and your influence in favor of his candidacy?

The election will take place at Casino Hall, New Steel Pier, on Thursday morning, June 22, 1899, from 10 to 12 noon.

Urging your attendance and active support in his interest,

I am

Respectfully yours,

W.D. Carter

ALUMNI ASSOCIATION
HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLLEGE
OF PHILADELPHIA
WOODWARD D. CARTER, M. D., SEC'Y,
1311 SOUTH BROAD STREET.

Chas. Mohr, M.D., Registrar,
Dorr & Co.

I am directed by
the Executive Committee of the
Alumni Association
to ask the Faculty of the
College, for the same
assistance which they
gave us last year, in
order to make the annual
banquet a success.
The assistance, if you recollect,
consisted of \$400.00 for which
the committee gave the Faculty
25 banquet cards.

Hoping for a favorable
action in this matter I am

Very respectfully
W. D. Carter, Sec'y

12/21/02

ALUMNI ASSOCIATION
OF THE
HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLLEGE
OF
PHILADELPHIA.

WOODWARD D. CARTER, M. D., SEC'Y.
1533 SOUTH 15TH ST.

Dear Doctor Bradford,

Rebure you by this truly
mail, enclosed list
of graduates (2nd lot.)

Delayed sending because
of the fact that I had not
quite completed the list
when your letter was received.
The first lot has been
in possession of Dr Em Hahnemann
since the 20th -

In the second lot I
have no record of Dr

ALUMNI ASSOCIATION
OF THE
HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLLEGE
OF
PHILADELPHIA.

WOODWARD D. CARTER, M. D., SEC'Y.
1533 SOUTH 15TH ST.

Dear George -

Yours very truly

7/31/98

W. D. Carter

CARTIER, ADOLPHE

of New Orleans. Was converted to homoeopathy in

And it is to be regretted that among so many
educated and experienced observers of that dreaded disease, only
Dr. Adolphe Cartier (in *L'Art Médical*) and Dr. William H.
Holcombe have contributed anything to its homœopathic litera-
ture (W.C.) (Yellow Fever)

CARTIER, FRANCOIS

Paris, February 13^d

18, RUE VIGNON

226

The Editor of the homoeopathic Enquiry.

Dear Sir.

Several months ago, I read in
your popular Journal a note
about the bust of Hahnemann over
his grave at the cemetery of Pere-
Lachaise. + That note comes from

It may be a Philadelphia Journal
(The Press)
and has been reprinted in the
Monthly homoeopathic review of
London.

It may be that the son of
David D'Angers, ~~author~~ of the
bust of Hahnemann was present
at the ceremony ^(of dedication) nevertheless

he has not been introduced
to me, nor to any other member
of the committee, as far as
I know.

as Secretary of the committee
and acting alone in France,
I can assure you that the
bust placed over the grave
is a gift from the hospital
St. Jacques. The bust ~~is~~ in
bronze; the authentic bust
of David d'Angers is in marble.
It was the property of Mrs.
Baronne von Bönninghausen,
and I saw it with its gold
crown in her drawing-room
of rue de la Faisanderie, in
Paris. — at her death, just
at the time of erecting the

monument, she legated bequeathed
that bust for the grave; but
the difficulty of conserving that
marble in the open air, and the
better aspect of bronze with
scotch granite lead us to prefer
the ~~bronze~~ bust, and now
the authentic bust of David
d'Angers belongs to Mr Floquemin
an old friend of Mrs Baronne
von Bönninghausen, and is in
his hotel. —

I do not know where the
philadelphian journal founded
the story of the son of David
d'Angers; it all seems very
interesting to read, but unfor-
tunately ^{is} of pure imagination

CARTLICH, J. W.

As will be seen from the following clipping from the Kansas City Journal of March 14, there is trouble in the Homeopathic camp of that city:

"Dr. J. W. Cartlich has resigned as a member of the faculty of the Homeopathic Medical college and surrendered his chair of clinical medicine. He resigned the following letter addressed to the trustees and faculty:

"KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 13, 1894.

To the Trustees and Faculty of the So-Called Homeopathic Medical College of Kansas City, Mo.:

"I most respectfully submit my resignation as a member of the faculty and chair of clinical medicine, for the following reasons:

"First—It is not a Homeopathic college, as but very little Homeopathy is taught there, but instead they teach students to alternate and mix their medicines, utterly ignoring the law of our illustrious founder, Samuel Hahnemann.

"Second—That some of the professors ridicule the single remedy prescribing and the minimum dose, and try to instill into the minds of their students that infinitesimals are nothing but bottle washings, and will not countenance a physician who practices the true law.

"Third—They graduate every one who applies, if they can without being detected.

"Fourth—This year one of the professors marked two students 10 each in examination, instead of 100, and, in order to pass said students, the faculty threw out the chair, thereby voting diplomas to those who could not correctly answer one plain, simple question out of ten.

"Consequently, I want no part in such infamy, and most respectfully tender my resignation.

"J. W. CARTLICH, M. D.,

"1659 Madison avenue."

Without knowing aught of the merits of the charges made by Dr. Cartlich we believe it will be seen by the average reader of the MEDICAL CENTURY that he has been very slow in coming forward with the indictment of his colleagues. Having been a member of the faculty of the Kansas City school for about two years and having worked hand in hand with them during the college term just ending, he not just a trifle late in finding all this evidence of carelessness and criminality? Not until his chair has been declared vacant, it seems, has he been prompted to array himself as the only one of the faculty of that school altogether pure in heart. It is not to be doubted for one moment that carelessness may have been shown in the teaching of strict Homeopathy in the Kansas City college. In fact, it is believed that this carelessness is quite general, altogether too general, in all of our schools,

and there may be some merit in the statement that Dr. Cartlich makes to the effect that the Kansas City school has been ignoring some of the laws of our illustrious founder and has been teaching the alternation and mixing of some remedies, to its discredit; but it is not believed that the Homeopathic profession will very warmly sympathize with the doctor in his efforts to tear down and destroy that of which he has been a component part until his chair was declared vacant. The Kansas City school has some splendid men in its faculty and, in our opinion, will survive the resignation of any member of its corps. Dr. Cartlich would have done much better, we believe, had he remained in the faculty and undertaken to bring about needed reform in its teachings "within the party."

Med. Century, April 1, 1894.

RESIGNED FROM THE FACULTY.—Dr. J. W. Cartlich has resigned as a member of the faculty of the Homœopathic Medical College and surrendered his chair of clinical medicine. He resigned in the following letter addressed to the trustees and faculty:

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“Consequently, I want no part in such infamy, and most respectfully tender my resignation.

“J. W. CARTLICH, M. D.,

“1659 Madison avenue.”

Med Adv Apr 1894

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ROBERT EWING CARUTHERS.—Born December 11th, 1848, in Allegheny, Pa. His early education was received in the public schools, and later, at Mount Union College, Stark County, Ohio. His medical studies were entered upon in April, 1870, under the preceptorship of Dr. L. H. Willard, and completed at "The Hahnemann Medical College, of Philadelphia," 1873. His field of labor was first in Allegheny, then one year in Downingtown, Pa.,

and in 1877 he returned to his native city where, surrounded by his family, a large and appreciative clientage, honored and respected by his medical brethren, he went in and out among us until the time of his death Jan. 3d, 1885.

The Transactions of the different medical societies to which he belonged bear testimony of him in carefully prepared papers. He was a member of the Am. Inst. Hom. of the Hom. Med. Soc. Penna., Hom. Med. Soc. Allegheny Co. and a member of the staff of The Hom. Med. Surg. Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh, holding the position of orthopaedic surgeon therein.

Of his work well and faithfully done in this society, it seems hardly worth while to speak, the transactions of the past six years exhibit his painstaking care, as your corresponding secretary and as editor. His daily life was that of the honest upright christian, modest and unassuming, straightforward and manly. As a citizen, a son, husband and father, he well performed his part in life. He was ever zealous in church work. The last work of his life was the distribution of the transactions of the State Society among the resident members. He said when completing the distribution: "I am going home to rest, I am tired and weary." Two weeks later his spirit took its flight in answer to the Master's call; "Come unto me thou weary one, and coming be at rest."

(Trans. Hom. Med. Soc. Penna. 1885)

R. E. CARUTHERS, M.D.

DR. CARUTHERS graduated at the Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, class of 1873. He located in Allegheny, Pa., and, with the exception of about one year, continued in practice there until his death, which occurred on January 5.

He was one of the visiting physicians of the Homœopathic Hospital in Pittsburgh and a member of the American Institute, State and County Societies, in the latter serving as Secretary and President and in the State Society as Corresponding Secretary. His efficient work in the latter position is well known to the profession at large. The transactions of the State Society issued under his directions are models of careful and painstaking editorship. He had just finished and issued the Transactions of 1884 when he was taken sick, and the additional work required to prepare this volume undoubtedly added very materially to the severity of his disease. The first onset of the disease was pneumonic in character, which was complicated later with typhoid conditions.

It was the good fortune of the writer to know Dr. Caruthers intimately for several years. Our intimacy was more than a professional one and savored much of school-boy days, for there was not a day of this time that we were not in social intercourse.

Modestly reserved by nature, it was difficult for those not intimately associated with him to appreciate his devotion to and his enthusiasm in his work and his strict professional integrity. Under no circumstances would he have been guilty of the slightest covert act to win his way into a family as professional attendant. It happened, as it often does to modest merit, that his early professional career was somewhat discouraging and difficult, but the converse rule being also true, that right will win, his prospects were of the brightest when death came upon him. Those who once employed his professional services never regretted it, for his ready sympathy, his devotion to and interest in his patients, and his upright moral and professional conduct won the esteem and finally the love of all.

He leaves a mother, wife and three children to bemoan the loss of a dutiful and faithful son, and a most affectionate and considerate husband and father. To them our sympathies go out and we join with those who knew him, socially and professionally, in the hope and prayer that the Great Physician will lighten their burdens, soothe their wounds and give them peace and comfort.—[T.M.S.]

N Y Med Times Feb '85

ACTION OF THE HOM. MED. SOC. OF PHILADELPHIA
ON THE DEATH OF R. E. CARUTHERS, M. D.

At the last regular meeting of the society held January 8th, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

"WHEREAS, R. E. Caruthers, M. D., of Allegheny, a valued member of the Homœopathic medical profession has been removed, by death, from his field of labor, and

"WHEREAS, We, the members of the Homœopathic Medical Society, of the county of Philadelphia, appreciating the great services rendered by Dr. Caruthers as corresponding secretary of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the state of Pennsylvania, and recognizing the loss which Homœopathy in our state has sustained in his death, do hereby

"Resolve, That we extend our sympathy to the Homœopathic Medical Society of Allegheny county, in their loss, and to his family in their bereavement,

"Resolved, That the secretary be instructed to send a copy of these resolutions to the Allegheny County Society, to the family of the deceased, and to the Homœopathic journals throughout the country."

Committee. { CLARENCE BARTLETT, M. D.
J. C. GUERNSEY, M. D.
H. NOAH MARTIN, M. D.

H. S. IVINS, M. D., Sec'y.

Med. Adv. V. 15. p 439.

Matriculated from Allegheny Pa Oct 4 1871.
Graduated Mar 10 1873. Not a member of Alumni Assoc.

ROBERT EWING CARUTHERS, M.D., Allegheny, Pa.

Died, on January 5, 1885, at 3 A. M., at his residence, 107 Arch street, Allegheny, Pa., R. E. Caruthers, M.D., aged thirty-six years.

At a meeting of the Allegheny County Homœopathic Medical Society, held Friday evening, January 9th, a committee appointed for the purpose, reported the following:

Robert Ewing, son of George C. and Mary Jane Caruthers, was born December 11, 1848, in Allegheny, Pa. He received his early education in the public schools, and afterwards attended Mount Union College, Stark county, Ohio.

In April, 1870, he entered upon the study of medicine under the preceptorship of Dr. L. H. Willard, and attended lectures at the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, where he graduated in the class of 1873. He practiced medicine in Allegheny until April, 1876, when he removed to Downingtown, Pa. Here he remained but one year, when he returned to his former field of practice, and remained until the summons came to "enter into rest."

In January, 1876, Dr. Caruthers was united in marriage to Miss Rachel L. Shoemaker, of Philadelphia, whose parents were of old Quaker stock. His widow, three children, and a widowed, childless mother, survive him.

"Who in life's battle firm doth stand,
Shall bear Hope's tender blossoms
Into the Silent Land."

For over eleven years he had a constantly increasing practice, and by untiring, conscientious labor, he had endeared himself to his patients, and by his modesty and worth he had gained a strong hold upon his medical brethren. In 1873 he became a member of the Allegheny County Homœopathic Medical Society. In 1875 he was elected Secretary, and in 1876 re-elected. In 1880 he was chosen Vice-President, and in 1883 he filled the Presidential chair of the Society. He was also a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy. Dr. Caruthers was first a member of the Dispensary Staff of the Homœopathic Hospital, and subsequently served on the Medical Staff, and when the Medical Board was reorganized,

he remarked, "My labor is drawing to a close; I feel that I am entitled to a rest." Alas! how soon it came!

In conversation with his wife, on New Year's Day, she told of the Doctor having asked early in that morning, "What day is this?" and when she replied, "Thursday, the first day of the new year," he said, "Well, I am glad the old year has departed; it was a hard and laborious year for me."

During the funeral services, when the words of the hymn were being sung:

"Work, for the night is coming;
Work, through the morning hours,"

we could but feel how faithfully he had followed every injunction of the beautiful lines.

"Work, till the last beam fadeth,
Fadeth to shine no more;
Work, while the night is dark'ning,
When man's work is o'er."

When his body was removed from the couch to the coffin there were found two copies of the *Transactions* of 1884 under his head. How strange it seems, the last pillow his head rested on was his own completed work.

On the morning of the 7th of January his body was borne to the grave by eight of his medical brethren and hidden from sight:

We leave our friend and brother in the hands of Him "who giveth His beloved sleep."

(Signed,)

W. R. CHILDS, M.D., Secretary.

J. F. COOPER, M.D.,

W. H. WINSLOW, M.D.,

C. F. BINGAMAN, M.D.,

C. C. RINEHART, M.D.

C. H. HOFFMANN, M.D.,
Secretary.

ACTION OF THE PHILADELPHIA COUNTY HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICAL
SOCIETY.

Whereas, R. E. Caruthers, M.D., a valued member of the homœopathic medical profession, has been summoned by death from his field of labor; and,

Whereas, We, the members of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the County of Philadelphia, appreciating the great services rendered by Dr. Caruthers as Corresponding Secretary of the Homœopathic Society of the State of Pennsylvania, recognize the loss which homœopathy in our State has sustained in his death:

Resolved, That we extend our sympathy to the Homœopathic Medical Society of Allegheny County in their loss, and to his friends in their bereavement.

Resolved, That the Secretary be instructed to send a copy of these resolutions to the Allegheny County Society, to the family of the deceased, and to the homœopathic journals throughout the country.

CLARENCE BARTLETT, M.D.,

J. C. GUERNSEY, M.D.,

H. NOAH MARTIN, M.D.

H. F. IVINS, M.D.,
Secretary.

Hahn Mo Feb 1885

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H. F. IVERS, M.D., *Secretary*,
CLARENCE BARTLETT, M.D.,
J. C. GUERNSEY, M.D.,
H. NOAH MARTIN, M.D.

A. I. H. 1885

R. E. CARUTHERS, M.D.

Died, on January 5th, 1885, at 3 A.M., at his residence, 107 Arch street, Allegheny, Pa., R. E. Caruthers, M.D., aged 36 years.

At a meeting of the Allegheny County Homœopathic Medical Society, held Friday evening, January 9th, a committee appointed for the purpose reported the following:

Robert Ewing, son of George C. and Mary Jane Caruthers, was born December 11th, 1848, in Allegheny, Pa. He received his early education in the public schools, and afterwards attended Mount Union College, Stark County, Ohio.

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As a citizen, a Christian man, a son, husband, and father, he has well performed his part in life. Stricken down with his armor still bright from constant use, honored in life, respected and mourned in his death, he rests from his labors.

On the 20th of December (the last day he was out) when placing a copy of the *Transactions* of 1884 in the hands of the chairman of this committee,

he remarked, "My labor is drawing to a close; I feel that I am entitled to a rest." Alas! how soon it came!

In conversation with his wife, on New Year's Day, she told of the Doctor having asked early in that morning, "What day is this?" and when she replied, "Thursday, the first day of the new year," he said, "Well, I am glad the old year has departed; it was a hard and laborious year for me."

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H. F. IVINS, M.D.,
Secretary.

Hahn Mo Feb 1885

CARRUTHERS, WILLIAM HARVEY

WILLIAM HARVEY CARRUTHERS, St. Louis, Missouri, was born in Chester, Illinois, September 27, 1872, son of David and Sarah (Wilson) Carruthers and grandson of Dr. John Carruthers, a graduate of Edinburgh (Scotland) College, who practiced in Cincinnati, Ohio, in Illinois and in San Francisco, California. He died about 1860. Dr. William H. Carruthers attended the graded and high schools of Chester, Illinois, being graduated in 1890, and then entered Monmouth (Illinois) College, which he left in March, 1893, returning in 1899 to complete the work that won him the B. S. degree. His medical preceptor was Dr. D. M. Gibson of St. Louis, Missouri, and from 1897 to 1900 he was a student in the Homœopathic Medical College of Missouri, where he came to his M. D. degree. He has since been engaged in general practice in St. Louis, and is a member of Hahnemann Society, a college quiz society, of which he was elected president in 1899.

King Vol 1V

Clinton Corners Oct 11 1862

Mrs. Smith

3

Inclosed you will find
the dollars for which you may send
me the American Homeopathic Review
for one year. I have the first No
of Vol 8 - July. you will please send
August, Sept. & Oct as back, No.

You will please send me the
Annual Annoucement of the Homeopathic
College in your City for the ensuing
Session. I have a student would
like to attend.

Yours in haste

E Case

CASE, EARSTUS E



DR. ERASTUS E. CASE,
No. 109 ANN STREET,

Hartford, Conn., Feb. 19 1891

T. G. Bradfus,

Dear Sir -

Postal card
received - Please find postal note
for \$2.05 inclosed to pay for Mr
Lippe's Key as agreed -

Yours
Erastus E. Case,
109 Ann St.,
Hartford,
Conn.

like
tenia
rice

by me
our
not

case



DR. ERASTUS E. CASE,
No. 109 ANN STREET,

Hartford, Conn., Feb. 17th 1891

J. L. Bradford,

Dear Sir,

I would like
the copy of Lippe's Key to the Materia
medica, Phila. 1854 noticed in price
list just received @ 2.00.

If it is not gone please notify me
on enclosed Postal Card, stating the
amount of postage necessary and
I will remit at once

Yrs -

Erastus E. Case

CASEY, E A

Med Invest
May
1874

OBITUARY.—Dr. E. A. CASEY, of Jerseyville, Ill., aged 63, died at his residence, in the midst of his family, on March 22. The doctor was a native of East Greenwich, Rhode Island, and settled at Hillsboro', in this State, in 1837. In 1839, he removed to Jerseyville, where he has since resided. Dr. Casey was the youngest of a family of nine, five brothers and four sisters, and only two survive him — Gen. Silas Casey, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and John W. Casey, of Pekin, Ill. During the late war Dr. Casey was surgeon of the 27th Illinois regiment, and also in charge of the hospital at Keokuk, Iowa. The Dr. was buried under the auspices of the Masonic and 'Odd Fellows' fraternities. We have received no detailed account of his illness, but from the report which Dr. T. S. Hoyne, of this city, received from Mrs. Casey, it is probable that his death resulted from chronic cystitis. It is hardly necessary to remark that in the death of Dr. Casey the citizens of Jerseyville lose an esteemed and valued friend, for all who knew him respected and loved him.

CASEY, LEE EDWARD

LEE EDWARD CASEY, Minerva, Stark county, Ohio, born Colton, N. Y., January 5, 1872; literary education, Colton high school; graduated M. D. Cleveland University of Medicine and Surgery, 1895.

It is but current report that early as the year 1835, one Dr. Caspari settled in Chester county, at a place then called Prestonville, now named West Grove. He is said to have been well versed in the tenet of Similia, and was the pioneer practitioner in this county. If the memory of my informer is correct, he remained but about one year, which short stay proved that his acceptance was not universal. Dr. Caspari now resides in Louisville, Ky. From the year 1835 to the year 1840 we cannot discover that the great principle of Homœopathy had a single representative in the county.

1868

Pa.
^

Hom. in Chester Co. Jones.

Caspari.—The "*Hahnemannian Monthly*," of April, says: "We are called upon to chronicle the painful intelligence of the death of Dr. Caspari, of Louisville, Ky., one of the pioneers of homœopathy in the West. Dr. Caspari was a native of Germany, and twenty-six years ago was an assistant to Dr. Hering. Subsequently he removed to Louisville, and was very successful in establishing a large and lucrative practice, and in bringing homœopathy into general favor. He retired from professional pursuits some six months ago, leaving his practice to his successor, Dr. Wm. L. Breyfogle, and, residing at his country seat, turned his attention to the cultivation of the grape. He died February 4th, of typhoid fever, aged about sixty-two years."

Am. Hom. Obs. V. 7. p. 256. May 1870

CASS, JAMES



Madam

Dear Madam

I am pleased to hear
of the success of your
efforts in the
cause of the
colored people
in the
State of New York

I am, Sir,

Yours very truly

James C. Smith

Madam

Yours truly

Alfred

CASSANOVA, ANTONIO

Matriculated from Havana, Cuba, Nov 15 1867. Graduated
Feb 27 1869 (Hering College) Not a member of Alumni Assoc
Located at Cienfuegos, Cuba.

CASSEDAY, FRANK FISK

Born at Newark, Ills, Feb 29 1856. Matriculated from
Evanston, Ills, Sept 25 1878. Graduated Mar 10 1879.
Member of Alumni Assoc. 1st Course at Chicago Homoeopathic
College. Graduate Northwestern University, Evanston and Chicago
Degree: Baccalaur. Bachelor of Philosophy Practiced
Stevens Point, Wis: Kansas City, MO: now 517 Dekum Bldg
Portland, Ore.

CASSELBERRY, JOHN LOGAN

Born at Morgantown, West Virginia, Oct 10 1872. ~~Sept 29~~
Matriculated from Morgantown Sept 29 1893. Graduated May 5
1896. Member Alumni Assoc. Graduate of West Virginia University
Located at 1213 Hetch Ave. Woodhaven Long Island. N Y.

ing of hundreds of thousands of patients in the expense of maintaining to the safe in the institutions, and has enabled many families to treat at home persons who have been unfortunately afflicted.

Jan. 1923

Dr. David J. Chaffee Dies; Practiced Medicine in City for Close to Half Century

Dr. David J. Chaffee, for nearly fifty years a practising physician here, died yesterday afternoon at his home, No. 50 South Union street, aged 87 years.

Dr. Chaffee was born in a log cabin in Palermo, Oswego county, on May 6, 1835. He was a descendant of David Chaffee, an ensign in the Revolutionary war. He received his early education in the district school and the Falley Seminary at Fulton, and then entered the Albany Medical College. He left that institution to enter the Western Homeopathic Medical College in Cleveland, from where he was graduated with the class of 1863. He then entered the Pennsylvania Homeopathic Medical

College in Philadelphia, being graduated with honors.

On March 4, 1863 Dr. Chaffee married Miss Louisa Broadwell, of Fulton, a descendant of Alexander Hamilton. Mrs. Chaffee died two years ago.

Dr. Chaffee began his practice at Jennings Corners, Oswego county, and after three and a half years there moved to Fairport where he practiced for nearly six years. He came to Rochester from Fairport and continued in active practice until a few weeks previous to his death.

He leaves a daughter, Mrs. Cora A. C. Boddy, and a granddaughter, Miss Florence C. Boddy. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 1 o'clock from the home. Burial will be in Fulton.

De Witt Trial

CASSELBERRY, MELVILLE L

Matriculated from Mt Holly, N J. Oct 13 1851. Graduated Mar 1 1853. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Morgantown West Virginia.

DR. M. L. CASSELBERRY DIES

Was Oldest Alumnus of Hahnemann College at 95

Dr. M. L. Casselberry, for years the oldest alumnus of Hahnemann Medical College, died yesterday at the Belgravia Hotel, where he had been living for the past two years and a half.

Dr. Casselberry was in his ninety-sixth year and his death was due to the infirmities of age. Present at his bedside when the end came were his widow, a daughter, Mrs. Louis Lindemuth, and a granddaughter, Miss Marion Lindemuth.

Dr. Casselberry is survived also by a son, Byron Casselberry, who is connected with Strawbridge & Clothier, and another son, Dr. J. L. Casselberry, of Ozone Park, Long Island. Funeral services will be held at 2.30 P. M. tomorrow from an undertaking establishment at 1820 Chestnut st. Interment will be in Oak Grove Cemetery, Morgantown, West Va., where Dr. Casselberry practiced for more than seventy years as a "country doctor."

DR. M. L. CASSELBERRY

Hahnemanns Oldest Alumnus Passes Away at 96

Dr. M. L. Casselberry, the oldest alumnus of Hahnemann Medical College died Sunday at the Belgravia.

Death was not unexpected, because of the physician's advanced age. He was ninety-six. Funeral services will be held this afternoon at 2.30 from an undertaking establishment at 1820

Chestnut street. Interment will be in Oak Grove Cemetery, Morgantown, West Virginia, where Dr. Casselberry practiced for more than seventy years as a "country doctor."

Dr. Casselberry was graduated from Hahnemann in 1853. He retired from active practice when he came to Philadelphia. He made his home at the Belgravia Hotel for the last two and a half years. Until he was eighty-four he was an enthusiastic horseman, thinking nothing in the early days of his practice of riding twenty miles to see a patient. He was an advocate of plain and simple living. He often expressed his disapproval of the increasing tendency to divorce, citing his own long married life. He also decried "medical specialization," and deplored the inclination of young physicians to avoid the small towns, because of their dislike for general practice. It was in the small towns, he said, that young men would find their greatest opportunity for service.

He is survived by his widow, a daughter, Mrs. Louis Lindemuth, two sons, Byron Casselberry, who is connected with Strawbridge and Clothier and Dr. J. L. Casselberry, of Ozone Park, Long Island, and a granddaughter, Miss Marion Lindemuth.

CASSELBERRY, RICHARD CLOWARD

Born at Oaks, Montgomery Co. Pa Oct 7 1877. Matriculated from
Oaks, Pa. Oct 3 1899. Graduated May 14 1903, Member of Alumni
Assoc. Graduate Ursinus College. Located at 700 Madison St
Chester, Pa.

CASTLE, ASBURY B (Rev)

Matriculated from Pittsburg, Pa, Oct 2 1878. Graduated
Mar 10 1880. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at
5800 Wellesley Ave Pittsburg Pa

CASTLE, DAVID M

DAVID M. CASTLE, M.D.

Was born in Lower Paxton township, Dauphin county, Pa., October 7, 1842. His father, Daniel Castle, was a prosperous farmer. Young David's earlier education was developed at Palmyra Academy, Lebanon county, and after receiving an academic education, he taught school for a few years. Tiring of this he accepted a position as a clerk in a business house in Harrisburg. He commenced the study of medicine in the Fall of 1870, but did not enter as a student, the Hahnemann College of Philadelphia, until 1871. His progress here was rapid. After graduating he became assistant to Professor

Gause in teaching obstetrics. He afterwards became master of the quiz class in obstetrics.

Dr. Castle's connection with the Dispensary of the Hahnemann College covers a period of eight years. Dr. Castle's charities are numerous. The Southern Homœopathic Dispensary, of which he was the head and front for a period of fourteen years is a monument to his fidelity and service in advancing the cause of humanity. Dr. Castle has a hobby. He is an insatiable collector of Coleoptera (beetles). He has the largest known collection of anyone in the country. His specimens, arranged and classified, amounting to one hundred thousand, cover nineteen thousand distinct species, having been gathered from all parts of the globe. The doctor is a member of the Philadelphia Homœopathic Society; the Academy of Natural Sciences and other organizations. His wife, who died in 1886, was the daughter of James and Sarah H. Maull, well known property owners in the old district of Southwark.

Matriculated from Phila
Oct 2 1871. Graduated
Mar 10 1873. Member Alumni
Assoc. Palmyra Academy.
Lebanon Co. Pa. Located
at 2007 Arch St Phila

D. M. CASTLE, M. D.

2007 ARCH STREET

CONSULTATIONS: { 8 to 10 a. m.
2 to 4 p. m.
6 to 8 p. m.

Philadelphia. Dec 10th 1900

Dr J. L. Bradford,

My Dear Doctor,

I have 19 or 20
volumes of the Hahnemannian
Monthly, beginning with Vol 1
1879. 7 vols are nicely
bound. I think the last vol
is 1898. Can you use them
and what are they worth.
Kindly let me know & oblige

Very Truly Yours
D. M. Castle

new Series

All in first class condition

CASTLE, MORRISON HENRY

MORRISON HENRY CASTLE, Cleveland, Ohio, born Ashtabula, Ohio, September 7, 1877; graduated M. D., Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, 1903; house physician Huron Street Hospital, 1903-1904; visiting surgeon Dalrymple Hospital; secretary Doctor's Round Table Club, 1904; secretary grand chapter Phi Alpha Gamma, 1902.

CASTRO, JULIO



CASWELL, G C

G. C. Caswell, of the class of '91, died last month at his home in Geneva. Dr. Caswell had been for quite a period a sufferer from rheumatism which developed into an active febrile condition with acute endocarditis as a complication.
* * *

Cl Hom
Reporter
Mar 1900

CATE, HARRY HAMILTON

HARRY

HENRY HAMILTON CATE, Lakewood, New Jersey, is a native of Peekskill, New York, born January 9, 1859, son of Hamilton Jonathan Cate and Mary Dorothea Plant, his wife. He attended the public schools of Amherst, Massachusetts; acquired his professional education in Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, graduated from that institution in 1888, and has since been engaged in general practice.

King Vol 1V

Born at Peekskill, N Y Jan 9
1859. Matriculated from Lakewood N J
Oct 20 1885. Graduated Apr 6th
1888. Not a member of Alumni Assoc.
High School Graduate. Located at
Lakewood, N J.

CATE, H J

CATE, H. J. M.

Went to Milford, N. H. in 1857.

D.,
on, Mass.
or Review

D.,
on, Mass.

heart of the
I was in
alone.

name is *Camilleton M. Cate*.
ed at *Woodstock Medical College*, in the year *1849*.
nt address is *Amherst*, county of *Hampshire*
Mass., where I have resided since *1865*.
to that time I practised in *Brooklyn, N.Y.*
o practise Homoeopathy in the year *1850* at *Danville, Vt.*
to *Concord, N.H.*, *1857*, where I re=
ed until *1855*; was then at *North*.
ton till *1857*. From this time *Brooklyn*.
my home until *1865*, although out of

D.,
on, Mass.
or Review

D.,
on, Mass.

heart of the
I was in pa
alone.

Subscription, \$2.00 per annum, in advance, may be sent to

S. WHITNEY, M.D.

3 Tremont Temple, Boston

All Communications, Exchanges, and Books for
should be sent to the Editor,

I. T. TALBOT, M.D.

31 Mt. Vernon Street, Boston

Health & out of practice the greater
time For the first year at Concord
partnership with Dr. A. Merrill afterwards

Amherst, Mass., Feb. 21, 1870.
J. T. Talbot, M.D.

Boston, Mass.;

My dear Sir: I have
been waiting until I dare
wait no longer, hoping
that I should be able to give
you something positive as
to at least one name of the
enclosed list. I know
that Dr. Tuttle is not
at Holyoke, I supposed
I could learn his present
whereabouts from Holyoke
or Northampton; but have
not been able to do so. Ex-
cept as to Dr. Andrews of
Wendell, I have no means of
learning as to the present
residence of any on the list, ^{Mr.}
unless through the Post-Mes-



ATE, SHADRACH M., M. D., of Salem, Mass., was born in Loudon, N. H., October 24th, 1823, and was the tenth child of Shadrach and Rebecca Cate.

His early life was passed upon the farm where he was born, and he made the best use of such educational advantages as were within his reach. At the age of nineteen he entered the office of Dr. Alpheus Morrill, (then of Solon, O., but for the last twenty years at Concord, N. H.) During the third year of his studies, his preceptor, Dr. Morrill, examined the claims of the homœopathic system, became convinced that the homœopathic law of cure was a law in nature, and therefore a reliable guide, and consequently adopted that system of practice. After a thorough personal investigation, and an extended observation of the beneficial results attending homœopathic treatment as conducted by Dr. Morrill, Dr. Cate also adopted that system, and supplemented his allopathic course of study, with a thorough knowledge of homœopathic therapeutics. He attended the medical department of the Western Reserve College at Cleveland, O., during the session of 1844-'45; was examined by the Board of Censors of the Ohio Homœopathic Medical Society, and admitted as a member, which, under the laws of that State, was a full licence to practise medicine.

Soon after he took the business of Dr. Crosby, of Akron, O., which he successfully conducted for some nine months, during Dr. Crosby's absence.

In the fall of 1845, Dr. Cate entered into partnership with Dr. Alpheus Morrill, his former preceptor, removed to Columbus, O., and they introduced the homœopathic practice of medicine in that city.

In December, 1847, he returned to his native town (Loudon, N. H.), and was the first to introduce homœopathy in that section of the country. In January, 1849, he married Miss Martha J. Messer. In 1854, he graduated at the Western Homœopathic Medical College, at Cleveland, O. In January, 1850, he removed to Augusta, Me., where he had a

large practice; but in 1860, in consequence of ill health, he was obliged to leave Augusta, and for nearly a year he took charge of the business of Dr. E. B. de Gersdorf, in Salem, Mass., where he afterwards settled as the successor of Dr. John H. Floto.

He became a member of the Massachusetts Homœopathic Medical Society, in 1861; gave the annual address in 1864, and was elected President of the society for the year 1867. He has contributed to the various medical journals during a period of twenty-five years, and his various essays upon medical subjects, some of which have been republished in England, have caused him to be held in high estimation by his professional brethren.

Dr. Cate, wherever located, has enjoyed the respect and esteem of a large circle of patrons, by whom he has always been regarded as a skilful physician, and an honest man.

Name in full

Shadrach M Cate M.D.

P. O. Address in full

Salem Mass

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

*Cleveland Homoeopathic
College*

CATLIN, MARCUS MILTON

Name in full
Marcus M. Catlin M.D.

P. O. Address in full
Brookfield, Madison Co. N.Y.

Graduate (or Licentiate) of
Western Homoeopathic College
Cleveland Ohio

Catlin

MARCUS MILTON CATLIN, Canton, Ohio, is a native of Winfield, Herkimer county, New York, born August 15, 1846, son of Roger Catlin and Elizabeth Noble, his wife. He is of Scotch and Irish ancestry on his father's and of English ancestry on his mother's side. His early education was acquired in the public schools of his native town and in Winfield Academy. He began the study of medicine under the preceptorship of Dr. Nathan Spencer of Winfield, New York, in 1865 and so continued until 1868, when he matriculated in the Cleveland Homoeopathic Medical College, receiving his degree from that institution in the same year (1868). After graduation he located for practice in Brookfield, New York, remained there three years and then removed to Massillon, Ohio, where he practiced from 1871 until 1875. He has been practicing his profession in Canton continuously since the latter year, and during his twenty-nine years of residence there has succeeded in building up a large practice in the city. Dr. Catlin is now working on a book to be entitled "Typhoid Fever and the Defence of Homoeopathy," which is to be a plea for the law of similars, that it may not be engulfed in

the driftwood of so-called modern mediums, or in other words, treating disease by "fads" instead of a fixed law. He is a member of the American Institute of Homoeopathy, the Ohio State Homoeopathic Society and the Homoeopathic Medical Society of Northeastern Ohio, of which he has been a member since its organization in 1873, and was its president in 1898. Dr. Catlin served in the civil war from 1863 to 1865, and is a member of McKinley Post No. 25, G. A. R., department Ohio. He married, June 27, 1869, Rozella D. Clarke, daughter of Anson T. and Elmira Clarke of Brookfield, New York, by whom he has three children—Homer Clarke Catlin, who died March 10, 1902; Grace Elizabeth Catlin and Mary Alice Catlin. His wife died in 1894, and he married, May 25, 1898, Flora Belle Miller, daughter of Rev. Hiram and Margaret Miller of Canton, Ohio.

~~King Vol IV~~



Harvey
 CATOR, HENRY HULL, M. D., of Syracuse, N. Y., was born in Roxbury, Delaware county, N. Y., July 13th, 1815. His preparatory studies having been completed, he commenced in 1837 the study of medicine, under the direction of Dr. J. B. Cowles. He then entered the Medical College of Geneva, N. Y., where he graduated in the spring of 1840. Soon after graduation he formed a partnership with Dr. Hilem Bennett, and commenced the practice of allopathy in Moravia, Cayuga county, N. Y. Here his attention was forcibly directed to homœopathy. After a patient and thoughtful investigation of its principles, he adopted them, and became an earnest and zealous advocate of them. His experience has been such that every day of practice does but increase his confidence in the wisdom of the doctrine of Hahnemann. The brilliant results of his practice induced his honored partner, Dr. Bennett, to examine its merits. He also gave to the subject the most careful and laborious examination, which resulted in his also becoming an enthusiastic convert.

In 1842, Dr. Cator removed to the city of Syracuse, N. Y.; he was the pioneer of homœopathy in the county of Onondaga, and his success in the treatment of disease was such that many of the leading allopathic physicians of the city and county were induced to embrace its principles, and have since become prominent members of the school.

He was one of the original members of the American Institute of Homœopathy, organized in the city of New York in 1844, and at this time one of the most powerful and beneficent medical organizations in America. In 1846, he edited and published the *Homœopathic Pioneer*, at Syracuse, a monthly medical journal, in which he was assisted by Dr. L. M. Tracy, who was then his pupil. This spirited little medical journal gave an impetus to homœopathy, in disseminating its truths and combating the errors and fallacies of allopathy. At that day very little was known of either its principles or practice, and although met by the prejudices of the people

and the hostility of allopaths, it steadily advanced until it secured a circulation commensurate with the ability which characterized it.

While temporarily residing at Milwaukee for the benefit of his wife's health, in 1847, he was successful in introducing homœopathy in that city, where Drs. Tracy and Douglass have since continued its practice with honor to themselves and to the satisfaction of the people. Returning to Syracuse, he was engaged in a large and lucrative practice until stricken down with a painful and protracted illness, which compelled him to relinquish his arduous duties and seek in a milder and more genial climate the restoration of his health. A few years of travel in the South, and recreation among the Catskill Mountains, have completely restored him to his former health, and he expects, in due time, again to enter upon the active duties of his profession, in the city of Camden, N. J.

DEATH OF MRS. CATOR.

A Lady Distinguished in Literature and Religious Work.

Mrs. M. A. Cator died yesterday in her seventy-first year at No. 411 Linden street, Camden. She was the widow of Dr. Harvey H. Cator, who died in February, 1882. He was a prominent physician, one of the pioneers in homœopathy and practiced his profession in the city of Syracuse, N. Y., for many years. He was also a school-mate and friend of Jay Gould, who was born and raised in the same community, Delaware county, New York.

Mrs. Cator was a woman of great literary attainments and tastes. She devoted much of her time to charitable and religious works. She was not only well known as an authoress in religious papers and to the Christian community, but she frequently appeared upon the platform as a public lecturer upon religious and moral themes. The only child of Mr. and Mrs. Cator is the present wife of James H. Heverin, of the Philadelphia bar.

Mrs. Cator will be buried at the native place of her husband and self, which is Roxbury, Delaware county, N. Y. There will be funeral services at her residence in Camden at 3 o'clock P. M. to-day and the body will be then taken to Roxbury on Friday for interment beside her husband.

12/2

Wm Hall Gater

New York



Kingston, N.Y.

118 May 1867

A. W. Smith M.D.

I think a bond
four of us will begin attend-
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it not four, will be Candidates
for membership.

Very truly
A. W. Smith

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*H. H. CATOR, M.D.,
Camden, N. J.*

Of this veteran senior of the first year whose death has occurred since the last meeting of the Institute, but little information has been obtained.

He was born, it is understood, in Delaware county, N. Y., in 1815, and was the pioneer of homœopathy in Onondaga county in the same State, and an active propagandist of our school in Central New York for a number of years. He afterwards removed to the West, but again returned to New York, and practiced in Kingston, Ulster county. For a long time he was disabled from practice by ill health, necessitating successive removals. He was much esteemed for his professional ability and many admirable qualities wherever he resided, but numerous inquiries have as yet failed to secure sufficient details of his life for the purposes of a memoir

Trans. Am. Inst. Hom. 1883.

HARVEY HULL, CATOR, M.D. Camden, N. J.

The death of this pioneer and veteran was briefly noticed in the "Transactions" of last year, but no memoir was included in the Necrological Report, for want of information. Since that, some interesting particulars have been obtained that are embraced in the following summary :

Dr. Harvey H. Cator, the tenth and youngest child of Gideon and Mary Cator, was born in Roxbury, Delaware county, N. Y., July 13, 1815. His educational advantages were limited, being only such as could be obtained in the district schools of that then newly settled region, but being of a studious disposition he made unusual proficiency, and became himself a teacher at an early age.

He began the study of medicine under Dr. Fanning, of Gilboa, Schoharie county, N. Y., in the year 1835. In 1838-39 he attended the medical college at Geneva, N. Y., where he received his diploma in the spring of 1840. In September of that year he married Maranda A. Cady. In the following year, he began to practice his profession in Moravia, Cayuga county, N. Y., where his attention was first called to the subject of homœopathy through the influence of Dr. Horatio Robinson, Sr., of Auburn, who was frequently called professionally to Moravia and other adjacent towns, and with whom he early became acquainted. He was finally led to embrace it heartily from observation of the treatment under his own eyes, and especially because of the wonderful cure wrought upon his wife, who after having been given over by allopathic physicians, was restored by a change of treatment.

The rising importance of Syracuse seeming to present a wider field for practice and the introduction of homœopathy, to which he had become an enthusiastic adherent, he removed thither in 1842. The wisdom of this step was soon manifest by the favor with which the new system was received and the popularity he gained personally. His zeal for the cause, however, was not satisfied with his own individual success, but found an expression in the publication of a

small periodical which he there commenced, called the *Homœopathic Pioneer*, the publication of which he continued for several years, in fact until he felt impelled to leave Syracuse in 1846, on account of his wife's health, which had again become enfeebled.

Extending his journey to the then far West, he opened an office in Milwaukee, in company with Dr. Tracy, for the practice of homœopathy, which was then introduced into that city for the first time. His wife's health being, after some time again restored, he returned to the East, and by the advice of a number of the resident homœopathic physicians, decided to establish himself in the city of New York. This he did, taking an office in company with the late Dr. Snow, on the corner of Broadway and Waverly Place, where he remained for four years, when his own health gave way and compelled him to suspend all professional work for a year.

At the end of his compulsory rest, he received an urgent invitation from some of his old patrons and friends in Syracuse to return to his former field of labor, accompanied by the proffer of a considerable sum of money in case of his compliance. He accepted the invitation but declined the bonus, saying to his friends that he would prefer to rely upon their patronage for his support. This was given to a large extent, and for several years he was engaged in active practice in that city and neighborhood, associated with Dr. A. R. Morgan. During this time, as before, he continued to exercise his influence as a propagandist of homœopathy, and with such good success that many well-known physicians of the old school in central New York were induced to investigate and ultimately to adopt the doctrine and practice in which he had an abiding faith.

In 1867, unfortunately, his own health became so much affected that his professional friends advised a change of climate as the only probable means of restoration. In consequence of this decision, he removed to the State of Delaware, near Dover, on a farm. Under the combined influence of rest and the more genial climate, he greatly improved, and as soon

as he was able—such was his persistent devotion to his profession—he opened an office in Dover, in company with Dr. John F. Baker, where he practiced two years. When he thought himself sufficiently restored he returned to his native State, and practiced about two years in Kingston, on the Hudson river, but was compelled by the severity of the winters and repeated attacks of inflammatory rheumatism from unavoidable exposure, to seek again a milder climate. This time he went to Camden, N. J., where he opened an office in June, 1874.

Camden continued to be his home for the rest of his life; but for a number of years, owing to increasing ill-health accompanied by much suffering, his labors were subject to frequent and prolonged interruptions. At length his suffering became so severe as to disqualify him from duty altogether. The pains were not only severe, but inexplicable, and the last three years of his life were mostly spent in vain efforts by change of place and eminent professional advice to find alleviation of his distress. His release by death occurred Feb. 21st, 1882, the immediate cause being uræmic poisoning. A *post-mortem* examination revealed a large fungus tumor closely adherent to the posterior wall of the abdomen completely enveloping both kidneys—one so closely, that it had become atrophied and shrunken to half its natural size, though, as the report states, without being otherwise diseased. All the vital organs examined were found in a healthy condition. His mind remained clear to the last and his faith in God unshaken, passing away with the exclamation, "God can make no mistake—though He slay me, yet will I trust in Him."

Dr. Cator was present in New York in 1844, at the organization of the American Institute of Homœopathy, of which he remained a zealous and enthusiastic member during his whole professional life.

The foregoing simple narrative exhibits to some extent the admirable characteristics of the man and the claims of our

late associate to an honorable mention in our archives
among the departed worthies of the Institute.

He has left a widow and an only daughter--the wife of
the Hon. J. H. Heverin of Phila. (A. I. H. 1884)

CAULFIELD, EDWIN JAMES

EDWIN JAMES CAUFFIELD, Akron, Ohio, born Kenilworth, Ohio, November 12, 1871; literary education, North Bloomfield High School, 1888, and Ohio Northern University; medical, Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, M. D. degree, 1895; practiced in Middlefield, Ohio, 1895-97, and since the latter year in Akron; took Dr. E. H. Pratt's course in orificial surgery in 1904; member American Institute of Homœopathy.

CAULKINS, DOUGLASS

Born in New York Dec 15 1857. Matriculated from Knoxville, Tenn., Nov 1 1884. Graduated Mar 31 1886. Member of Alumni Assoc. Degree A. B. Grant University. Located at Knoxville Tenn.

CAYCE, EUGENE GENIUS

Matriculated from Hopkinsville, Ky, Oct 12 1870
Graduated Mar 11 1872. Not a member of Alumni Assoc.
Located at Hopkinsville, Ky.

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CHACE, J. A.

Graduated at Harvard College in 1871 and settled in
Pawtucket, R. I. as a partner of Dr Wheaton. (W.Conv.)

CHACE, NATHANIEL RAY

Born at Block Island, R I.

Matriculated from Providence, R I Oct 11 1870. Graduated
Mar 11 1872. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at
Newport, R I. Died at Newport, Jan 17 1911 aet 75. Found
dead in his room.

CHACE, N. R.

Graduated at Hahnemann Med. College of Phila. in 1872
and at once located at Newport, R. I. (W.Conv.)

Nathaniel R. Chace, a graduate of the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, Class of 1872, and a resident of Newport, R. I., was found dead on the floor of his bedroom in the forenoon of January 17th. He was last seen alive on the 27th of December, when he told his friends he expected to be absent from the city a number of days, on a visit to his brother, Gen. Thomas W. Chace, of East Greenwich. Hence his non-appearance on the streets occasioned no thought. At length General Chace, who had been expecting him and had heard nothing from him, called up the local manager of the telephone company and asked if he could tell him of the Doctor's whereabouts. He at once repaired to the one-story building on Touro street, which contains three rooms that served respectively as office, living room and bedroom. He found the key of the front door in the keyhole on the inside. The police were summoned, an entrance forced and the lifeless remains discovered. His trunk was found packed. It is believed that, having suffered from diabetes and other disorders for a number of years, he was seized with some violent attack during the night and started to obtain some medicine when death overtook him. His age was 75 years, 5 months and 17 days. Funeral services were held two days later at the Second Baptist Church. Dr. Chace was a native of Block Island and in early years followed the sea, visiting ports in all parts of the world. Thereby such vigor of constitution was secured that his age was generally under-estimated nearly a score of years. He had been a member of the Rhode Island Homœopathic Society.

-Jl A I H Mar 1911

CHADWICK, JOHN GARTSIDE

Born Chester, Pa, Dec 28 1874. Matriculated from Chester
Sept 19 1893. Graduated May 5 1896. Member Alumni Assoc.
Preparatory School. Located at 274 Richmond St Buffalo N Y

CHADWICK, SYLVESTER

Matriculated from Wilmington, Del, Oct 2 1878. Graduated
Mar 10 1880. Not a member of Alumni Assoc.

CHAFFEE, ~~D. J.~~ DAVID JUDSON

Dr. J. D. CHAFFEE, of Long Beach, Cal., died at his home on May 2d after a week's illness. He was born in Kane County, Ill., on November 5, 1843. He came to the Pacific Coast in 1875, settling in Garden Grove, where he remained for twenty-six years, failing health leading to his removal to Long Beach. The recovery of his health took him back into active practice. Some two months ago he suffered a stroke of paralysis, from which he appeared to recover. Assuming professional duties before he had quite regained his strength, he took a severe cold, contracted tonsillitis, and passed away after a week's suffering. All through life Dr. Chaffee was a devoted church-worker, energetic, consistent and beloved by those who knew him best. He realized his often expressed wish that he might die in harness. His companion of almost forty years survives him. PPac Coast J1 Hom June 1907

Matriculated from Palermo N Y Oct 5 1866. Graduated
Mar 2 1867. Member of Alumni Assoc. Educated Falley's
Seminary, Fulton, N. Y. one year at Albany Medical College
Practiced six years in Palmyra and 33 years in Rochester N Y

CHAFFEE, DAVID JUDSON

DAVID JUDSON CHAFFEE, Rochester, New York, born Palmyra, May 6, 1835; literary education, Falley's Seminary, Fulton, N. Y.; student one year Albany Medical College; practiced three years in Palmyra, then matriculated at the Homœopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania, but graduated in 1863 from the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, and in 1867 from the college in Philadelphia; practiced six years in Palmyra and for thirty-three years in Rochester.



Fairport Monroe Co. N.Y.

My name is J. J. Chaffee

After attending one course of
lectures at Albany N.Y. I attended
two courses at the Western Homoeop.
Medical College of Cleveland Ohio
and graduated in 1863 —

The fall of 1866 I attended a full
course of lecture at the Homoeop.
Medical College of Pennsylvania
and graduated in the spring of 1867 —

My address is at Fairport Monroe
Co. N.Y., where I have resided since
1867 — Previous to that time
I practiced in Palermo N.Y.
I began to practice Homoeopathy
in the year 1863 at Palermo N.Y. —

J. J. C.

CHAFFEE, JOHN D

Dr John D Chaffee was a living example of the trite saying that a physician is born not made. Born near Elgin, Ills, on Nov 5th 1843, his early life was spent on his father's farm.

Passing thro the district school he attended Mount Morris (Ill) Seminary. From his earliest years his one desire was to be a doctor. Fate seemed to decree otherwise and kept him on the farm, first in Illinois, until 1875, when he removed to Garden Grove, California where he continued to till the soil until 1884.

During all these years every spare moment was given to the study of medical works. After taking up his residence in Garden Grove his neighbors soon learned of his knowledge of medicine, and insisted in his prescribing for their ills, and very soon he had built up a large practice.

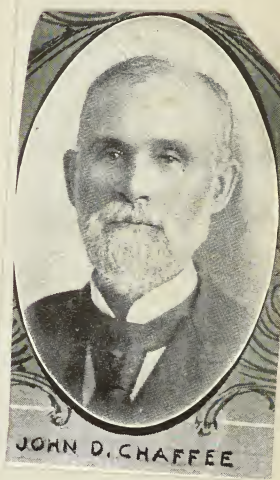
In 1884 he matriculated in the Hahnemann Hospital Med College of San Francisco from which institution he graduated in 1887

After graduating he continued to practice in Garden Grove till Dec 1901 when he removed to Long Beach where he built up a large practice.

On the morning of Feb 26th while attending an obstet-

rical case he had a slight stroke of paralysis. After resting for a month, refusing to recognize the warning, he again resumed practice. On the evening of the 24th of April he took a long drive in the country in a rain storm. That night he was taken sick with quinsy, which developed into blood poisoning; eight days later he quietly slipped his earthly moorings and journeyed for the haven of rest his blameless life had prepared him to enjoy. That morning one of God's noblemen left us. A friend to all, he lived in his daily life the religion of Christ, that for so many years he professed. From the age of 14 years he was a consistent member of the M. E. Church. It is needless to say that Dr. Chaffee was a successful physician in the truest sense.

To know him was to love him. We who knew him most intimately feel his loss the most keenly. He leaves a widow to mourn his loss, they having had no children.—W. Lawrence Woodruff, M. D.



Am Inst Hom 1907

Jerome C. M. Chaffee, M. D., died in Chicago, April 2, 1915. Dr. Chaffee was graduated from the Cleveland College in 1868; a member of the Institute since 1913.

CHAFTEE, NEWTON H

Matriculated from Chesterfield, N J. Sept 14 1889. Graduated
Apr 12 1892. Member of Alumni Assoc. Graduate Pennington
Academy. (N.J.) Located at Chesterfield N J (Ph. G.)

Chaffee, Newton Halloway, Chesterfield, N. J.; Hahnemann Medical College
and Hospital of Philadelphia, 1892; aged 61; died March 16 at the McKinley
Hospital, Trenton, of carcinoma of the transverse colon. 1928.

CHAFFEE, RALPH WALDO

Matriculated from Syracuse, N Y. Sept 29 1893, Graduated
May 5 1896. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 1626 W.
Genessee St. Syracuse, N Y.

CHALFANT, WILLIAM PAXSON

Born Mar 23 1880 at
Matriculated from Phila Sept 6 1897. Graduated May 15
1902. Member Alumni Assoc. Located at Oxford, Pa

CHALFANT, HARRY BAILEY

Born at Phila June 8 1883. Matriculated from Phila Sept 26
1904. Graduated May 26 1908. Member Alumni Assoc. Pennington
Seminary. Stroudsburg Normal School. North Carolina University
Practiced in Phila. Huntington, Pa. new at Mullica Hill, N J

CHALKER, ABRAHAM POLLOCK

Matriculated from Camden N J Oct 16 1868. Graduated Mar 9 1870
Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Kingston, N Y (A B)

W. Chalker

Rondout N.Y. Oct 7. 1870

Professor Koch

Dr. Sir

Your last letter duly recd. I thank you for your information in regard to the microscope and think that I will invest in one before long.

As you recommend the Craig microscope to those who cannot very well indulge in a more expensive one I think I will most likely purchase one of them.

As the Hospital is in process of building and when finished it will need to be furnished with beds or cots - bed sacks - sheets &c I thought I would write to you of a place where such things can be brought - some of them ready made

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to our common cause

I would like to attend lectures again this winter as I find it is much pleasanter to be a student of medicine than a practitioner of the noble art. Still I have one consolation & that is that I do not see that ominous little tin box of yours with its nice little papers so neatly folded up continually "in prospect" as I did last year this time. But I know that it is in store for some others as it then was for me. Good luck to them whomver they may be is the best I can wish for all such trembling candidates. I hope you will have a good class both in numbers & scholarship and be in all things prosperous.

Yours truly
A. P. Chalker.

Rondout N. Y.
Sept. 20. 1870

Prof. Koch

Dear Sir

Having seen
a notice in a periodical not
long since of the Craig Micro-
scope Price \$2.50 I write to
you to inquire as to its mer-
its. The article to which I
refer spoke quite favorably
of it. The writer seemed to
be of the opinion that it
was equal - as to its utility -
to those which cost \$50.

If that is the case it is
desirable on account of its cheap-
ness. The instrument to which
I refer is made at Chicago
Ill.

I would also like to

Know what work you would
recommend as containing
all the instruction needed for
its use &c.

I saw a work on the
"Use of the Microscope" by Beale
for Ball by Lindsay & Blackiston.

Is it a desirable work for
physicians. I think it is rather
too extensive for my use.

But I will leave it to your
judgment & take your recom-
mendation of what you think
would be good for use or
reference, of a moderate size.

Yours truly
A. P. Chalkley
&
Box 92. P.O.

CHALLENGER, HARRY P

Matriculated from Wilmington, Del. Oct 2 1877. Graduated
Mar 10 1880. Not a member of Alumni Assoc.

CHALLINOR, SAMUEL BOYD

Born at Pittsburg Pa Sept 25 1872. Matriculated from
Pittsburg Sept 24 1895. Graduated May 12 1898. Member of
Alumni Assoc. Advanced standing on (A B) Washington and
Jefferson College, Pa. Located: 1358 Beechvein Ave Pittsburg.

CHAMBERLAIN, C R

Matriculated from Phila Dec 17 1852. Graduated Mar 1 1853.
Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Special Degree. Was an M. D.

CHAMBERLAIN, CHARLES H

Matriculated from Lyndon, Vt. Nov 25 1861 Graduated
Mar 3 1863. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at
Barre, Vt. Died Feb 2 1881 at

CHAMBERLAIN, CHARLES H

My full name is

Charles H. Chamberlain

I graduated at

Homoeopathic Medical College in the year

My present address is

Barn

county of

Washington

State of

Vermont

where I have resided since

July 1863

Previous to that time I practised in

I began to practise Homoeopathy in the year

at





CHAMBERLAIN, WILLIAM BAKER, M. D., of Worcester, Mass., was born in New Hampshire, where his early life was spent, on September 15th, 1827.

He is of Anglo-Welsh descent; his father, William Chamberlain, coming of English stock, and his mother, whose name stands in his own, being of Welsh extraction.

He acquired his education at Sanbornton Academy and the New Hampshire Conference Seminary, both of which being situated at Tilton, N. H. Undertaking medicine as his life work, he was fortunate in securing, as preceptors, Alpheus Morrill, M. D., of Concord, N. H., and S. M. Cate, M. D., of Salem, Mass., under whose instructions he gained a proficient preliminary knowledge of the medical sciences. He availed himself of the advantages of medical lectures, at Dartmouth College, Hanover, N. H., and at Cleveland Homœopathic College, where he graduated in March, 1854.

From his father, he inherited his tastes for medical pursuits, particularly for botanical studies, which led him to devote his leisure time, in boyhood, to the acquirement of a knowledge of indigenous drugs. This highly relished and instructive investigation, followed by devoted and continued application in maturer years, has procured for him a distinguished pharmaceutical reputation, which he still ably sustains.

After graduating, he settled at Keene, N. H., being one of the first who attempted to introduce the practice of homœopathy in that region. The converts to the new system of medical treatment were at that time but few, and these not well grounded in the faith; hence the labor of attempting to establish such a practice proved to be one involving no inconsiderable amount of mental and physical outlay. For this special combination of efforts, our subject was peculiarly adapted, both by a powerful magnetic attractiveness and an untiring energy, as well as by all requisite acquisitions and knowledge in his school, therefore, by his application and success, he secured one of the largest office and county practices known in the State. This field was held and constantly

enlarged for nine years. During most of this time, so great was the pressure of office demands by day that visiting patients had to be done at night, depriving him almost entirely of sleep and rest, thus nearly all the slumber he enjoyed, for long periods of time, was upon the road.

This over-taxation resulted in the distressing ailment known as spinal irritation, when the physician himself became a patient, and was obliged to resign his practice into other hands. This occurred in 1863, when he removed to Fitchburg, chiefly for his own health; but his brother-in-law, Dr. J. C. Truland, who occupied that field as a professor of Hahnemann's theory, also failing in health, our subject was immediately drawn into practice again. In a short time, from his distinguished success, office practice grew in excess of endurance, and he fled, in 1864, to New York to try Dr. Taylor's "Movement Cure," by which he was greatly benefited.

From here, he was summoned to attend his uncle, Dr. Baker, of Middleboro', Mass., who was sinking under the excessive toils and overwork common to pioneers. Upon the death of Dr. Baker, his nephew succeeded to the vacated practice.

In 1866, he established himself at Worcester, where he now holds a position of honor and success. Since then, he has been President of the Worcester County Homœopathic Medical Society, and President of the Massachusetts State Homœopathic Medical Society, both which offices he has honored in the holding.

In politics, he has ever been a staunch Republican, and was a prominent abolitionist in the agitated times gone by. Always liberal and progressive in reference to questions of reform, he was naturally one of the first and most earnest advocates of the equal privileges of women as members of the profession.

He was married to Miss Louisa Brainard, of Boston, in 1867. He is possessed of an unbounded jolly good nature, which everywhere serves its owner well, but nowhere better than in administering to chronic patients, in whose cures he has achieved unusual fame, imparting, by his peculiar

personal influence and agreeableness, something of his own hope and encouragement to all who seek his aid. He excels also in imparting from his surprisingly great fund of hygienic information, conveying along with the rules enunciated, a pleasant persuasiveness which assures obedience, often so hard to obtain, especially in cases of chronic disease.

Dr. Chamberlain has been and is equally as valuable to students, and younger members of the profession, as to his friends and patients. His ever-ready and generous aid, for all endeavors to know more of the science and practical workings of homoeopathy, coupled with his indomitable and able zeal for its integrity and triumphs, endear him to all the fraternity, and do much to place before the people the beneficence of the system in its own true and exalted light, and to obtain for its disciples, the esteem and love which the noble devotion and generosity of their class deserve.

L

CHAMBERLAIN. W. B.

settled in China, Me., introducing homoeopathy there
in 1847 or 1848, at the instigation of Dr John Roberts.
(W.C.)

CHAMBERLAIN, WILLIAM B.

I. T. TALBOT, M.D.: Dr. William B. Chamberlain was, in many respects, a marked and unusual man. He wielded an influence in central Massachusetts which extended widely, and was often felt in the sessions of this Institute. He was one of the most genial and good-natured of men. His physical conformation indicated this to the stranger at his first glance. With a body of great breadth and size, a heart that corresponded with it in magnitude, a large round face wreathed in smiles and benignity, he could not enter a company of his fellows without bringing something of sunshine and geniality. These same qualities entered into his professional career. He never entered a sick-room but patient as well as friends were benefited by his presence. Of keen perceptions, excellent judgment, indomitable perseverance, forgetfulness of self where others were concerned, he was unusually successful as a practitioner, and his patients, as well as patients' friends, were deeply attached to him. Successful himself professionally he wanted to see every one else equally so; and many a struggling young physician has he taken into his own family or into his office as an assistant, or in some way managed to aid him in his professional efforts. Though never a great contributor to the literature of our profession, yet his articles were always marked with a directness and clearness, united with good sense and careful observation that made them valuable. We shall feel his loss here as well as in Massachusetts.

Am. Inst. 1889.

WILLIAM BAKER CHAMBERLAIN, M.D.,

WORCESTER, MASS.

[A biographical memoir of this worthy senior of the Institute, was prepared for the necrological report last year, but was lost in the course of transmission through the mail. The following sketch, however, embraces the principal features of that narrative]:

Dr. Chamberlain was born and educated in New Hampshire. He first saw the light in the town of London, September 15, 1827. His early training was pursued at the neighboring Tilton Academy.

By the encouragement of the late Dr. Alpheus Morrell, a veteran of the Institute, and with the facilities afforded by him he began the study of medicine in 1849. He afterwards became a pupil of Dr. S. M. Cate, at Augusta, Me., and at Dartmouth Medical College. He graduated, however, from the Cleveland Homœopathic College in 1854.

Returning to his native State, he settled in Keene, where he met with good success, and remained about ten years. He was then for a time associated with his brother-in-law, Dr. Freeland, in New York city, as an assistant, and, at the same time, diligently availing himself of the favorable opportunities there found for extended study in the colleges, hospitals, dispensaries, etc. In 1863 he was called to Worcester, Mass, as successor to the late Dr. Linnell, whose large practice he secured, and by his own skill and industry greatly increased. His business became so laborious as actually to require the

services of an assistant. In 1876 he was prostrated by a severe illness, resulting in pyæmia, from the effects of which his recovery was slow. Although naturally of a robust constitution, he, after this severe experience, found it necessary to take intervals of rest for recuperation. Nevertheless, he always retained his cheerful disposition and genial manners, which added not a little to his popularity.

He continued in active practice till his death, which occurred in Worcester, April 19, 1889, aged 62. He joined the Institute in 1859 and became a senior in 1884. During his whole professional life he was a consistent and ardent promoter of homœopathy. He had the esteem and confidence of his colleagues throughout his State. He served as President of the Massachusetts Homœopathic Society and other medical and scientific associations. The sentiments of the profession towards him were expressed by the resolutions adopted by the Worcester Homœopathic Medical Society after his death. See also tributes to his estimable character in the remarks of Dr. I. T. Talbot and Dr. T. F. Smith, at the memorial service at the session of 1889, as reported in the *Transactions* of that year.

Am Inst Hom 1890

Name in full

William B. Chamberlain

(Born 1844)

P. O. Address in full

Worcester,
Worcester Co. Mass

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

Cleveland Homoeo. Med. College.

Please to enter my name as a Subscriber to THE
AMERICAN HOMOEOPATHIC REVIEW, Vol. III. Enclosed
is \$2.00 Annual Subscription for 1862-3.

Name, W^m B. Chamberlain

Address, Keene, (Cheshire County.)
New Hampshire.

N.B. Ten Dollars of this draft you will please
endorse on my note. Appropriate the rest as above

96

CHAMBERLAIN, WILLIAM TAYLOR

Born at Burlington, Vt, June 26 1873. Matriculated from
Ottawa, Canada, Sept 17 1894. Graduated May 12 1898..
Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 838 Park Ave Brooklyn, N Y

CHAMBERS, E. W.

1

DEAD.—We are pained to announce the death of Dr. E. W. Chambers of Bentonville, Ark., on September 7th, 1886, at the age of 54. Dr. Chambers had been an old-time Allopath, but came within the fold of Homœopathy in 1870.

Med. Advance. May. 1887.

CHAMBERS, MERRITT GOODRICH

MERRITT GOODRICH CHAMBERS, New Rochelle, New York, is a native of Dunham's Basin, New York, born May 30, 1877, son of William Goodrich and Mattie (Hackett) Chambers, and is of English and Dutch descent. He was educated in the district schools, and also in the Glens Falls high school, graduating from the latter in June, 1896. His medical education was acquired chiefly at the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Flower Hospital, where he came to his degree in May, 1902. From that time until March, 1903, he was interne at the Metropolitan Hospital, New York city, and afterward practiced for others at Bay Shore, Babylon, Patchogue and Atlantic Highlands until September, 1903, when he settled in practice for himself at New Rochelle. Dr. Chambers is medical examiner for the Germania Life Insurance Company, and holds membership in the Helmuth Club, Westchester Homœopathic Medical Society, Phi Alpha Gamma Society, Redmen and the Modern Woodmen of America. He married, September 14, 1904, Nellie C. Fitzgerald of Watkins, New York.

King Vol 1V

CHAMBERS, WILLIAM C

Matriculated from Phila. Nov 3 1860. Graduated Mar 3 1863
Not a member of Alumni Assoc.

CHAMPLIN, HENRY WM., M.D., of Towanda, Pennsylvania, was born at Orwell, Bradford county, Pennsylvania, March 31, 1857.

His early life was spent on a farm and in school. At sixteen years of age he entered the Susquehanna Collegiate Institute at Towanda for more advanced studies, classics and higher mathematics. After the age of seventeen a part of each year was devoted to teaching until the age of twenty-one when the study of medicine was commenced in the office of Dr. D. S. Pratt, Towanda. In 1879 he entered the Homœopathic department of the University of Michigan and graduated in the class of 1881. By previous arrangement Dr. Champlin commenced practice with George A. Robertson, M.D., at Chelsea, Michigan, on the day following graduation. One year later Dr. Robertson gave up the field and Dr. Champlin remained until 1887. In 1888 he located at Towanda where he now has a good practice and a fine location. Dr. Champlin is loyal to the cause of homœopathy, a firm believer in its principles and a successful practitioner.

He is an active worker in the temperance cause, the church and the Y. M. C. A.

A helpful wife and three bright boys constitute the Doctor's family.

Since the above was in type Dr. and Mrs. Champlin have been sorely afflicted in the death of their eldest son Harry W.



HENRY W. CHAMPLIN, M. D.,
Towanda, Pa.

CHAMPLIN, MARTHA D

OBITUARY

DR. MARTHA G. CHAMPLIN.

The news of the death of Dr. Martha G. Champlin in San Francisco, came as a surprise to many of her friends who had known but little of her failing health. In March, 1906, feeling that she was not strong enough for regular duty at the Framingham Nervine where she had been resident physician after giving up her general practice in Brookline, she decided to take a long vacation and visit a sister in San Francisco. She was delayed in starting west, and meanwhile the earthquake and fire destroyed her sister's home, and her trip was postponed until the fall. On October 10th, she left Boston with a friend to care for her, but evidently neither she nor her friends had fully realized her condition. The trip was a very hard one for both and, when they reached San Francisco, Dr. Champlin was greatly exhausted. She failed rapidly and died on November 22d.

Those who knew her well will feel that a good woman as well as a kind, gentle and faithful physician has gone out from among us.

N E Med Gaz Jan'y 1907

E. L. K.

CHANDLEE, HENRY

CHANDLER, HENRY

Matriculated from Baltimore, Md, Oct 5 1882. Graduated
Mar 13 1883. Member Alumni Assoc. Was an M D. Took Post
Graduate Course. Located at 742 West North Ave Baltimore
Md.

HAHNEMANNIAN MONTHLY,
1506 ARCH ST.

HAHNEMANNIAN MONTHLY,
1402 SPRUCE ST.

TELEPHONE No. 5273.

WM. W. VAN BRAUN, M. D., EDITOR.

190 /

PHILADELPHIA,

Drell

189

Dear Doctor

The enclosed letter is the letter I came to
do for you. I may meet the man in
New York and be able to stop him.

*Yours truly
Wm. W. Van Braun*

Please return Dr. Chandler's letter to me.

you - as Dr. Chandler was, upon which
to make it right. I would now suggest
that you ignore him and make demand
for restitution, direct - to "The American -
Medical Monthly" 704 West North Avenue

HAHNEMANNIAN MONTHLY,
1506 ARCH ST.

CLARENCE BARTLETT, M. D., EDITOR.

PHILADELPHIA, May 29th 1901

Dr Chas Mohr Repts
Hahnemann Med College

My dear Sir.

Not having heard from Dr Chandler since my last letter to him in which I advised him that he should immediately send you check for the 25⁰⁰ wrongfully collected of you by "American Medical Monthly" I had concluded that he had taken the matter up with you.

There is no doubt about the Am Med Monthly having taken 25⁰⁰ wrongfully from you - As Dr Chandler does ^{not} appear inclined to make it right - I would now suggest that you ignore him and make demand for restitution, direct - to "The American Medical Monthly" 704 West North Avenue

Baltimore - They cannot shift the
responsibility - You had already paid the
year 1899 & 1900 - i.e Oct 99 to Sept 1900 inclusive
through our weekly ad. and their act in
collecting the second time was a fraud
and known to be such by their managers
and although I laid the subject in their
manus before Dr Chandler he either does
not see it or does not want to.

The fact that the agent was robbing
them has nothing to do with it. It was
their agent that was robbing you and they
are responsible.

Yours,

HANNEKIAN MONTHLY, per

Wm. F. Daulton
Business Manager.



Dr. Henry Chandler
Baltimore

CHANDLEE, HENRY



D. HENRY CHANDLER

THE AMERICAN MEDICAL MONTHLY,

EDITOR:

HENRY CHANDLEE, M. D.,
704 W. NORTH AVENUE.

FORMERLY PUBLISHED AS THE

C. A. KENDRICK,
MANAGER NEW YORK OFFICE,
100 WILLIAM STREET
NEW YORK.

ASSOCIATE EDITORS:

O. EDWARD JANNEY, M. D.,
837 N. EUTAW STREET.

SOUTHERN JOURNAL OF HOMOEOPATHY.

GEORGE T. SHOWER, M. D.,
421 ROLAND AVENUE.

BALTIMORE, Dec 10th 1900

Wm. F. Bartlett Esq.

Business Manager -

My dear Sir:-

Your favor of 8th inst. received today was indeed a surprise to me, and is the first communication that I have received upon the subject. I much regret the occurrence to which you refer, and as I believe in plain speaking, I propose to tell you frankly my view of the situation, the "terrors of the law" that you hold out notwithstanding.

In July, 1900, I arranged to go to Europe, expecting to be away possibly a year. I had for some time been contemplating a different business arrangement with Mr. Kendrick, and early in July, I sold to him all business interest in the Journal, retaining for me

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C. A. KENDRICK,
MANAGER NEW YORK OFFICE,
100 WILLIAM STREET,
NEW YORK.

BALTIMORE, May 28 ¹⁹⁰~~189~~

Mr. Wm. F. Bartlett, Jr.

Nahmannian Monthly,

Dear Sir:-

Your enclosure of 27th inst. is
recd. and changes in ad. will be made
accordingly.

Concerning your letter some time
ago relative to the 25⁰⁰ collected by
Mr. Kendrick from Dr. Mohr. during
my absence in Europe:- While the
terms of my arrangement with Mr.
K. were such that he only can be
held accountable, yet for the credit
of the Am. M. I would like to re-
imburse Dr. Mohr, and will endeavor
to do so in the near future.

Yours Truly

Henry Chandler Ed.

THE AMERICAN MEDICAL MONTHLY,

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NEW YORK.

BALTIMORE, 189

and Colleagues, Dr. Janney & Shower, the control of the Editorial Dept. Circumstances unexpectedly demanded my return to the U.S. sooner than I had expected, and shortly after my return, on August 1st, Mr. Kendrick notified me that he was about to leave for New York, having about completed a business arrangement to go to Paris, and a proper transfer of the Journal was again made to me, free of all encumbrances. I have since found the books in a very bad shape, and various moneys collected in advance for advertising. Our Exchange space in your Journal was collected from our College - as well as from your College. Now you see that Mr. Kendrick is the responsible party, and I would be

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C. A. KENDRICK,
MANAGER NEW YORK OFFICE,
100 WILLIAM STREET,
NEW YORK.

BALTIMORE, 189

very well pleased to have you find him
as there are a good many things for
which he is wanted. Dr. Mohr is also
at fault for having paid a bill before
knowing it to be correct. Our contract
with you was for exchange of space,
and no bill has ever been rendered the
Philadelphia College. You, I suppose, have made
the charge for this ad. in our journal,
and we have collected for the Southern
College ad. in the A. Monthly. Hence
Dr. Mohr is culpable in having paid
this statement of \$2, which was in no
such way an asset of the journal;
and much as I regret the occurrence,
it would seem to me that Dr. Mohr
can hardly expect me to make good his
personal loss, under the circumstances.
I shall be pleased to afford you documentary
evidence of my statements, if you so wish.
Yours very truly, Henry C. Chandler

CHANDLER, CHARLES DE LONG

Matriculated from Lincoln, Neb, Oct 3 1893. Graduated
May 5 1896. Member Alumni Assoc. Graduate Nebraska
State University. Located at Hartington, Neb. Died
at Hartington, May 28 1908, aet 37.

CHANDLER, DAVID HENRY

DAVID HENRY CHANDLER, Cornwall-on-Hudson, New York, born Little Britain, N. Y., February 21, 1861; graduated A. B., Brown University, 1886; A. M., 1888; M. D., New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, 1892; post surgeon, New York Military Academy since 1900; health officer, Cornwall since 1903.

CHANDLER, HENRY

Dr. Henry Chandler *mid Century May 1908*

Died at his residence, "The Cedars," in Cornwall, N. Y., on Thursday, March 19, from pneumonia after a brief illness. He is survived by a widow, two daughters, Helen, aged thirteen years, and Dorothy, aged nine years, and a brother, Oren J. Chandler, of Little Britain.

Dr. Chandler was born at Little Britain, Orange county, N. Y., on February 21, 1861, and received his early education in the public schools of that vicinity. In 1886 he graduated from Brown University, having been a member of Delta Phi, and Phi Beta Kappa fraternities. After spending several years as a teacher in the schools of Newburgh, he decided to study medicine, graduating from the New York Homœopathic Medical College, with the class of '92. Two years later, February 6, 1894, he married Miss Antoinette C. Howell, of Newburgh, and in 1897, located in Cornwall, where he has since pursued his life work. He was a tireless student, and whenever the stress of work permitted, he made frequent trips to New York to pursue post-graduate studies and so increase his fund of practical knowledge. He will be remembered as a man of quiet and unassuming personality, and so genial withal that he numbered, practically, all of his acquaintances as warm friends and admirers. By steadfast devotion to the high ideals he formed in early life, and by his ceaseless activity, he was enabled to secure a large practice in Cornwall and vicinity, so that he leaves a large circle of mourning friends. Funeral services were conducted at the house by the Rev. Dr. J. C. Copeland, of the Canterbury Presbyterian church, assisted by Rev. Dr. Ostrander and Rev. Dr. Searle. The interment was in the Cedar Hill Cemetery.

D. HENRY CHANDLER, M. D.

Dr. D. Henry Chandler was born in Little Britain, Orange Co., N. Y., Feb. 21, 1861. After a common school education he entered Brown University and graduated in 1886, being a member of the Delta Phi fraternity, and a Phi Beta Kappa man.

He then taught a year at DeVoe College at Suspension Bridge, after which he came to Newburgh, proving himself an instructor of unusual ability in the Academy.

In 1892 he graduated from the New York Homœopathic Medical College, and came to Cornwall on Feb. 22, 1897, where he resided until his death, becoming one of the best physicians of this section.

On Feb. 6, 1894, he married Miss Antoinette C. Howell, of Newburgh, and to them were born two daughters.

While here he took post-graduate courses in surgery and in ear, nose and throat diseases, going to New York certain days in the week. He joined the American Institute in 1903, and was a member of the New York State Homœopathic Medical Society, the Tri-County Homœopathic Medical Society, Cornwall Council, American Mechanics, and Court Storm King, Foresters of America.

For the past ten years Dr. Chandler was post surgeon at the N. Y. Military Academy at Cornwall. In his attendance there and upon his other patients he was faithfulness itself, responding to calls often when he was physically unfit. In fact, the severity of his final illness was considered due in no small degree to his keeping up when he should have been in bed, in order to care for several critical cases at the Academy. He was of slender physique and had been a sufferer for several years from heart disease. After eight days of suffering from pneumonia, attended by four physicians and two nurses, he passed away on March 19th, 1908.

He is survived by his widow, two daughters, Helen, aged thirteen years, and Dorothy, aged nine, and one brother, Oren J., of Little Britain.

Rarely is such a general expression of sorrow in a community as was felt over the death of Dr. Chandler. He had been physician to many, and, it seemed, a friend to all. Personally he was retiring and unassuming to a marked degree, but with a quiet geniality which won friends among all his acquaintances, whether they were his patients or not. He was warmly devoted to his family and home, an affection which was deeply reciprocated. Theirs was an ideal home in every respect.

At the funeral services, simple in accordance with the preferences of the departed one, in prayer and brief words the thought was ever in evidence of the earnest, helpful life that had gone out, the quiet, Christian gentleman that would no more be seen among us, and the personal grief felt by each speaker.

His death is a distinct loss to the community. He was such a citizen and physician as a town can ill afford to lose. Taken away in the prime of his years and usefulness, he will be sadly missed in many homes and in public matters of this vicinity. The world is better for his having lived, and his memory will remain the inspiration that a noble sacrificing life and unfailing devotion to duty always afford.

•A I H 1908

DR. D. HENRY CHANDLER, N. Y. H. M. C., '92, died of pneumonia at his residence, "The Cedars," in Cornwall-on-Hudson, N. Y., on the morning of Thursday, March 19, 1908. During the past decade, the doctor has practised in Cornwall, and, notwithstanding the limited field, he was eminently successful. Dr. Chandler was born on February 21, 1861, in Little Britain, Orange County, N. Y., and received his early education there. In 1886, he graduated from Brown University. Six years later, having completed a course in the New York Homœopathic Medical College, he received the degree of M.D., and entered upon the practice of his chosen work. Indefatigable in his thirst for knowledge, he availed himself of every opportunity of adding to his learning, so that it was no infrequent sight to see him in New York attending some post-graduate course of study. In 1894, the doctor married Miss Antoinette C. Howell, of Newburgh, who, with two daughters and his brother, Oren J. Chandler, of Little Britain, survive him.

N Am J1
Hom June
1908

CHANDLER, THOMAS EVANS

THOMAS EVANS CHANDLER, Boston, Massachusetts, was born at Brownsburgh, Indiana, July 21, 1871, the son of William Edward and Margaret (Stott) Chandler. The Chandlers came to America early in the seventeenth century, and the doctor's ancestors on the maternal side immigrated to America in the eighteenth century, both families settling in Eastern Pennsylvania. Dr. Chandler's early instruction was received in the public schools of Indianapolis, Indiana, and he subsequently entered the Boston University School of Medicine, graduating in 1899, with the degree of bachelor of surgery. He also received the degree of doctor of medicine (cum laude) at the same school in 1900. He began practice in Boston on February 1, 1901. He is a member of the Greek letter society, Beta chapter of Phi Alpha Gamma. He also is a member of the Boston Homœopathic Medical Society, the Massachusetts Surgical and Gynecological Society, and an active member of the Massachusetts Homœopathic Medical Society, and of the American Institute of Homœopathy. He resides at No. 661 Boylston street, Boston, and is engaged in the practice of general surgery.

King Vol IV



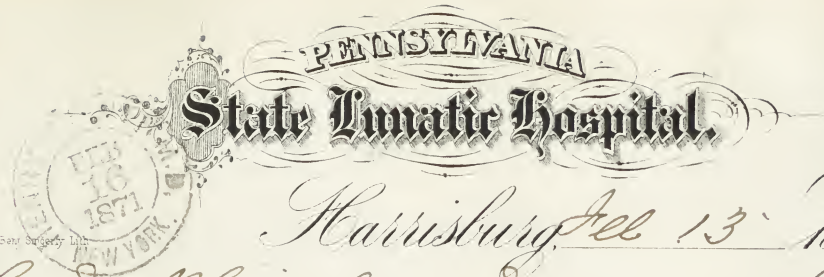
HANNING, WILLIAM, M. D., of New York city, was born in Massachusetts, near the beginning of the present century. He graduated at Rutgers' College. Becoming interested in Dr. Gram and his theories, he studied the subject, and, while visiting the cholera hospitals, in 1832, became dissatisfied with the old mode of treatment, resolving to make a trial of camphor, caprum and veratrum. The results were so successful that he published an account of them in the journals, avowing his conversion to homœopathy. He differed from some of his homœopathic brethren, entirely disapproving of the use of any of the old school remedies, such as the endermic use of mercury in syphilis, and apocynum in ascites. Hitherto homœopathy had been regarded as one of Dr. Gram's vagaries, but the successful treatment of cholera excited so much opposition that the practitioners of the old school suffered severely in pocket. He was extremely reticent in character, so that no one knew anything of his social and family affairs. Even the date and place of his birth is not certainly known, nor are we acquainted with the date of his graduation. He died of paralysis, in Harrisburg, Pa., February 11th, 1855.

WILLIAM CHANNING.

William Channing, M.D., graduated at Rutgers Medical Institution, N. Y., in April, 1830. He wrote and published a pamphlet in 16mo, of — pages, in 184—, which was of great value in the early days of Homœopathy in America, as a fair and forcible statement of the claims and merits of the system, and which did much to enlighten the public mind upon the subject of the new mode of practice.

Dr. Channing died in New York in 1854.

Tr. Am. Inst. Hom. 1870.



Harrisburg Feb 13 1871

C. E. Whitehead Esq

Sir

Dr. Wm Channing
died in this Hospital of
Paralysis on Feb. 11 1855

Very Respectfully

Yours

John Lawrence.

Next in order came Dr. William Channing, a man of large culture in letters and very thoroughly educated in medicine. He was in the mid-prime of his life at the time of his conversion to Homœopathy, which occurred in 1832, during the first appearance of the Asiatic cholera in this country. He had joined Gram's party in the county medical society for the establishment of the public and recorded examination of candidates; and having been elected in that body to the office of censor, with Gram and Wilson for colleagues, he was frequently in our little circle, and often, of course, the new practice was discussed with him.

On the first outbreak of the cholera, Channing visited the hospitals and tendered his aid in prescribing for the victims of the epidemic. Seeing the ill success of the ordinary expedients, he made a public trial of *camphor*, *veratrum*, and *cuprum*, as prescribed by Hahnemann. He thought so well of the results that he published them over his signature in the Commercial Advertiser of that day, and soon after avowed his entire change of practice. Channing's was an eminently logical mind, attending with full earnestness to all topics of a philosophical character, till he arrived at definite conclusions; and when he reached these, he was firm and decided in their maintenance. He was not of the skeptical class on any topic. In politics, he was a republican of the Hamilton school; in religion, a Unitarian, with his cousin the great William Ellery Channing, of Boston; and in medicine, till his conversion to Homœopathy, an adherent of the physiological system of Broussais.

With Channing's conversion, came also the first divergence in practice among the Homœopathists in this country. He was a thorough Hahnemannian in all his views and practice, which neither of his predecessors was. Gram, Wilson, Hull, and myself held, from first to last, that those expedients of the old practice which had attained a solid basis of empirical certainty as to good results in given and well-defined cases of disease, ought not to be laid aside. The list of such expedients, when culled with due care from all the past annals of clinical medicine, and denuded of all

the hypothetical adjuncts of the soi-disant Rationalists, was very small indeed, but valuable in our sight, and by no means to be abandoned till they were surely replaced by the ever widening range of physiological provings. As examples of this class, I may cite the endermic use of mercury in some inveterate forms of syphilis, apocynum in ascites, and the letting of blood in a certain agonizing form of dyspnoea. Although we ever held it a duty to search the *Materia Medica Pura* for a similitum in each such case, in common with all others, yet in default of the purely scientific means, we held it an equally imperative duty to recur to the grand clinical annals of the profession in search of the best supported empirical means of relief. We agreed with the maxim given by Celsus, when he sums up in his first book the discussion between the old Greek parties, the Rationalists and the Empirics: "*A certis et exploratis petendum esse presidium.*"* Channing, on the other hand, held with Hahnemann and the vast majority of European Homœopathists, that such recourse was in no case justifiable, and from first to last, was a Hahnemannian pure and simple. His organization indeed bore a very striking resemblance to that of the great founder in more points than one; and especially in the powerful development of the upper part of his forehead as compared with the lower, effecting a predominance of the reflective over the perceptive faculties. With Gram, both ranges were very full, but they were evenly balanced; Gram's head and bust were as strikingly Socratic as Channing's were Hahnemannian; and there was a corresponding difference in their mental and moral characteristics. At the time of Gram's arrival in this country, the founder of the school had not adopted his later and latest practice of attenuating the remedies; and our method in this respect, till 1833, was to administer doses equivalent to the first and second centesimal dilutions. With few and short exceptions (which I ever regretted,) we adhered to this usage, whilst Channing went up promptly with Hahnemann in his doses, fully believing in the potentizing process and faith of the master, and even after the death of Hahnemann, going out of the very roof of all scientific observation with the enthusiast, Jenichen of Hanover.

Nevertheless, these differences (as to empirical means in some cases, and the doses in all) created not the slightest jar in the harmonious personal relations of our little circle, as an analogous state

* "*Quod si scientiam hanc non subjeceat evidens causa, multo minus eam subicere, quae in dubio est. Cum igitur illa incerta, incomprehensibilis sit, a certis et exploratis petendum esse presidium, id est, IIS, QUAE EXPERIENTIA IN IPSIS CURATIONIBUS DOCTUERIT.*"—Golden Words of Duty!

making a fair conquest of the German language; and very few men in middle life, especially physicians engaged in the ceaseless cares and toils of their profession, could surmount this barrier. Hull, Curtis and I had done so, at the instigation of Gram, and doubtless Channing would have accomplished this arduous task had not the labors of Jourdan rendered it far less important.

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But we were not idle; we worked for the future in mutual education and preparation; and when the translations were effected into all the spoken languages of Europe, as they were in 1837 and 1838, we re-established our journal of Homœopathy and our distinct public Homœopathic society. The hour of manly, open combat arrived at last; and it found us, after so many years of patient waiting, harnessed for the fight.

Trans. N.Y. State Hom. Soc. 1863.

Dr Gray's address. (also as a pamphlet)

Alond. 1800 form

Wm Channing. son of a
Corps. Chap. who often
was a student. born in Mass.
Ed. in Exeter, at Phillips Academy
Coll. Phys. Med. ? Rector of
29. ~~1833~~, 1 - to Exeter in 44.05
Cooke later President. died.
Oxford at Haverford Pa
Yves at Andover at Phil. '52
~~Wrote of 1833~~ Phil. of 54. 1833
Wrote from Exeter in 44. 1844
apology.

Mass by Henry Mrs Smith re
Channing (Br)

Dr. William Channing, a gentleman of culture and education, was born in Massachusetts about 1800, and graduated at Rutgers College† in New York. He joined Gram's party in the County Medical Society for the establishment of the public and recorded examination of candidates, and having been elected in that body to the office of censor with Gram and Wilson for colleagues he often heard the new practice discussed.‡ In 1832, on the first outbreak of the cholera, Dr. Channing tendered his services at the hospitals. He made a public trial of the efficacy of *Camphor*, *Veratrum*, and *Cuprum* as prescribed by Hahnemann. He thought so well of his results that he published them over his own signature in the *Commercial Advertiser* of that day, and soon after avowed his entire change of practice.§

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He died of paralysis at Harrisburg, Pa., February 11th, 1855. World's Convention. 1876. V.2.)

Dr. WILLIAM CHANNING, a gentleman of culture and education, was a member of Gram's party. He was born in Massachusetts near the beginning of this century, graduated at Rutgers College, and became interested in Gram and his teachings. During the cholera season in 1832, he visited the cholera hospitals and was so dissatisfied with the old treatment that he made a public trial of *Camphor*, *Cuprum* and *Veratrum*, with such good results that he published them in the newspapers, and soon after avowed his change in practice.

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The accession of Channing marks an era in the history of homœopathy here. Heretofore, the profession had paid little attention to the subject, considering it one of Gram's vagaries; but the success of the treatment in cholera awakened an opposition which was increased as the system gained in public favor, and the loss of their patients affected the pockets of the physicians. Although highly esteemed by all who came in contact with him, and having many friends, he was so reticent that none knew about his family or social affairs. I do not know with certainty when or where he was born, nor the date of his graduation. He died of paralysis, at Harrisburg, Pa., February 11, 1855.

N.E. Med. Gaz. March. 1871.

CHANDLER, THOMAS EVANS

THOMAS EVANS CHANDLER, Boston, Massachusetts, was born at Brownsburgh, Indiana, July 21, 1871, the son of William Edward and Margaret (Stott) Chandler. The Chandlers came to America early in the seventeenth century, and the doctor's ancestors on the maternal side immigrated to America in the eighteenth century, both families settling in Eastern Pennsylvania. Dr. Chandler's early instruction was received in the public schools of Indianapolis, Indiana, and he subsequently entered the Boston University School of Medicine, graduating in 1899, with the degree of bachelor of surgery. He also received the degree of doctor of medicine (cum laude) at the same school in 1900. He began practice in Boston on February 1, 1901. He is a member of the Greek letter society, Beta chapter of Phi Alpha Gamma. He also is a member of the Boston Homœopathic Medical Society, the Massachusetts Surgical and Gynecological Society, and an active member of the Massachusetts Homœopathic Medical Society, and of the American Institute of Homœopathy. He resides at No. 661 Boylston street, Boston, and is engaged in the practice of general surgery.

King Vol ~~IV~~



HANNING, WILLIAM, M. D., of New York city, was born in Massachusetts, near the beginning of the present century. He graduated at Rutgers' College. Becoming interested in Dr. Gram and his theories, he studied the subject, and, while visiting the cholera hospitals, in 1832, became dissatisfied with the old mode of treatment, resolving to make a trial of camphor, caprum and veratrum. The results were so successful that he published an account of them in the journals, avowing his conversion to homœopathy. He differed from some of his homœopathic brethren, entirely disapproving of the use of any of the old school remedies, such as the endermic use of mercury in syphilis, and apocynum in ascites. Hitherto homœopathy had been regarded as one of Dr. Gram's vagaries, but the successful treatment of cholera excited so much opposition that the practitioners of the old school suffered severely in pocket. He was extremely reticent in character, so that no one knew anything of his social and family affairs. Even the date and place of his birth is not certainly known, nor are we acquainted with the date of his graduation. He died of paralysis, in Harrisburg, Pa., February 11th, 1855.

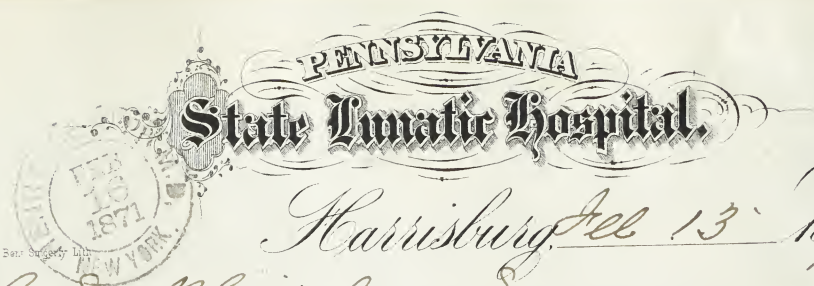
Harrisburg

WILLIAM CHANNING.

William Channing, M.D., graduated at Rutgers Medical Institution, N. Y., in April, 1830. He wrote and published a pamphlet in 16mo, of — pages, in 184—, which was of great value in the early days of Homœopathy in America, as a fair and forcible statement of the claims and merits of the system, and which did much to enlighten the public mind upon the subject of the new mode of practice.

Dr. Channing died in New York in 1854.

Tr. Am. Inst. Hom. 1870.



Harrisburg Feb 13 1871

C. E. Whitehead Esq

Sir

Dr. Wm Channing

died in this Hospital of
Paralysis on Feb. 11 1855

Very Respectfully

Yours

John Lawrence.

Next in order came Dr. William Channing, a man of large culture in letters and very thoroughly educated in medicine. He was in the mid-prime of his life at the time of his conversion to Homœopathy, which occurred in 1832, during the first appearance of the Asiatic cholera in this country. He had joined Gram's party in the county medical society for the establishment of the public and recorded examination of candidates; and having been elected in that body to the office of censor, with Gram and Wilson for colleagues, he was frequently in our little circle, and often, of course, the new practice was discussed with him.

On the first outbreak of the cholera, Channing visited the hospitals and tendered his aid in prescribing for the victims of the epidemic. Seeing the ill success of the ordinary expedients, he made a public trial of *camphor*, *veratrum*, and *cuprum*, as prescribed by Hahnemann. He thought so well of the results that he published them over his signature in the Commercial Advertiser of that day, and soon after avowed his entire change of practice. Channing's was an eminently logical mind, attending with full earnestness to all topics of a philosophical character, till he arrived at definite conclusions; and when he reached these, he was firm and decided in their maintenance. He was not of the skeptical class on any topic. In politics, he was a republican of the Hamilton school; in religion, a Unitarian, with his cousin the great William Ellery Channing, of Boston; and in medicine, till his conversion to Homœopathy, an adherent of the physiological system of Broussais.

With Channing's conversion, came also the first divergence in practice among the Homœopathists in this country. He was a thorough Hahnemannian in all his views and practice, which neither of his predecessors was. Gram, Wilson, Hull, and myself held, from first to last, that those expedients of the old practice which had attained a solid basis of empirical certainty as to good results in given and well-defined cases of disease, ought not to be laid aside. The list of such expedients, when culled with due care from all the past annals of clinical medicine, and denuded of all

the hypothetical adjuncts of the soi-disant Rationalists, was very small indeed, but valuable in our sight, and by no means to be abandoned till they were surely replaced by the ever widening range of physiological provings. As examples of this class, I may cite the endermic use of mercury in some inveterate forms of syphilis, apocynum in ascites, and the letting of blood in a certain agonizing form of dyspnoea. Although we ever held it a duty to search the *Materia Medica Pura* for a similimum in each such case, in common with all others, yet in default of the purely scientific means, we held it an equally imperative duty to recur to the grand clinical annals of the profession in search of the best supported empirical means of relief. We agreed with the maxim given by Celsus, when he sums up in his first book the discussion between the old Greek parties, the Rationalists and the Empirics: "*A certis et exploratis petendum esse presidium.*"* Channing, on the other hand, held with Hahnemann and the vast majority of European Homœopaths, that such recourse was in no case justifiable, and from first to last, was a Hahnemannian pure and simple. His organization indeed bore a very striking resemblance to that of the great founder in more points than one; and especially in the powerful development of the upper part of his forehead as compared with the lower, effecting a predominance of the reflective over the perceptive faculties. With Gram, both ranges were very full, but they were evenly balanced; Gram's head and bust were as strikingly Socratic as Channing's were Hahnemannian; and there was a corresponding difference in their mental and moral characteristics. At the time of Gram's arrival in this country, the founder of the school had not adopted his later and latest practice of attenuating the remedies; and our method in this respect, till 1833, was to administer doses equivalent to the first and second centesimal dilutions. With few and short exceptions (which I ever regretted,) we adhered to this usage, whilst Channing went up promptly with Hahnemann in his doses, fully believing in the potentizing process and faith of the master, and even after the death of Hahnemann, going out of the very roof of all scientific observation with the enthusiast, Jenichen, of Hanover.

Nevertheless, these differences (as to empirical means in some cases, and the doses in all) created not the slightest jar in the harmonious personal relations of our little circle, as an analogous state

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of things had done in Europe between Hahnemann and some of his earliest and ablest disciples.

Channing had high views and well matured maxims of personal rights. He compelled himself to respect the right of private judgment in medical polemics, as he did in religious and all philosophic differences. Dr. Gram was still farther ahead of his time and of ours, in the science of human relations and in the harmonious practice of absolute toleration. Our frequent reunions, therefore, remained, as they were before the advent of Channing, a social joy, a festival in the humanities and a profit in science and philosophy, till the death of Gram, in 1840, broke them up forever.

We had other topics besides Homœopathy in which we derived deeply interesting instruction from Gram; among which, with your indulgence, I will name the discoveries of Mesmer and the craniology of Gall. In each of these directions Gram led the way to a wider and deeper knowledge of the relations between soul and body, the human and the divine, the transitory and the permanent, than can be entertained by merely materialistic researches. "*Aude sapere*" was our motto; at least we shut our eyes to the light of no fact in God's universe, nor did we refuse to listen to any earnest man's inferences from real phenomena, howsoever they might conflict with our own. Psychology was no less welcome to us than her twin sister physiology; and we often found that she had just as important relations with the art of healing and with our power to administer it as had physiology.

Channing was in full practice when he came to us. He labored strongly for the advancement of our truth in his practice and in society, although he wrote but little. His only publication was an address to an Allopathic society; but that lecture, which was an argument in support of Homœopathy, is a work of great power and of much merit in all ways. The society published it at the time, much to the credit of their liberality; and the members of our school, at my instance, republished it some ten years later. Channing failed in health in 1844, and after many dreary years of disease, marked by a sad decadence of his once grand mental powers, he paid the debt of nature in 1857.

About the time of Channing's coming over to Homœopathy, namely, in 1832 and 1833, Dr. Jourdan, of Paris, translated the *Materia Medica Pura*, and *Jahr's Manual*, into the French language, and these works very soon made their way into this country. This event marks an important epoch in the extension of Homœopathy the world over. Prior to it, no physician could test the practice, or study its principles, with any approach to success, without first

making a fair conquest of the German language; and very few men in middle life, especially physicians engaged in the ceaseless cares and toils of their profession, could surmount this barrier. Hull, Curtis and I had done so, at the instigation of Gram, and doubtless Channing would have accomplished this arduous task had not the labors of Jourdan rendered it far less important.

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Trans. N.Y. State Hom. Soc. 1863.

Dr Gray's address. (also as a pamphlet)

Abundant - see form

Wm Channing. son of an
 Congreg. clergyman who attended
 was a Unitarian; born in Mass
 Ed. in Exeter, at Phillips Academy
 Coll Phys. Albany? Rutgers Coll
 29. ~~1838~~, 1- to Cambridge 44.08
 Cooke like his brother, died.
 Arrived at Hamilton 60
 Meyer Arrived at Phil. '52
~~Wrote of 1833~~ Phil. 1833
 when from brother in 40
 apoplexy.

Mass by Henry Mrs Smith re
Channing (Br)

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N.E. Med. Gaz. March. 1871.

CHANTLER, ISRAAL BURGESS

ISRAEL BURGESS CHANTLER, Sewickley, Pennsylvania, was born at Sax-onburgh, Butler county, Pennsylvania, in 1852, son of Thomas and Mary Ann (Cooper) Chantler, both descendants of an English ancestry. He was educated in the public schools of Allegheny, under the preceptorship of Professor Walter Smart, and at the Allegheny Academy. He then entered Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, from which he was graduated in

1873. He served as the dispensary physician to the Homœopathic Hospital, Pittsburgh, and now is on the staff of the Sewickley General Hospital. He was a member of the board of health from 1895 to 1898, and member of the school board from 1896 to 1905. He is a member of the Allegheny County Homœopathic Medical Society, and of the Edgeworth Club.

King Vol IV

Matriculated from Allegheny Pa
Oct 4 1871. Graduated Mar 10 1873
Member Alumni Assoc.
Located at 537 Beaver St. Sewickly
Pa. Died at Sewickly, June
1915 aet 63.

CHAPIN, EDWARD

EDWARD CHAPIN, Brooklyn, New York, was born in Canandaigua, New York. August 19, 1847, son of Henry Chapin and Cynthia Mosely, his wife, both of whom were descended from old New England stock, his ancestor on the maternal side being Dea. Samuel Chapin, "The Puritan," the scene of whose most exemplary life was laid in Springfield, Massachusetts. Dr. Chapin acquired his early education in the district schools of Chapinville, New York, in the Canandaigua Academy and also in the State Normal School in Oswego, where he graduated in 1871. His medical education was gained in the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, where he came to his degree in 1878. The next year he began his professional career in Brooklyn, where, in connection with the general practice of medicine, he has been house physician to the Five Points House of Industry, one year; resident physician and later attending physician to the Brooklyn Maternity Hospital; attending physician and now consulting physician to the Cumberland Street Hospital; and consulting physician to the Brooklyn Nursery, to the Jamaica Hospital, and to the Prospect Heights Hospital and Brooklyn Maternity.

He also has been president of the Kings County Homœopathic Medical Society, and a member of the state board of medical examiners; member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the New York State and the Kings County Homœopathic Medical societies, the Brooklyn Medical Club, the Crescent Athletic Club, and also is a F. & A. M. Dr. Chapin married in October, 1885, Mary D. Miller. Their children are Edith P. and Harold Wolcott Chapin.

King Vol IV

CHAPIN, SOLOMON

Matriculated from Malden, Mass, Oct 5 1868.
Graduated Feb 27 1869 (Hom Med College Penna) Not a
member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Wakefield, Mass
Was an A.M.

CHAFLAIN, FRANCIS T

Matriculated from Allentown Pa Oct 1 1879. Graduated
Mar 14 1882. Member Alumni Assoc. Located at 324
Summers Ave, Brooklyn, N Y

CHAPMAN, ARTHUR EUGENE

^{King}
ARTHUR EUGENE CHAPMAN, New York city, is a native of Hartford, Connecticut, born May 15, 1852, son of James Mason Chapman and Emily L. Remington, his wife, his father being of English and his mother of Scotch descent. His family also is descended from Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry, who won fame in the second war with Great Britain. Dr. Chapman was educated in the public schools, old historic Monson Academy in eastern Hampden county, Massachusetts, and Amherst College, graduating from the latter B. A., 1875; M. A., 1878. In 1879 he matriculated at the New York Homœopathic Medical College and graduated M. D. in 1881; and during the same period he was a student at the Long Island Hospital College, and received the degree of that institution in 1881; but he has preferred to practice under the school of medicine founded by Hahnemann something less than a century and a quarter ago. He always has practiced in New York city, and has not sought to identify himself with other than the customary routine of active professional life. He is a member of the New York State Homœopathic Medical Society, the Clinical Club of New York city, the Amherst College Alumni Association, and the Royal Arcanum.

CHAPMAN, HARRIET BARDWELL

HARRIET BARDWELL, CHAPMAN, Cleveland, Ohio, born Euclid, Ohio, 1869; graduated B. A., Wellesley College, 1893; M. D., Cleveland Medical College, 1896; post-graduate courses in study of diseases of the eye and ear in New York city, London and Vienna; member of the American Institute of Homœopathy.

CHAPMAN, MILLIE J., the subject of this sketch, is a resident of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and is a cultured, charming lady, who combines the qualities requisite to a successful career in the practice of medicine. These are sympathy and kindness, unerring judgment, industrious spirit and perseverance.

She had a happy early childhood; but reverses came to the family, and at the age of ten she was not handicapped by that wealth which might have prevented the development of the resources within her. From that age she has been self supporting. Her education was obtained at the public schools and at a state normal school, supplemented by private studies purloined from the hours of sleep.

She taught school twelve years and was recognized as an efficient instructor, beginning when "boarding around" was the custom and five dollars per month the munificent salary, gradually advancing to schools where higher attainments insured greater compensation. She studied medicine at the Homœopathic Hospital College of Cleveland, Ohio, from which she was graduated in 1874. She at once established herself at Pittsburgh, Pa., and, although lady doctors were something strange in those days, she soon conquered popular prejudice and built up a successful practice, particularly among women and children. She is attending physician at the

Children's Temporary Home and visiting physician at the Pittsburgh Homœopathic Hospital. She is also president of the Alleghany County Homœopathic Medical Society, and second vice-president of the American Institute of Homœopathy.

M J Chapman



CHAPMAN, MILLIE J.

—Dr. Millie J. Chapman, the vice-president of the International Organization of Homeopathic Physicians, is a Pittsburgh woman who has been self-supporting since she was 10 years of age. She studied medicine in Cleveland, graduated in 1874, and since that time has been practicing in Pittsburgh. She has a very large income and is attending physician at the Children's Temporary Home and at the Homeopathic Hospital at Pittsburgh.

Phila. Press, April 11,
1894.

MILLIE J. CHAPMAN, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, was born July 23, 1845. She studied for her profession in the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, graduating from that institution in 1874. Dr. Chapman is a member of the staff of the Homœopathic Hospital of Pittsburgh, physician to the Children's Temporary Home and to the Curtis Home. She is a member and ex-vice-president of the American Institute of Homœopathy, member of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, and member and president of the Women's Homœopathic Medical Association of Pittsburgh. She is a frequent contributor to the current medical journals.

King Vol 1V

RAL AVENUE,
OURS, 8 TO 3 P. M.

1894

Pittsburgh Pa
Feb. 13th 1891

G. L. Bradford

Dear Sir

Your Catalogue just received.
Can you supply me the Jan. number of *Hom. Journal of History* for 1886 - \$2.50
Let me know by enclosed card the price -

Most truly
Yrs. J. Chapman

Res.

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Feb. 13th 1891
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DR. MILLIE J. CHAPMAN,
804 PENN AVENUE,
HOURS, { 9 TO 11 A. M.
 { 2 TO 4 P. M.

RESIDENCE,
5824 RURAL AVENUE,
HOURS, 6 TO 9 P. M.

July 14th 1894

17 JUL 17 1894

Henry M. Smith-M.D.

Dear Doctor

The anxious delays of my return to
from Denver followed by the busy 5th 1891
on reaching home called me
to overlook the paper enclosed - I
now send it and if not too late
for your report hope you will use
it or something better - For a good
woman who was a creditable member
I should have respectful mention with the
even though it comes late -

Yours Gratefully
Millie J. Chapman

1894 -
found
too much

M.D.
see

Pittsburgh Pa
March 5th 1891

G. L. Bradford

Dear Sir

Some way I
have lost, to me - your valuable
circular. Please send me another
Also Can you supply^{me} with the
Journal of Cutaneous and Genito-
Urinary diseases, Pub. by Wm
Wood & Co - for 1889 and 1890 -
In fair condition either bound
or unbound - and for how much,
Let me know soon

And Ours
Wm. J. Chapman M.D.
176 Penn Ave -

CHARLES, CLAYTON H

CLAYTON H. CHARLES, Menominee, Michigan, was born in Greenwood, Illinois, June 10, 1878, son of John D. and Margaret A. (Thomas) Charles, and a descendant of Welsh ancestors. He was educated at the Woodstock high school, and the University of Illinois, where he pursued a two years' course in science. He matriculated at Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, and graduated with the class of 1902. June 3, 1903, he located at Menominee, Michigan, where he is engaged in practice. He married, April 30, 1902, and has one child, Marian Elizabeth Charles, born August 14, 1904.

King Vol 1V

CHARLTON, S. T.

S. T. CHARLTON, M.D.—The many kindnesses, the many graceful and thoughtful acts that were shown us when our meetings were held in Harrisburg, will come to mind when the name of Dr. Charlton is mentioned. His hearty whole-souled coöperation in any measures before the State Legislature is well known to all the older members. The following sketch I have from one who knew him well. Nineteen years ago he became a member of this Society.

Samuel Templeton Charlton, was born at New Berlin, Penna., on 25th July, 1825, and was the son of James Charlton, M.D., and Nancy Templeton.

Dr. James Charlton was the son of Thomas and Olivia Charlton, born in England on May 14th, 1787. Thomas Charlton removing in 1799 to his estates in Ireland, James was educated at Dublin College, from which he was graduated with honor in 1807. His father intending him for the English Church, toward which he had no inclination, and being somewhat deeply concerned in the "United Ireland" agitation, came to this country in 1807, landing at Philadelphia. After teaching successfully for some years, he studied medicine and was graduated from the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, in 1816, *summa cum laude*. He practiced with great success in New Berlin and Alexandria, Pa., and was called in consultation to all parts of the State. He died in Alexandria, Pa., on 27th September, 1831, of a malignant fever contracted in his practice. His widow removed to Canonsburg, Pa., for the education of her children, and Samuel Templeton Charlton was educated in the Preparatory and Academic departments of Jefferson College, from which he was graduated in the Class of 1846.

During his college course he was the chosen and successful champion of his Society in all literary and oratorical contests, and at graduation was urged by his friends and instructors to devote himself to the law, and assured that his unusual reasoning powers and forensic abilities would soon give him a commanding place in the profession.

His heart was fixed upon something else, and in the Autumn of 1846, he was matriculated at the Medical Department of the College of the City of New York, Drs. Valentine Mott, Sr., and

Bedford being his preceptors. After a brilliant career in college, and a year as House Surgeon to Bellevue Hospital, he was for two years associated, as assistant in their private practice, with Dr. Mott (surgery), and Dr. Bedford (obstetrics). During this period his attention was attracted to homœopathy. A patient, thorough, and minute study of it, founded that strong conviction of its truths, which each year of his life only made the stronger; he gave up the old for the new, abandoned an unusual prospect of success from his connection and influence, and against the remonstrances of his professional friends, who urged that he was jeopardizing his career by the act, he left New York in the spring of 1852, and settled in the village of Water Street, Pa., where he remained until 24th March, 1854, when he went to Harrisburg, and was there in full, uninterrupted, and successful practice until his sudden and unexpected death of heart failure, on 9th November, 1886, after a short, and apparently trifling illness.

Almost every public man of prominence in the last quarter of a century was, at one time or other, under his professional care, and this large acquaintance he used with effect in securing recognition for homœopathy in the appointments to public boards, and offices of trust; in furthering the interests of the Homœopathic Medical Society, of which he was one of the founders; in securing legislation favorable to his school in the establishment and sustenance of hospitals, and like objects.

From 1861 to 1865 he was the examining surgeon to the U. S. recruiting office at Harrisburg, and in that capacity passed upon some 29,000 drafted and enlisted men.

His belief in the truths and efficacy of homœopathy was boundless. A man of singularly simple character, and opposed to contention, he was outspoken and severe in his denunciation of anything which he considered derogatory to the principles and practice of what he was convinced was the only rational, reasonable, scientific theory of medicine. A "strict constructionist," thoroughly interested, a constant student, and, above all, a deep thinker upon the truths and capabilities of homœopathy; knowing it to be an agent of exquisite precision in the hands of men properly equipped; he deprecated the entrance into it of those who sought in its practice merely a means of

livelihood, or who brought cloud upon its sufficiency by resort to agents which he considered outside the pale of a true homœopathy, in order to cover personal incapacities.

His idea of the requisites necessary for the making of a true homœopathic physician was "a divine call" to medicine, a mind trained by thorough preliminary education to habits of thought and discrimination, and an unwavering devotion. A high claim, but he demanded no more than he gave; was never satisfied with anything less than the right one; above all, he was thorough, and his life was one of warm, hearty devotion to his chosen and cherished profession.

Trans. Hom. Med. Soc. Penna. 1887.

DR. S. T. CHARLTON.

Dr. S. T. Charlton, of Harrisburg, died suddenly, November 9th, 1886. At a meeting of the homœopathic physicians of Harrisburg, held Nov. 10th, the following resolutions were read and adopted:

Resolved, That the sudden death of Dr. S. T. Charlton, one of the oldest physicians of the medical profession in this city, calls for an expression of regret on our part. Removed almost instantly from a sphere of usefulness which he filled with marked ability and success, being one of the strongest advocates of the homœopathic principle, and compelled finally to surrender to that foe which he had so often met and overcome in behalf of others, the event makes us conscious of the fact that we all must yield ourselves to that ultimate victor of human life.

Resolved, We profoundly sympathize with his bereaved family, his immediate friends and former patrons, to all of whom his death was an unmeasurable loss.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be published in the daily papers and sent to the family.

Hahn Mo Dec 1886

DR. J. LEFEVER,
President.
DR. J. H. FAGER,
Secretary.

CHASE, AMOS G

Name in full

Amos & Chase

P. O. Address in full

Ada Kent Co Michigan

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

*Licentiate of Six Years
Practice*



HASE, A. P., M. D., of Amboy, Ills., was born at Livermore, Oxford county, Me., on February 18th, 1817. He lived on a farm and attended school during the winter, until he had reached his eighteenth or nineteenth year. Then he enjoyed the advantages of an academic course. Subsequently he taught school for five years—three in Massachusetts, and two in Virginia. Concluding to enter the medical profession, he commenced reading under the supervision of W. B. Small, M. D., of East Livermore, and, in 1845, graduated at Bowdoin Medical School. He attended two full courses of lectures in that institution, and one at Harvard Medical School. He spent one year in Boston, visiting the McLean General Hospital daily.

On graduating, he settled in South Abington, Mass., and soon found himself in the possession of a considerable practice. He remained in that sphere of action until 1855. During six years of his residence, he was connected with the schools as one of the superintending committee. From Massachusetts he removed to Amboy, where he now lives, and continued to practise allopathy for two years. Then he had a little patient who appeared to be in the last stages of croup. He spoke of the case at home, and remarked that it was useless to afflict the child with any more medicine as it could not live until morning. It was suggested that some homœopathic medicine should be used as it would not distress the patient, and there was a possibility of benefit. Without a particle of faith in a favorable result he acted upon the suggestion. The effect was marvellous. In a few hours the child was relieved. This and several other somewhat similar experiences induced him to undertake a careful investigation of the whole subject. The more he probed the matter, the more thoroughly convinced did he become of the truth of the principles of homœopathy. He therefore gradually changed his practice, and finally abandoned allopathy altogether. His conversion of course earned for him the contempt of some of his previous professional associates, and the persecution of others, although all of them were his juniors in the "old school."

Nothing dismayed, however, he persevered in his chosen course, and has reaped, and is reaping, the reward of his conscientiousness and determination to stand by his convictions

of right. He has a large and pleasant practice among the best classes of the community. He is also surgeon to the northern division of the Illinois Central Railroad.

CHASE, DANIEL EMERY, Jr

Born at Somerville, Mass, Sept 19 1871. Matriculated from Somerville, Oct 1 1897. Graduated May 12 1898. Member of Alumni Assoc. Freshman, sophomore, junior courses at Boston University. Medico-Chi. Phila. Practiced at Somerville, Mass. And at 1619 Massachusetts Ave Cambridge, Mass.

Biographical Sketch of Durfee Chase, M. D.*

By A. P. THROOP, M. D.

Dr. Durfee Chase was born in the town of Swansea, Massachusetts, January 24th, 1793. He was the eldest of ten children. While yet a child the family moved to Oneida county, New York, where they remained until 1801, when they removed to Rutland, Jefferson county, where they resided until 1812, in which year they came to Palmyra and settled.

The patriotic instincts of young Chase led him to take up arms against Great Britain, in the war then pending. At its close he laid aside the sword for the student's gown, and entered the office of Dr.

* Died January 10, 1872.

Gaine Robinson, an eminent practitioner of the old school, and at that time president of the Ontario County Medical Society.

At the expiration of four years he graduated in 1818, and entered at once upon the practice of his chosen profession, remaining in the ranks of the "old school" for twenty-three years.

As he was one of the pioneers of homœopathy in central New York, and his conversion forms a part of its early history in that section, an extract from his own narration of that conversion, given by request to the Wayne County Homœopathic Medical Society in 1864, at which time he was president of that society, will not be out of place here:

"In the year 1840, a relative of mine who had been visiting in the city of Hudson, New York, for several years, and who was familiar with the conversion of Dr. George W. Cooke, of that place, from allopathy to homœopathy, visited me and tried to induce me to look into the new system of Hahnemann. I had at that time seen no true theory of this new practice, and no allusion to it in the medical literature of the day, except slurs upon it, and the oft-repeated declaration that it was a 'stupendous piece of quackery.' I ridiculed it as much as anybody, but my friend was persistent, and during a whole year he did not fail to improve every opportunity to induce me to try the new system. Weary of his importunities, and somewhat exhausted in my stock of ridicule, I finally yielded so far as to promise him if he would bring me a copy of the Homœopathic Materia Medica I would examine it.

"He brought me a copy of the first volume of Hull's *Jahr*, the second volume having not yet been published.

"At first, I could not understand it, but after I did begin to see into it, somewhat, I became very much interested in it.

"I studied this volume faithfully, but secretly, consuming the midnight oil over it, for more than three months. During the latter part of these three months, I studied it very hard. I had it in my hands at every leisure moment.

"I then told my friend if he would procure a few, I believe I specified six, of the principal remedies, I would try them.

"He, in turn, called on the kind hearted Dr. Cook, who sent me a case of about seventy remedies, and a small domestic book.

"At the time I received the remedies, I was suffering from an attack of pleurisy, to which I was very subject. I began immediately to take the remedies, according to the book, as I understood it, and, to my great astonishment, I experienced almost immediate relief."

Having first, with what seems to have been the intuition of a natural-born homœopathist, experimented, not upon his weakened patient, but upon himself, and with such splendid results; he tells next, how, with the true spirit of a homœopathic apostle, he carried the medical gospel of Hahnemann to a relapsed case of typhoid fever, that had been jointly attended by himself and an eminent colleague in the old school, who, for strictness, was a Pharisee of the Pharisees. The colleague had attended the typhoid case alone, during Dr. Chase's attack of pleurisy, and had given up the case to die.

The narrative continues: "I called on the typhoid patient as soon as I was able, and directed the removal of all the medicines he had been taking. Returning to my office, I secretly prepared three globules of aconite in six table-spoonsful of water in a large vial, and then ordered a spoonful every three hours, till I called in the evening. At night I found the patient much better. The fever had subsided, and he was in a mild but general perspiration, though consciousness had not returned.

"I now discontinued the aconite, and preparing nux vomica in a similar manner, gave a table-spoonful every four hours.

"Calling early the next morning, to my great surprise and gratification, I found my patient perfectly sensible. After a pleasant conversation with him, I left until evening, when I found the patient still improving. Preparing the nux vomica again, I now ordered the same dose, but only three times a day. When this was all taken I discharged my patient cured." * * *

"Other cases of equal interest and like success, served to confirm me in this new and true system." * * * *

"The success and fame of the new system went on increasing and, as might have been expected, it began to meet with all sorts of persecution. This, however, only served to extend the fame and enlarge the sphere of its benign influence. A number of physicians, twenty or more, came to Palmyra and studied, and afterwards practiced the new system.

It is now over twenty-three years that I have been in the practice of homœopathy. I have no reason to change, but many reasons to think that it will go on increasing and spreading, until there is no practice but the system of homœopathy."

The above bit of personal history is extracted from an article on "The Early History of Homœopathy, in Wayne county New York," dictated to an amanuensis, by Dr. Chase, in the year 1864. He had

then almost reached his seventy-second year. It was not age, however, that had rendered him unable to write. It was paralysis of the right arm, the result of a very serious accident, that very nearly cost his life. This accident occurred in the heat of summer, soon after his return from a fatiguing search for his son, who had been wounded while fighting for his country, in Virginia. This search in its hardships and final success, recalls the similar experience of Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes in hunting up his son, so graphically told in the *Atlantic Monthly*, for December, 1862.

Dr. Chase had not recovered from the fatigue and exhaustion of his journey, when, while sitting on the back seat of a wagon that was being driven rapidly over an elevated street-crossing, the unfastened seat tipped backward, and the doctor fell from the vehicle, striking on the back of the head, neck, and shoulders.

It seemed almost a miracle that a man of more than ordinary weight, falling in such a manner, should have escaped instant death.

To the writer, it seems one of the very strongest arguments in favor of that medical system that Dr. Chase practiced so successfully on himself as well as on others, that, although the injury to the nervous centers was of such a character as to result in paralysis at once, yet he seemed to have recovered from that condition so far, as at times to have the full faculties of earlier years, and was enabled to ward off the combined effects of the injury and old age, for another decade.

The writer of this sketch was successfully attended by Dr. Chase during a very serious illness in his youth. This was the beginning of a life-long friendship on one side, and gratitude on the other. This gratitude never found so favorable an opportunity for practical expression as when Dr. Chase, himself stricken down by this accident, with no one to care for his practice, invited his former patient, now a physician, to come into his office in a partnership relation.

This invitation received a prompt acceptance. It was in this intimate relation that some of the best characteristics of Dr. Chase were discovered and admired.

The head and heart of his youthful patient had been won by his skill, and by his genial, sunny face that always beamed with benevolence and good nature. The esteem and admiration of maturer years were elicited by qualities and traits of character that could only have been discovered by one having intimate relations with him.

He was a modest man; for, though the intimacy of a confidential relation often unloosed his tongue, and drew from him marvels of richness in clinical experience, he never was given to flaunting his success before the public, or rushing into print the moment he had captured a new idea.

But though this was his personal feeling, he did not condemn the efforts of half-fledged tyros who hurried to tack up their successes in the pages of our medical journals, though these to him were milestones on the route of medical progress, that he had passed twenty years before. His benevolent thought seemed to be:

"Let the exuberant fermentation of youth work itself clear; it will be all the better for the process. If, as a result, crudities and impurities are thrown to the surface, and are shown to be such by deliberate investigation, the public will not be injured, while the individual will be benefited."

He was an industrious and careful student. His office always had some quiet nook or rear room, whose sides, lined with books, presented the appearance, and gave the air of a mental workshop, in whose thoughtful quiet were elaborated those plans of treatment that saved many a life, and preserved many a limb, and obviated many an hour of agony.

He was a medical Von Moltke, who, recognizing disease as an enemy, reconnoitered the field of battle at the bedside, studied the situation profoundly and in all its bearings, and then directed a plan of attack with a precision that tolerated no modifications, and that, usually, when he had an even chance, resulted as successfully as the battles of the great Prussian tactician.

The solid attainments of Dr. Chase, attracted the attention of his compeers in the State Medical Society early in its history, and in 1850 he was elected vice-president of that society. He was elected to this office a second time in 1852.

On the organization of the Wayne County Homœopathic Medical Society, he was chosen the first president. He was an accomplished parliamentarian, and always presided with distinguished dignity, and with fairness to all parties.

He was a man of remarkable purity of thought. This innate delicacy and refinement of feeling he cultivated and commended as a physician, and nothing would so rouse his indignation as the suspicion that a man bearing a diploma had transgressed in thought, word or deed the bounds of the most rigid propriety.

He was one of the earliest advocates and workers in the temperance cause, and proved one of the most zealous and active promoters of temperance. He was prominently identified with the several temperance organizations, and remained faithful and constant to the last.

Dr. Chase's name appears not only as one of the first contributors to the erection of Zion Protestant Episcopal Church, but at the head of the list of persons confirmed in that church, about forty years ago.

In his religious life, Dr. Chase was not loud in professions, but he was active in deeds. Like many of his profession, his was a religion of works, not words. He made more of a point of practicing than professing.

He never wholly regained the use of his right arm, after his severe injury. He did not retire from practice, however, till 1868. With that year, a half century of laborious country practice was completed. Twenty-seven years of this time, were spent in the practice of homœopathy. The early part of this period, when he first espoused

homœopathy, he was, for a time, the persecuted victim of an unpopular cause; but no sacrifices, privations, or persecutions, induced him to swerve or falter in the path of what he deemed to be truth.

Local tradition tells of many a tilt, at that period, between him and the champion Goliaths of allopathy; but the little pebble from the brook of homœopathy, slung by his hand, brought down disease and the Goliaths together.

Since his retirement from practice, four years ago, the failure of his powers has gone on gradually and without pain.

His decline has come slowly and peacefully, rather than suddenly and violently.

A well-rounded, well-ripened life has faded and gone out like a bright star that has given its light lavishly all through the long night and then been absorbed in the golden glories of the morning.

Trans. Hom. Soc. N.Y. Vol. 9. p 630

Matriculated from
1851. Not a member Alumni Assoc.

New York

CHASE, EDGAR FERANT

EDGAR FERANT CHASE, Dexter, Michigan, born Monroe, Mich., May 1, 1858;
literary education, Michigan State Normal School; graduated M. D. from Pulte Medical
College, Cincinnati, 1879.

CHASE, EDWIN R

HENRY M. SMITH, M.D.,

107 Fourth Avenue, New York.

My full name is *Edwin R. Chase*
I graduated at *Albany* Medical College, in the year *1854*
My present address is *Essex* county of *Essex*
State of *New York* where I have resided since *1860*
Previous to that time I practised in *Willborough Essex Co. N.Y.*
I began to practise Homoeopathy in the year *1859* at *Kesewille*
Essex Co. N.Y. under the instructions
of W. A. Noughton, a graduate of the
Hom. Med. College of Philadelphia
where I remained 19 months E. R. Chase



CHASE, FRANCIS B

Dr. Francis B. Chase, 5212 Franklin Ave., Cleveland, O., died October 15th 1912. He was a graduate of the Cleveland Medical College in 1894, and since that time has had an especially active practice in the part of the city in which he lived. Possessing a pleasant and sociable manner, he made friends easily; and those who learned to know him well remained his friend.

In recent years he specialized in disease of the nose and throat, at the same time continuing to a considerable extent to respond to the calls of his regular families for general practice. He was active in the founding of Grace Hospital, and at the time of his death was one of its directors. He was a thirty-second degree Mason, and in many ways entered prominently into the social and professional activities of the city.

He leaves a wife and one child to mourn his departure.

C1 Med & Surg Reporter Nov 1912

CHASE, FRANCIS ELLWIN

FRANCIS ELLWIN CHASE, Cleveland, Ohio. was born in Newburg, Ohio, March 22, 1863, son of Clarendon and Lucy M. (Bell) Chase, and is of English descent. He attended the Cleveland public schools and Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, and began practice in Cleveland, April 1, 1894. He was assistant instructor in the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, department of nose and throat, from 1894 until 1899. He holds membership in the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical Society. He married, in 1893, Miss Mabel A. DuBois.

King Vol 1V



HASE, HAZARD DE FOREST,
M. D., of Brownhelm, O., was
born in Schoharie county, N. Y.,
September 13th, 1833.

He was educated at Michigan University. He always had a preference for medical studies, but became disgusted with allopathy. In the commencement of the Rebellion, he enlisted in the Union Army, and continued about four years in the service. After his return, he and his wife commenced the study of homœopathy under the tuition of Dr. Bosler, of Dayton, O. In the fall of 1868, they entered the Cleveland Homœopathic Hospital College, and graduated in 1870. After graduating, he commenced practice in Cleveland, but, on account of his wife's health, he removed to Ziterville, Pa. Here Mrs. Chase broke down entirely, and retirement became a necessity. He sold his practice, which was very lucrative, and purchased a house in Brownhelm, O., to which he removed, and where he now resides. He is much attached to his profession, is a skilful physician, and a good member of society.

CHASE, HENRY H

Dr. Henry H. Chase of Rock Island, Illinois, died of blood poison on the 22nd day of May, 1906. He was sick only a short time and many of his professional friends have not yet heard of his demise. Doctor Chase graduated from the Chicago Homeopathic Medical College in the year 1881. He was a member of the Illinois Homeopathic Medical Association and ex-president of the Rock Island Homeopathic Society. He was a good man and a good doctor. *Clinique Nov 1906*



HASE, HENRY S., M.D., D.D.S., of St. Louis, Mo., was born at Bellow's Falls, Vt., March 6th, 1820, his father being a distin-

guished allopathic physician. At the age of fifteen, he entered a commercial house in Boston, Mass., where he remained for three years, his parents having in the meanwhile removed to New Bedford, Mass., where his father still continued the practice of medicine, and was soon rejoined by his son who, after teaching in a public school for a limited period, accepted a responsible position in a mercantile house in Cincinnati, O.; but the desire of "seeing the world," so natural to youth, induced him to abandon this situation and remove to the new territory of Iowa, then being rapidly filled up, offering many advantages to settlers; and the now flourishing town of Tipton, Cedar county, owes to his energy the first house that was ever built there.

After spending about a year in the "new country," he rejoined his family at New Bedford, in compliance with their earnest desire, where, feeling a strong and decided vocation for medical pursuits, he placed himself under the tuition of Dr. B. F. Hardy, his father having declined to instruct him, being desirous that his son should embrace some other career; but being convinced that medical science was

his true sphere, finally took him under his special guidance. After enjoying the advantage of attending lectures in Boston, during 1842, and in Woodstock, Vt., in 1843, he took his degree in the latter place with honor. His marriage with a daughter of N. Haskell, Esq., of Woodstock, decided him to remain there in the practice of dentistry as a specialty, which he did with eminent success, until the year 1857.

At this period of his life a new light dawned upon his mind. He became acquainted with Dr. Sisson, of New Bedford, at that time pursuing a course of lectures at Woodstock, and was induced by that gentleman to study the homœopathic system. This he did—perhaps unwillingly at first—extending his researches to many and varied experiments, which so convinced him of the truth of the principles enunciated by the illustrious Hahnemann, that he cordially embraced them, and, in spite

of his previous allopathic education, and the immediate pecuniary loss it occasioned him, has ever since been an ardent and devoted disciple of his great master, ever seeking by his practice and conversation, and, more notably perhaps, by the numerous productions of his prolific and eloquent pen, to disseminate in all directions the knowledge of the important truths of homœopathy. After practising in Woodstock with the best results for fourteen years, he decided to change his mode of life for a season, removing to Independence, Iowa, where he became a successful farmer, cultivating land which his own energy and industry had reclaimed from the wilderness. He was also an extensive stock raiser, and was elected to the presidency of the Bucham County Agricultural Society, which position he held for eight years, till his removal, in 1865, to Iowa city, where he once more resumed the practice of his profession. But a more extended and congenial sphere of usefulness was before him. His reputation had by this time extended far beyond the limits of the State in which he resided; and the authorities of the Missouri Dental College offered him the chair of Surgical and Operative Dentistry. He accepted the offer and removed to St. Louis, in 1867, where he now resides, still brilliantly occupying the chair devoted to the advancement of his favorite pursuit.

Though making dentistry to a certain extent a specialty, he was able in cases requiring medical treatment to apply homœopathic remedies, having since his acquaintance with Dr. Sisson entirely discarded allopathic practice, showing himself to be yet another bright and conscientious convert from the old to the new, weakening the force of what he deemed to be error, and strengthening the cause of what his convictions told him was truth.

Allusion has been made to his literary labors. We regret that space will not permit as to enter into a detailed account of them, but they are so well and widely known amongst scientific men and others that little excuse is necessary on that score, and we must content ourselves with a brief recapitulation of them.

During the last four years, he has been one

of the editors of the *Missouri Dental Journal*, besides contributing several important papers to various homœopathic journals on dental medicine, etc. The American Dental Association is also indebted to his pen for several most valuable contributions. In 1866, he made an exhaustive and scientific report on "Dental Hygiene," which was highly commended, and in the following year another report on "Dental Physiology," at the same time reading one of his most remarkable and well digested papers, entitled, "How are deciduous teeth cast off?" In 1868, he was again called on to make a report; on this occasion it was on "The Saliva of Men and Animals," a subject cognate to his special studies. A small work, which he published about this time under the title, "Familiar Lectures about the Teeth," met with marked and deserved success. In addition to the above literary and professional labors, he has for several years past delivered a course of lectures on dental medicine in the Homœopathic College of St. Louis, Mo. Finally his contributions to various scientific publications would, if collected, literally fill volumes.

We are happy to say in conclusion that Dr. Chase still occupies his useful position in St. Louis, where he is in the possession of a large and lucrative practice, undoubtedly due to his own exertions and skill. May he long live to enjoy it.

We have omitted to mention that his honorable degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery was conferred on him by the Ohio Dental College, in 1865.

CHASE, HIRAM CATO

Name in full

Hiram Cato Chase M.D.

P. O. Address in full

Strawberry Point Clayton Co. Iowa

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

the Northwestern Medical College
Chicago. Ill



CHASE, HIRAM LUCE, M. D., of Cambridge, Mass., was born in Boston, on May 19th, 1825. His father was Captain Constant Chase. His education was obtained in the public schools of Boston, and was of a sufficiently broad and thorough character to form a sure foundation for any subsequent superstructure that circumstances might demand. On leaving school he entered a mercantile house, where he remained about a year. Then he spent a year abroad enlarging his mind by travel. On his returning home he resolved upon entering the medical profession, commenced reading, became a student in the Medical Department of Harvard University, and received his degree of M. D. therefrom in 1846.

About the time of graduating Dr. Chase had his interest attracted by homœopathy, and after reading by himself for six months, he entered the office of the late Samuel Gregg, M. D., where he prosecuted his studies for some time further, eventually giving in his unreserved adhesion to the doctrines of Hahnemann. In January, 1847, he was elected Secretary of the Massachusetts Homœopathic Fraternity, of which the Massachusetts Homœopathic Medical Society is but the continuation, and held the office with much acceptability for five years. In November, 1847, he settled in Cambridge, Mass., where he has resided ever since, and has built up a large practice among the best families in the place.

For many years Dr. Chase has held a very prominent position among the homœopathic physicians of Boston and Massachusetts. In 1866 he was chosen to deliver the annual address before the Massachusetts Homœopathic Medical Society, and in 1867 was elected President of that Society. On the establishment of the Boston Academy of Homœopathy, he was elected as Secretary, and continued to fill the position with marked ability for several years.

In 1849, Dr. Chase was married to Caroline A. Jones, of Boston, by whom he has one son, who is now studying medicine.

Dr. Chase is a gentleman of large and varied culture, of generous and sympathetic

nature, and of singularly winning though unobtrusive manners. He is a physician of unusual professional attainments, and has met with a high degree of success in his practice. He inspires confidence immediately upon entering a sick room, and that confidence is invariably justified.

Name in full

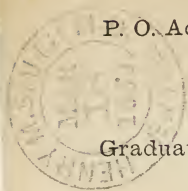
Wm S. Chase M.D.

P. O. Address in full

Cambridge Mass

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

Harvard.



June 6. 1895.
Wm. Dr. Smith, D.D.

JUN 7 1895

Dear Sir.

I send you an
ordinary notice of Dr. Farnsworth,
which I took for the Boston Mem.
Med. Soc.

In the hope that we shall
meet at Newport, and have just as
pleasant a time as we did at Denver
which by the way we could hardly ex-
pect.

I remain fraternally
Wm. S. Chase.

P.S. you will notice a change of
address. The "City Fathers" in their wisdom
having changed the name of the Street.



HASE, IRAH EATON, M. D., of Haverhill, Mass., was born June 1st, 1831, at Newton, Rockingham county, N. H. He was educated at Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., graduating in 1850. The following year he spent in New Bedford, Mass., studying German, French and Italian, and commencing the study of medicine. In the winter of 1851-'52, he attended lectures in the Homœopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania, and in the following spring a second course (allopathic) at Woodstock, Vt. He then entered the Berkshire Medical College (allopathic), and attended the third course of lectures, and was graduated, becoming a member of the Massachusetts State Medical Society. He then went to Philadelphia, and resumed hospital practice, attending another course of lectures at the Homœopathic Medical College, and still another (his fifth course) at the Jefferson (allopathic) Medical College. After graduating at both the latter institutions, with the diplomas of the Hahnemann Medical Institute and the Berkshire Medical Association, and a certificate of a year's attendance upon the clinic of the Pennsylvania Hospital, he settled, in 1853, in Haverhill, Mass. After an auspicious commencement in business, he was disabled by an accidental wound of the femoral artery, which required ligation; but in 1855, after untold suffering, he resumed active service. When fully established in practice, however, a second operation became necessary, and was performed by Dr. Valentine Mott, in New York, occupying more than three hours. The femoral artery was ligated in three places, and fifteen other arteries and veins were ligated before the circulation was cut off from the traumatic aneurism resulting from the accident. Thenceforward he has prospered in business, and has been blessed with domestic felicity, having been married, in 1856, to Miss Josephine Brownell, of New Bedford, Mass. In 1866, he went abroad, and spent between two and three years in travel, visiting every country in Europe save Spain and Portugal; not omitting Egypt, Syria and Palestine. The excitement of general travel was relieved by restful intervals of

quiet residence and study in the hospitals of Paris and Vienna. His practice since his return is still increasing beyond his ability and time to accept. Basing all preparatory study upon a liberal foundation—accepting the good from every source—he is confirmed in a generous eclecticism, which leads him to ignore all special titles—"homœopath" or "allopath"—and accept the unadorned name of "physician." He also rejoices in according to others, in generous measure, the privilege which he himself claims and delights to exercise, of investigating every phase and theory of medical science, and of applying the results of such investigation for the relief

of suffering humanity, as each special case may require. All avenues of knowledge should be available, in his opinion, in departments so uncertain, and withal so paramount in importance as the healing art.

New
Matriculated from Bedford
Mass Oct 20 1851. Graduated
Mar 1 1853. Not a member of
Alumni Assoc. Located at
Haverhill, Mass.

CHASE, ISRAEL P

Name in full

Israel P. Chase M.D.

P. O. Address in full

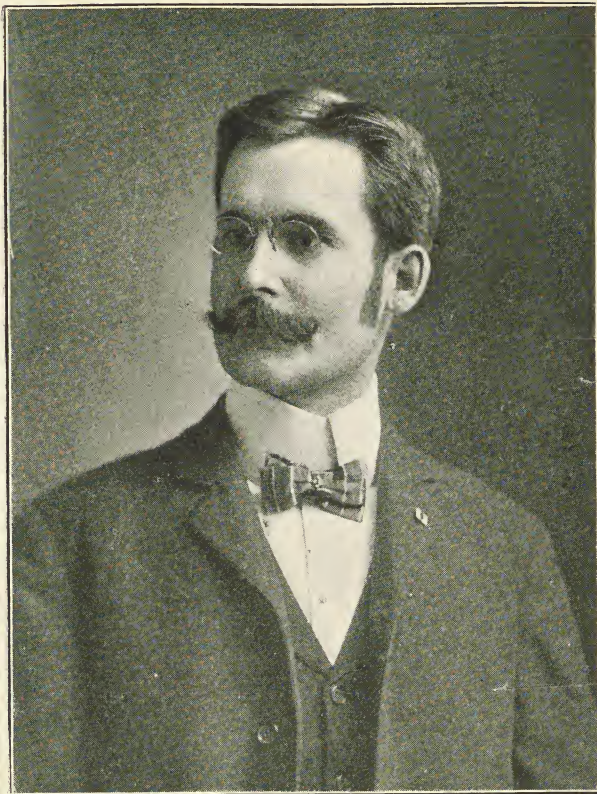
Wrentham N.H.

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

Cleveland Hom. Coll., 1854



CHASE, J OSCOE



J. OSCOE CHASE, M. D.,
NEW YORK.

J. OSCOE CHASE, New York city, is a native of Georgia, Vermont, born January 6, 1863, son of Manchester Chase and Hannah M. Godrey, his wife, and is of English and American descent. He was educated in St. Albans Academy and the Franklin county grammar school. He entered the New York Homœopathic Medical College in 1884, and graduated in 1887. Since graduation he has practiced medicine in New York city, and has taken post-graduate courses in the New York Post-Graduate School of Medicine. He was resident physician to the Ward's Island Homœopathic Hospital in 1887 and 1888; clinical assistant to the chair of paediatrics in the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital from 1890 to 1894; assistant surgeon to the New York Ophthalmic Hospital from 1889 to 1898; visiting physician to the Children's Hospital and the Five Points House of Industry from 1891 to the present time; in-

structor in gynaecology and orificial surgery from 1894 to 1896; visiting physician to St. Thomas' Day Nursery from 1894 to 1899; medical examiner for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company since 1894. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, of the New York State and County Homœopathic Medical societies, the Academy of Pathological Science, the New York Materia Medica Society, the National Society of Electro-Therapeutists, and the New York Camera Club. Dr. Chase married, June 23, 1905, Margaret Anne Morison, daughter of Frederick S. Morison of New York city.

King Vol IV

CHASE, LYMAN

OBITUARY.

—:0:—

LYMAN CHASE, M. D., KENNEBUNKPORT, ME.

In the town of Wells, Me., on Nov. 25, 1894, at the home of his sister, and at the ripe age of seventy-three years, died Lyman Chase, M. D., of Kennebunkport, who for nearly twenty years had upheld the banner of Homœopathy in that part of the state of Maine.

Dr. Chase was born and spent the early years of his life at Bridgton, leaving there in his seventeenth year to attend a fitting school in China, Me., from which Waterville College, now Colby University, received him, and he graduated from the latter in 1843. At once beginning the study of medicine at Freeport under the tutelage of Dr. John Butler, he took one course of lectures at Bowdoin Medical School, and graduated from the Hanover Medical College in 1846. Locating at once at Turner he practised his profession according to the tenets of allopathy there and at Freeport for some years.

While at Turner he became deeply interested in personal religion, embraced the Baptist faith and, answering what he felt to be a call of God, became an ordained minister and preached during many years in several places, as calls or the health of himself or wife moved him. Finding the confinement of a settled clergyman's life unsuited to his state of health he again entered the field of medical practice, adopting the broader, more scientific, more health-giving, more satisfying method of practice — the homœopathic. Just what experience led to this change of medical heart I have been unable to trace.

Hampered as he always was by the ill-health of himself and his wife, his ardent love of knowledge led him to deep study in many lines, and especially did he delve at this time into the philosophy of medicine and of homœopathy. The scope of his reading was many-sided, and his clear mind readily grasped a subject, while a most retentive memory made a subject once studied always known. His library was large and choice, and his books were never mere ornaments. Those who were privileged with an intimate acquaintance with him describe him as a man of large heart and deep feelings, a most interesting conversationalist and correspondent.

Kennebunkport being one of the many summer resorts of our country it gathered from year to year people from all the cities. From among them Dr. Chase had many patients and from many of them the writer has received words which have helped in making these notes. All without exception speak in high terms of esteem of his worth as a man, of his attainments as a scholar in many lines, and as a physician.

In 1884 Dr. Chase became a member of the Maine Homœopathic Medical Society, continuing in membership until his death. Ill health prevented his attendance upon the meetings of the society except on rare occasions, but he held an interest in it as his published clinical and other papers in the Transactions show.

His good wife (Miss Pamela Lincoln Soule, of Freeport), with whom he had been tenderly associated during forty-eight years, survived him but a few short weeks, her death being the result of diseases which the doctor had successfully held in abeyance for many years. One son, Walter H. Chase of Cincinnati, Ohio, alone survives them.

J. C. G.

N E Med Gaz June 1895



HASE, MRS. SARAH BLAKE-LEE, M. D., of Brownhelm, Lorraine county, O., was born in Richmond, Clermont county, O., January 18th, 1837. She was the daughter of a Presbyterian clergyman, who, after spending some time in missionary labor among the colored population of Jamaica, W. I., settled in Broome county, where the subject of our sketch was raised. She early manifested a brilliant intellect, and a persevering disposition that indicated success in all her pursuits. At the age of twelve, she manifested a strong desire, to become a missionary, and to obtain a classical and medical education, in order to be able to minister to the physical and mental wants of her fellows. Numerous obstacles stood in her way, among them the foolish prejudice against women engaging in such employments, and, not the least, soul-humbling poverty. Funds she had none, and her father could afford her very little assistance. Yet she bravely met and conquered all her difficulties. At sixteen she commenced teaching, at the same time studying; thus alternating between teacher and pupil she passed her time. At the age of twenty-one, she graduated at the Alfred University, Allegheny county, N. Y. One point was gained, but her conquest was scarcely half won; to obtain a medical education was more difficult than a classical. In spite of opposition, she continued teaching, supporting herself and raising funds for study. At twenty-three, she married Hazard D. Chase, a student of Michigan University. In a few months he enlisted in the Union Army, leaving her for four years to struggle with unheard of privations and difficulties. When her husband returned, both resumed the study of homœopathy with Dr. Bosler, of Dayton, O. In the fall of 1868, they entered the Cleveland Hospital College, attended two courses of lectures, and graduated in 1870. They then opened an office in Cleveland, where they commenced the homœopathic practice. She devoted herself to instructing her sex in the nature of their peculiar diseases and organization, for which purpose she lectured in the churches of Cleveland and the adjoining towns, always to appreciative and approving audiences. The

severe labor to which these lectures subjected her, undermined her health, and made a removal to Ziterville, Pa., necessary. Unfortunately this removal neither lessened their labors, nor improved her condition. Finally it became necessary to abandon all business, and seek some retreat, where she might restore her overworn faculties, and fit them for future usefulness. They removed to Brownhelm, O., where they at present reside and practice, beloved and respected by all who know them. Mrs. Chase was the first woman admitted into the Medical Society of Cleveland, and Homœopathic Association of Ohio. If devotion to the interests of her sex, perseverance in qualifying herself to befriend them, and the endurance of herculean labors in their cause, entitle to veneration and gratitude, the ladies of our country owe to Mrs. Chase a debt of infinite dimension and boundless extent.

CHASE, THEODORE LIVINGSTON

Theodore Livingston Chase.

In the strife of life, when death claims a man, the ranks close up and the struggle goes on. Yet some there are who wonderingly realize that one dear, accustomed face will nevermore be seen of men, the echoes of a well-known footstep nevermore be heard, one household place be evermore empty. The friend, in a moment of thoughtfulness, says: "I am sorry he has gone; he was a good fellow; a fine man," then, turning anon to the labor of his own life, forgets.

But the ache in the hearts of those the dead man loved, those of his home-circle, is heavy and wordless, and oftentimes becomes harder to bear as the days pass by. The book he has read, the pen with which he wrote, the desk at which he sat, the picture he loved to look upon, the many treasures of his daily life, become sacred mementos of a vanished past.

Theodore Livingston Chase was born at Tivoli, N. Y., May 23, 1824. At the age of nine years he was placed by his mother in the Academic Department of College Hill, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Subsequently entering the college, he graduated in 1822. Soon after he went to Philadelphia, where he took a course of two terms (the usual number at the time) in dentistry, graduating about 1848.

He then located at Unionville, S. C., where for twelve years he practised his profession. Upon the breaking out of the War of the Rebellion he, being a Union man, was forced to leave the South, and in the year 1860 or 1861 he returned to Philadelphia.

He now became associated with Lossing and Town in editing and publishing the *American Historical Record and Repertory of Notes and Queries Concerning the History and Antiquities of America*. This was edited by Benson J. Lossing, assisted by Mr. Chase.

In 1886 he became connected with Hahnemann Medical College as Secretary to the Dean, Dr. A. R. Thomas, which position he filled until a few weeks previous to his death. From 1886 to 1894 he was also Librarian of the College Library, and did much in classifying and arranging the books. During his association with the college he had a general supervision of its business matters, keeping the accounts, receiving fees, attending to the clerical work of the institution. He exercised a general care of the college and attended to the multiform wants of the students. Mr. Chase's office, to the left of the side-entrance of the college, was a bureau of general information. Sitting during the last years of his life at the same desk at which for many years his devoted friend, Dr. A. R. Thomas, sat, busily at work upon some college labor, or in moments of leisure reading from the pages of some quaint and rare old book, always to be found in college hours, his genial yet dignified "Good morning, doctor," will long be remembered by many a busy physician. He had, in his long life, been acquainted with many prominent men, and one could hardly mention any name of note but he had knowledge, and usually personal knowledge, of the individual.

Punctually at one o'clock Mr. Chase could be seen slowly walking down Broad Street to his dinner, and later he usually could be found before the old-book-stands on Ninth Street, picking up the rare, and oftentimes valuable, books on history, of which he had so many. He was a book lover, and he knew the contents of his books. The room he called his "Den," in the home

of his son, in West Philadelphia, is lined with book-cases, pictures and antique curios. At the comfortable desk in the centre of the room was passed much of his home life. For many years he had been engaged in the compilation of a book the title-page of which reads: "Curious Customs, Manners and Events Relating to the History of America." This was nearly completed when for the last time he laid down his pen.

He was a cyclopædia of literary and historical facts; there was seldom a topic connected with literature or with history with which he was not familiar. His library abounds in many valuable volumes. He was never happier than upon the discovery of some rare book on the dusty shelves of the old bookstore. He also had a fine collection of line engravings, and used to say that with the increase of the art of photogravure the value of steel engravings must become greater from year to year.

He was ill for about ten days: there was some kidney lesion, and he suffered with uræmic symptoms. At the last the stomach refused nourishment, and there was a general failure of the bodily organs. He became unconscious about six hours previous to death, which occurred on Monday, July 18 (1898), at 7 o'clock in the morning. The funeral was held at his home at 10.30 A.M., Wednesday, July 20th. The interment was at West Laurel Hill (or Westminster) Cemetery.

Mr. Chase was intimately associated with Dr. Thomas, and the bond of friendship uniting them was mutually strong.

"A gentleman of the old school, his word was his bond." So spake to the writer one who knew him well, and who said, "I miss him; I used to enjoy talking with him, for I could always learn something."

And it was true. While the duties and annoyances of his position rendered him at times seemingly abrupt, yet to those who knew him, beneath the dignified manner was the kindly heart, the punctiliousness to duty, the thought for others.

In words written by one of his favorite authors:

"Strange, is it not, that of the myriads who
Before us passed the door of darkness through,
Not one returns to tell us of the road,
Which, to discover, we must travel too?"

PHILADELPHIA, August 18, 1898.

T. L. B.

Hahn Monthly Oct 1898

CHASE, THEODORE L.

Theodore L. Chase, M. D.

1685-1687 N. Fifty-Fourth St.

Office Hours:

8 to 9.30 A. M.

1 to 2 P. M.

6 to 7.30 P. M.

Sunday, Until 10 A. M.

Philadelphia, 7. 18. 1898.

Dear Dr Bradford

Father - died early
this morning after
a ten days illness.
The services will be
held at our home
on Wednesday 10.30. a.m.

Most Truly yours,

T. L. Chase,



Philadelphia May 23^d 1898

Dear Doctor Bradford

This is the seventy fourth anniversary of my birth day and one of its pleasant incidents, is that I shall send a few lines to my good friend Bradford. I received both of your enclosures this morning and much regret to know that you have again been unwell. I shall be so glad when your present literary undertaking is finished that you can get needed rest and recuperate.

I know that your history of the College will be entirely successful, and will add to your fame. I had a good laugh over your despatch on form and under ordinary circumstances would have replied in a similar vein only that I do not feel very poetical at present; because that Leatherheaded registrar, without any apparent cause or preliminaries, informed me that my services would not be required here after the present month. ^{Yours sincerely} The Le Chan

January 23^d 1895 B. C.
Dear Dr Bradford

I opened your note this morning with feelings of grave apprehension, expecting to be excoriated by "bell, book and candle" but was pleasantly surprised to find that you maintained the genial personality and suavity in mode of one of the mildest mannered men that ever cut a ——— sarcasm. all of which I attribute to the elevating influences that pervade the atmosphere of this institution, which must have operated largely in mellowing a disposition otherwise ——— well, Dr Jappa can finish that sentence with suggestions about roses, musical technique &c

Thanks for the Postcard but I think you will perhaps receive others bearing better pleas

Yours very truly
Theo G. Chase

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S. P. Q. R.

To the only lineal descendant of
Cleopatra and cousin german to
George 4th of blessed memory -

Greeting

High - mighty and illustrious
Medicus.

Having found after most
wearisome and persistent ex-
ploration among the debris of my
litterary accumulations, the
mortuary slip of which I made
mention to you yesterday, I enclose
it to you herewith.

two years, died to-day at his home, No. 87
Riverside drive, aged 62 years.
December 3rd 1897
Dr. Harrison Willis, one of the most em-
inent homoeopathic surgeons and general
medical practitioners of this State, died this
morning in Brooklyn, of Bright's disease, at
the home of his son, Dr. Clinton Willis.
He was born in Rehoboth, Mass., in 1836, and
was a descendant of the family of which
Nathaniel P. Willis, the poet, was an illus-
trious representative. Dr. Willis could trace
his American ancestry back to 1640, or nearly
260 years.
Jorge Griscom, the 5-year-old daughter

From Wm Chase -
(L. L. B.)



Atlantic City Aug 14 '1897

Dear Dr B,

Here at the ocean beach we are enjoying Atlantic breezes and the surging of the breakers at our feet. I wish very much I could have your company here as conversation with a friend is so much more enjoyable than with strangers; can you not come down for a few days next week? and inhale the ocean air that - stirs of youth. I must tell you that the other day I visited a descendant of one of the ancient Sybils, in order to consult her regarding past and future affairs; as she wished to be incognata she passes herself upon the public as an Egyptian or Gypsy and by the way has a strong Hibernian brogue. She exhibited much interest in my inquiries and confided to

who Samu'd with Samocles during
the year 350. B. C.

9. How many flights of stairs did
the Alexandrian Librarian have
to ascend when he desired to consult
a particular papyrus?

But a truce to nonsense. How are you
passing the time to-day during these
dog-days. Working on the College history
I suppose or some other equally important
work. How will you occupy your leisure
hours now that the History of the Province
is completed? The dinner hour is here
and my wife is awaiting my presence, so
I will close with best wishes for your
health and happiness, and kind regards
to your best of wives.

Yours very sincerely
Theo L. Chase

Seaside House,

Quaeritur.

I've read your poem, dear doctor B.,
It recalls some thoughts amusing,
And I know not how you fail to see,
That the phrase you use, is quite confusing.

Who does not know that to "read your stick",
Is rather a painful operation?
For more than once when I've got a lick,
I read the stick by scarification.

And surely there was no "turned up-n",
In the stick I have in mind,
There was another kind of turn up then,
When that stick whacked my behind.

And after the stinging job was done,
Who in the world, could "justify".
The stick of teacher for thrashing one,
That fought a boy who told a lie?

"Whatever position in life you hold"
To truth and justice always stick.
For that is the stick, worth more than gold, —
And send for Bradford, when you're sick.

October 18th 1896.

Mr Chase

February 19th 1897

Dear Doctor Bradford

I hope that you will very soon
recover from that attack of grippe
and we shall have the pleasure
of seeing you at the College as
usual.

Mr. C. Brittle today returned
the books loaned from the Library
and would like to receive his
deposit of five dollars; I thought
that his deposit might have been
one of those in my possession
but the only ones I have, are Miss
Eakin and W. F. Baker.

Yours very sincerely
Thos L Chase

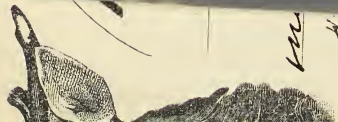




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me



March 3^d 1896

Received from Hahnemann Med College
Seventy

Dollars

one month term - College

\$ 70

Thos L Chase





CHASE, THEODORE LIVINGSTON Jr

HE STARTS DIVORCE SUIT TO STOP GOSSIP N American Dec 18 1906

Dr. Theodore Livingstone Chase
Says Wife Has Deserted

Him.

1907

NURSE STORY UNTRUE

Says Married Life Has Been Un-
happy for Many
Years.

Papers have been filed in a suit for divorce brought by Dr. Theodore Livingstone Chase, of 1604 Walnut street, against his wife, Mrs. Clara Holmes Chase. The allegation preferred is that Mrs. Chase has deserted the doctor, taking refuge in the home of her parents, in Troy.

It was just before Christmas, 1906, that Mrs. Chase packed her trunks and left. The law in this state requires two years' desertion before a decree may be entered on these grounds.

Dr. Chase said last night that he was moved to sue when he did because of a scandalous story about himself that he heard in Germantown. Its general purport was that the fault was with the doctor and a certain very pretty nurse.

Says Story is Gossip.

"This is absolutely untrue," said Dr. Chase. "Nothing could be further from the facts. I live with my mother and an aunt. I suppose that in my practice I have had occasion to employ ten or a dozen nurses, all very estimable women. They cannot afford and I cannot afford to have any such report in circulation. It is utterly false, and, I fear, maliciously so."

To head off this spicy bit of gossip, Dr. Chase says a week ago he telephoned his attorney, John Connell, of 1420 Chestnut street, to institute the action. Mr. Connell did this, but the answer of Mrs. Chase has not been filed as yet, so no master has been appointed. The doctor says he does not expect that his wife will contest the issue.

One son, 10 years old, is now in school in Canada, just above Niagara Falls, but the father expects the boy here for the Christmas holidays. The son is Theodore Livingstone Chase, 3d. Dr. Chase's father, of the same name, was actuary at Hahnemann Medical College.

Married Fourteen Years.

Dr. Chase was married in Troy fourteen years ago. Mrs. Chase was Mary Holmes, daughter of a prominent manufacturer of collars and cuffs, Henry Holmes.

The physician is a specialist in diseases of women and children, and has practiced at the Walnut street address for eight years. Prior to that he had a large general family practice in West Philadelphia.

"I can only say that my married life was very unhappy for twelve years," remarked Dr. Chase, with a sigh. "We could not get along and we agreed to disagree. Certain small matters started the trouble, but I do not care to speak of these things."

APRIL 22, 1907.

WOMAN SUES SURGEON

Mrs. Mitchell, of Colorado Springs, Alleges "Excruciating Pain" as Result of Dr. Chase's Treatment.

Dr. Theodore L. Chase, of 1604 Walnut st., is the defendant in a suit on trial today before Judge Holland, in the United States District Court.

The plaintiff, Mrs. Horace Mitchell, a resident of Colorado Springs, Col., is asking damages for sufferings alleged to have been the result of an operation performed upon her by Dr. Chase at the Crozer Hospital, Chester, Pa.

Mrs. Mitchell declares that, in performing an operation for the removal of a malignant growth, a sponge such as used in surgical operations, was allowed to remain in the wound, and as a result of this, she "suffered excruciating pain until the sponge was removed some weeks later at a hospital in Colorado Springs."

While no specific amount has as yet been claimed as damages, it is expected that the attorney for the plaintiff will mention a certain sum to the jury in closing his case.

PROMINENT PHYSICIAN AND WIDOW ARE WED

Dr. Theodore L. Chase Marries
Mrs. Annie T. Wirz in Pri-
vate Ceremony

DIVORCED HIS FIRST WIFE

Dr. Theodore L. Chase, a prominent surgeon and physician, and Mrs. Annie T. Wirz were married yesterday at the home of the bride at Wallingford. Arrangements were made not to inform their friends until after the ceremony. Only immediate relatives attended the wedding. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Wm. B. Chalfant, a Philadelphia Methodist clergyman.

Mrs. Chase was the wife of Henry M. Wirz, a Philadelphia manufacturer, who died in 1908. She has been prominently connected with Media organizations. She is one of the officers of the Media Library Association and a member of the Woman's Club of Media.

Dr. Theodore L. Chase was divorced from his former wife, Clara H. Chase, on September 9, 1910, in Delaware county. At the time of the divorce he lived at Ridley Park. He has offices at 2009 Chestnut street. He is connected with Hahnemann Hospital, as gynecologist; head surgeon at Wilmington Hospital, and the Woman's Southern Homeopathic Hospital.

Doctor Chase obtained his divorce on the grounds of "cruel and barbarous treatment and indignities to his person." Josiah Smith, a Chester attorney, the master, found that there was no community of interest between Doctor Chase and his former wife.

*n. American
July 1912*

Dr. Theodore Livingstone Chase, 2d, a specialist with offices at 2009 Chestnut street, obtained a divorce. Mrs. Chase, who was his second wife, was Mrs. Annie T. Wirz, widow of Henry M. Wirz, a wealthy manufacturer, of Wallingford, Pa.

They were married in 1912 and separated in 1914. Doctor Chase based his action for divorce on desertion. He obtained a divorce from his first wife, who was Miss Clara Holmes, of Troy, N. Y., in 1910, alleging that she spied on him while he was treating women patients, and created scenes in his office.

n American abr 24 1916

DR. T. L. CHASE ELOPES WITH AID TO NEW YORK

Surgeon, Twice Divorced, Mar-
ries Dr. Agnes Barr, Who
Testified for Him

Dr. Theodore L. Chase, of 2009 Chestnut street, identified with the Hahnemann, Women's Southern Homeopathic and Wilmington Homeopathic Hospitals, and Dr. Agnes Barr, of 1572 Dickinson street, his aid, eloped yesterday and were married in New York by City Clerk P. J. Scully. News of the wedding was received here today. It is Doctor Chase's third matrimonial venture. Doctor Chase gave his age as fifty years, while his bride is thirty-six.

Only last October Doctor Chase obtained a divorce from his second wife. He was divorced from his first wife in 1910, and at that time Doctor Barr, as his aid, testified that the surgeon's wife had said she would make him suffer every day she was in the house. He then lived at Ridley Park. The divorce was granted on the ground of cruel and barbarous treatment.

Doctor Chase is a surgeon and gynecologist. He has delivered many lectures before medical societies. His bride, who is a daughter of Paul Barr, has been his aid for the last ten years.

CHASE, THEODORE LIVINGSTON, Jr

Matriculated from Phila Sept 29 1888. Graduated Apr 7
1891. Member of Alumni Assoc. Educated at Sharon Academy
Conn. Located at 1935 Chestnut St. Phila. Practiced for
several years in West Phila.

Theodore L. Chase, M. D.

1685-1687 N. Fifty-Fourth St.

Office Hours:

8 to 9.30 A. M.

1 to 2 P. M.

6 to 7.30 P. M.

Sunday, Until 10 A. M.

Philadelphia, J. 15, 1898.

Dear Doctor Bradford,
your note of
13th Inst just rec'd.
If you will call
any evening, we can
go over the matter
together. I have en-
deavored to secure dates
but it is almost
impossible - as Father
left no writing - giving
the desired informa-
tion. Kindly call
before Thursday.

Sincerely yours
T. L. Chase.

Take either Haddington
or Overbrook car on
Arch St. Get off at
54. St. & walk north
 $\frac{1}{2}$ square.

I am glad you are
coming as I know
you would enjoy
seeing Father's den.

Theodore L. Chase, M. D.

1685-1687 N. Fifty-Fourth St.

Office Hours:

8 to 9.30 A. M.

1 to 2 P. M.

6 to 7.30 P. M.

Sunday, Until 10 A. M.

Philadelphia, 7.29. 1898.

th St.

189

Dear Doctor Bradford,

Your kind letter of the 23rd inst was handed to me this morning. I have been away with my mother. I just returned, hence the late reply.

Theodore Livingston Chase was born at Tivoli, N. Y. May 23rd 1824. Died July 18th 1898. He was educated at College Hill, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. After leaving there he acquired a course in Dentistry at Philadelphia Penna. after the completion of which he moved to

most Sincerely yours T. L. Chase, Jr.

Theodore L. Chase, M. D.

1685-1687 N. Fifty-Fourth St.

Office Hours:

8 to 9.30 A. M.

1 to 2 P. M.

6 to 7.30 P. M.

Sunday, Until 10 A. M.

Philadelphia,

189

Unionville
South Carolina where
he practiced his pro-
fession for ten years.
Upon the breaking out
of the Rebellion he
being a Union man
was forced to leave,
thence he came to
Philada, & in conjunction
with Rossing, & Town
published, & edited the
Historical Record.
In 1886, he entered
Hahnemann Med col as
secy to Dean A. R. Thomas
your his warm friend
know the rest.

most sincerely yours T. L. Chase, Jr.

CHATTERJEE, B N

29th Nov 1902

B. N. Chatterjee

To

The Dean of
The Hahnemann Medical College and
Hospital of Philadelphia.

Dear Sir,

I beg most respectfully to bring to your kind notice that I am a Medical Student desirous of finishing my Studies in the Philadelphia Medical College. I ~~shall~~ shall lay myself under the highest obligation to you therefore if you will be so kind as to send me the Prospectus etc of the above College. I shall also be much obliged to you if you ^{will} kindly let me know as to how long it may possibly take me to obtain a Degree there.

After passing my Entrance Examination and the First Examinations in Arts of the Calcutta University I read for two years in the Calcutta Medical College. I have thoroughly studied in that College Human Anatomy, Comparative Anatomy, Physiology, Botany Chemistry, Physics and Materia Medica. I have also done the Dissections of

of the Human Body very carefully.

I am a warm admirer of the immortal Hahnemann and am a firm supporter of the sound and Scientific System of Medicine first propounded by that illustrious Scientist. Before joining the Calcutta Medical College I carefully studied at home several standard Homœopathic works such as Dr. Ruddock's Vade Mecum of Modern Medicine and Surgery, Dr. Lawrie's Epitome of Domestic Medicine, Dr. Baehr's Science of Therapeutics according to the Principles of Homœopathy, and other books which it will be needless to mention here. But there being no good Homœopathic Medical College in India I thought it better to join the Calcutta [Allopathic] Medical College to acquire a knowledge of the Medical Science. I read in this college for two years and during this time I was led to this firm conviction that Homœopathy is far superior to Allopathy. My only regret was that there was no good Medical College in any part of India; however, I always studied Homœopathic books at my leisure hours and even have been successful in curing

very carefully.
 minor of the immortal Hah-
 a firm supporter of the sound
 of medicine first profound
 Scientist. Before joining
 college I carefully studied
 and Homoeopathic works
 and his Vade Mecum of Modern
 and St. Lawrence's Epitome of So-
 and Bach's Science of Therapeu-
 Principles of Homoeopathy and
 will be needless to mention
 of no good Homoeopathic medi-
 in I thought it better to join
 the Medical College to
 the Medical Science. I read in this
 and during this time I was led to
 that Homoeopathy is far superior
 by report was that there was no
 in any part of India; however,
 Homoeopathic books at my house
 been successful in curing

some desperate cases by Homoeopathic treatment.
 Then I came abroad to complete my medical studies in
 the Western World and I am now in London. But since
 in London also there is no Homoeopathic College in the
 strict sense of the word I am advised by some Homoeopa-
 thic Physicians of London to go to America at once. I
 am writing therefore this letter to you to get the necessary
 informations about the Philadelphia Medical College.
 You shall also oblige me by letting me know whe-
 ther I may be allowed to be admitted in the Fourth
 year class at once or not if I can show merit
 that I am quite fit for that class; because I
 am a foreigner (and since I know already ^{nearly all the} many
 subjects thoroughly) and no time should be
 needlessly spent in the execution of my studies.
 I have derived much benefit here by ^{frequenting} the British
 Homoeopathic Hospital of London. I am also regu-
 larly studying now many valuable Homoeopathic
 Books in the British Museum Library. Two books
 I have found particularly beneficial to me:—(1) Dr.
 Hughes' Principles and Practice of Homoeopathy, (2)
 Dr. Clarke's Dictionary of Practical Homoeo-

pathic Materia Medica. I have recently been able to cure some cases in London by Homoeopathic treatment and some of those gentlemen whom I have cured have given me certificates. But I must stop here lest, I fear, you may think as though ~~that~~ I am writing my own autobiography.

On receiving a favourable answer from you I will make arrangements to start soon for America and shall ^{very} soon reach Philadelphia.

Hoping not to be indifferently looked upon by you

I remain Dear Sir
Yours Truly

B. N. Chatterjee

of Thomas Cook and Son
Ludgate Circus
London E. C.
England.

P.S. you shall also kindly let me know the Degrees that you confer in your college — B. N. Chatterjee

CHATTERTON, W A

OFFICE OF
THE MEDICAL CURRENT.

EUGENE F. STORKE, M.D., EDITOR,
132 GRAND AVE., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Chicago Apr 13/89

T. L. Bradford, M.D.

Dear Sir: The work you order is
out of print. We return remittance here-
with. Thanking you for your order. I am

Very truly yours,

W. A. Chatterton

CHEATHAM, ELIZABETH

ELIZABETH CHEATHAM, Marion, Ohio, was born in Middleport, Ohio, in 1858, daughter of Leonidas and Ann Eliza (Van Duyn) Cheatham, of English in the paternal and Dutch and French in the maternal line. She attended the Middleport high school, the Normal Training School of New York, and taught school twelve years. Her professional education was obtained in Hahnemann Medical College, Chicago, and she has practiced in Marion since 1893. She is a member of the Ohio State Homœopathic Medical Society and of the Marion County Homœopathic Medical Society.

King Vol 1V

CHEESMAN, JOHN P

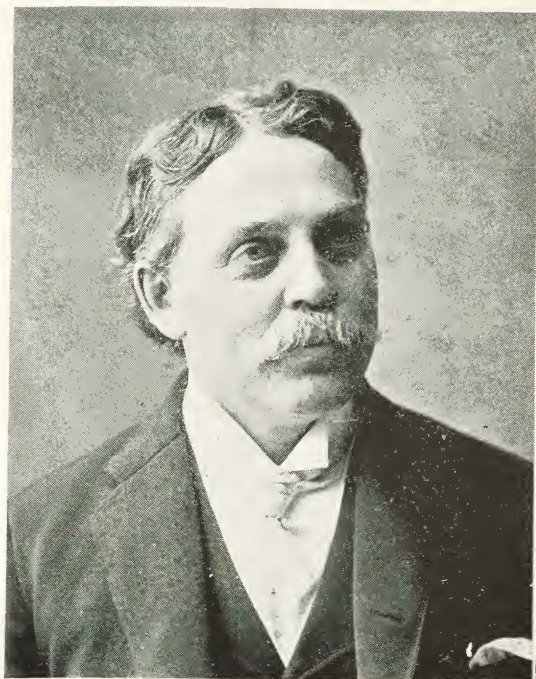
Matriculated from Camden, N J. Oct 2 1877. Graduated
Mar 10 1879. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Elmer, N J

"John Passmore Cheeseman was born in Gloucester County, N J August 10 1851. and after receiving a common school education was employed in mercantile life until he studied medicine. I first met him in Pitman Grove where he filled in his time between lectures by acting as salesman. He graduated from Hahnemann College in Phila in the Class of 1879. He settled in Elmer, Salem County and remained there thirty years and until his increasing deafness compelled him to relinquish general practice when he removed to Swedesboro dying there on April 5th 1913.

He was elected a member of this (N J Hom Soc) in 1906 but rarely attended the meetings on account of his inability to hear. He was a member of the West Jersey Society since 1879, serving as its Vice President in 1889. He was elected a member of the American Institute of Homoeopathy when it was at Atlantic City in 1906. Dr Cheesman was well liked by his patients and had a large and comfortable practice. He was a good physician and a good man."
(Wallace McGeorge)

CHEESMAN, WALTER C

Born at Camden N J May 10 1876. Matriculated from
Elmer N J Sept 21 1895. Graduated May 10 1899. Member
of Alumni Assoc. Educated at South Jersey Institute,
Bridgton, N J. Located at 211 North 52d St Phila.



W. O. CHEESEMAN, M.D., Chicago,
Professor of Materia Medica and Clinical Therapeutics
in the National Homœopathic Medical
College of Chicago.

CHEEVER, DANIEL ARTHUR



My full name is Daniel Knud Olson
I graduated at New York Thom. Med. Coll.
in the year 1865.

My present address is Champaign
Champaign Co. Illinois.

Where I have resided since Dec 25 1869
Previous to that time I practiced
four years at Florida Ill.

I began to practice Homoeopathy in
the year 1854 at Pekin Ill.

I attended a course of
lectures at Cleveland Thom.
College in 1853 & 4.

I am a member of the
Illinois State Association
Western Inst. of Homoeopathy
and the Am. Inst. of Homoeopathy.

Please send me a copy
of the Directory when issued
I will immediately forward



HENEY, BENJAMIN HICKS, M. D., of New Haven, Conn., was born at Vicksburg, Miss., October 10th, 1838. His father, the Rev. S. C. Cheney, of Berkshire county, was a clergyman of the Presbyterian Church. His boyhood and youth were passed principally in New York city, where he received his primary education at the Free Academy. He afterwards entered the Wesleyan University, and completed his classical studies at Amherst College.

In 1857, he commenced the study of medicine, attending the lectures at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York city. Proposing to reside in the South, he went to New Orleans and entered the University of Louisiana at that place, where he graduated in March, 1861. On coming North, soon after the commencement of the war, he entered the Government service. His first appointment was that of Acting Assistant Surgeon United States Army, being stationed at Camp Chase, near Columbus, O.; but he afterwards received a commission as Assistant Surgeon of the 41st Regiment Ohio Volunteers, and, later still, was appointed Assistant Staff Surgeon on the staff of Major-General Crittenden, commanding the 21st Army Corps. After the battle of Chickamauga he was transferred to the staff of the 4th Army Corps, in which he made the campaign in Georgia, and resigned his position at Atlanta. He was next appointed one of the Examining Surgeons in the Provost Marshal's Bureau for the Sixth District of Illinois, with headquarters at Joliet, where he remained, after the termination of the war, in private practice till the winter of 1867. During that year, and previously, he had read many homœopathic works, and, furthermore, made experiments of homœopathic remedies, the result of which investigations convinced him of the truth of the "new doctrine," and induced him to adopt it as his guide in his future practice. In 1870, he removed to Chicago and commenced practice in an office with Dr. G. D. Beebe, where he remained till 1871, when the great fire destroyed both his home and practice, compelling him to seek a new field of exertion elsewhere; in conse-

quence of which he removed in the following November to New Haven, Conn. In 1871, he became associate editor of the *Medical Investigator*, and, in the previous year, was elected a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy. In 1863, he was married to Miss Sarah Austin, second daughter of Algernon Austin, Esq., of Lincoln county, Me.

Dr. Cheney has not only contributed by his practice and example to the advancement of medical science, but also by his numerous contributions to the different scientific journals, and we may be permitted to hope that his able pen will be more than ever employed in defence of the cause he has espoused—the noble cause of homœopathy.



Chicago, May 26/70.

H. M. Smith M.D.

Dear Sir,

Having recently noticed in the medical journals a request that the names &c. of the Homoeopathic physicians in the United States be forwarded to you for the forthcoming "Directory", I herewith enclose my address &c., in accordance with the printed formula.

Very Respectfully Yours
Briggs, Cheney, & Co.
Low

My name is
Benjamin H. Cheney.
I graduated at the
University of Louisiana
Medical College in March
1861.

My present address is
Chicago, county of Cook,
State of Illinois, where
I have resided since
April 1870.

Previous to that time
I practiced in Louisiana,
in the Army, & in Joliet
Ills.

I began to [publicly]
practice Homoeopathy
in the year 1870, at
Chicago, Ills.

Benjamin H. Cheney.

CHEW, EDMUND

Matriculated from Mantua, N J. Oct 1873. Graduated Mar 9
1876. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Mantua N J

CHEYNEY, HOWARD

Howard Cheyney, M.D., a graduate of the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, class of 1875, a promising young physician, located in Williamsport in May, 1875. Dr. R. D. Tipple is also in Williamsport.

Matriculated from Phila Oct 1873 . Graduated Mar 10 1875. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Williamsport, Pa. Died in Hahnemann Hospital, Phila, Mar 5 1909 aet 54.

CHILDS, ALPHA GARRETT WRIGHT

ALPHA GARRETT WRIGHT CHILDS, Madison, Indiana, born Heno, Butler county, Ohio, April 21, 1871; literary education, Danville Normal College (1890); taught school during the winter of 1890-1891; student in Franklin preparatory school and graduated from there A. B., 1898; A. M., 1899; graduated M. D. from Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, 1900; practitioner's course, New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, 1903.

CHILDS, NELSON N

Name in full

Nelson N. Childs

P. O. Address in full

Ogdensburg N. York

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

Homoeopathic Med. Coll.
of Penn.

CHILD, NELSON N

Matriculated from Keeseville, N Y. Nov 12 1862. Graduated
Mar 3 1863. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Took only third cou
course. Located at Ogdensburg, N. Y.



CHILDS, WILLIAM R., A. M., M. D., of Pittsburg, Pa., was born in Pittsburg, February 18th, 1838. Both his parents are of New England birth, descendants of the old Puritan stock. He commenced his primary education at the Western University of Pennsylvania, remaining there until the year 1857, when he entered the sophomore class of Washington College, Washington, Pa., and graduated with the degree of A. B. in the year 1860.

Deciding on making the medical profession his career in life, he entered the office of J. P. Dake, A. M., M. D., in the same year, as a student of medicine. He attended his first course of lectures at Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, in the session of 1861-'62. His second course he pursued at the Homœopathic Medical College of Philadelphia, and received his diploma from that institution in the spring of 1863. In the same year the degree of A. M. was conferred upon him by his Alma Mater. Being now fully prepared by his studies and experience, he resolved to commence the practice of medicine, for which purpose he established himself in his native city as a homœopathic physician and surgeon, and soon drew around him an extensive circle of patrons and acquaintances, and his success in both branches of his profession was quickly assured.

The most important event in his life took place in 1864, when he was married to Miss Mary Acheson, daughter of the Hon. A. W. Acheson, of Washington, Pa.

He was one of the original members of the Homœopathic Medical Society of Allegheny County, and also of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, in which latter he has been elected Necrologist for three successive years, and has been a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy since 1865.

Matriculated from Pittsburg
Pa Oct 17 1862. Graduated
Mar 3 1863. Member of Alumni
Assoc. 2d course

bring his work here. His very name was a synonym for all that was methodical, painstaking and perfect. It was an axiom about the hospital that his operations were carried out with that degree of nicety which made failure well-nigh impossible. No one ever saw him in a hurry, unless it was to answer an urgent demand for help. But in his whole hospital life he always had time for his work. He would spend hours there, working over some poor wretch who did not have the intelligence to even thank him. And there, too, another trait of his character was shown. To the rich or the poor, the friendless or the wealthy, he was just the same. He would spend as much time on the tramp as on the millionaire.

As Secretary of the Medical Board of this hospital he performed the duties devolving on him with that rare fidelity which characterized his every work. Dr. Childs had a natural talent for teaching, and demonstrated it in his position as Lecturer on Surgical Emergencies at the Pittsburgh Training School for Nurses.

As before noted, he was happy in his home life. His family consists of two daughters and a son, who all survive him. As a father he was tenderly loved by them, and his memory is held in reverence as that of a loving and just father, a kind and true counsellor.

His death occurred at his home, No. 936 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, November 11, 1888.

IN MEMORIAM.

On Sunday the eleventh day of November 1888, death suddenly removed from this earthly existence, William R. Childs, M. D., one of the most faithful and highly esteemed members of this Board, and for many years its secretary.

It therefore is fitting that the Medical Board, of the Homœopathic Hospital, Pittsburg, Pa., give expression to the profound grief felt at this sudden taking off of one of our most valuable members—one of the most regular and punctual in his attendance at the meetings of the Board,—nothing but sickness ever

kept him from his place at the secretary's desk; one of the most faithful and kind in his attendance on the sick and injured under his care in the hospital, and one of the most genial and friendly in all his intercourse with his fellow members on this Board; and that we place on record a lasting testimonial of our regard for, and love of, Wm. R. Childs. Therefore

Resolved, That by his death the Medical Board of the Homœopathic Hospital of Pittsburg has sustained a loss that words fail to express; that the surgical staff has lost one of its most skillful, careful and successful operators; always punctual, exact and methodical in every detail; gentle but firm, kind but impartial, true to the trust reposed in him; that the medical profession has lost a scholarly, dignified, and conscientious physician, and a brave skillful and successful surgeon; that his orphaned children have lost a kind, loving and indulgent father; and that the community has lost a whole-souled, unselfish, genial man.

Resolved, That we tender to the bereaved family of Dr. Childs, in this their hour of affliction, our sympathy and our condolence.

Resolved, That this testimonial be entered upon the records of the Medical Board of the Homœopathic Hospital of Pittsburg, and a copy thereof suitably engrossed, be placed in the hands of the family of our late fellow member and also copies be sent to the medical journals of our school.

Resolved, That as a final tribute and token of love and respect the Medical Board attend the funeral in a body.

"He was a man, take him for all in all,
We shall not look upon his like again."

W. J. MARTIN, M. D.

M. J. CHAPMAN, M. D.

W. F. EDMONDSON, M. D.

Committee.

Med Adv Jan 1889

WILLIAM RIDDLE CHILDS, M.D.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Died suddenly, at his residence, in Pittsburgh, November 11th, 1888, William Riddle Childs, M.D., in the 51st year of his age. He was born in the city of his life-long residence, February 18th, 1838. His early education was acquired principally at the Western University of Pennsylvania, located in Pittsburgh. In 1857 he entered the sophomore class of Washington-Jefferson College, at Washington, Pa., from which he graduated A. B. in 1860.

Soon after graduating in Arts, he decided to make the profession of medicine his life calling; and, with that determination, entered upon its study with the devotion of the Hebrew and the zeal of the Greek, under the preceptorship of J. P. Dake, M.D., at that time an eminent practitioner of Pittsburgh, and successor of Gustavus Reichhelm, M.D., the pioneer of homœopathy in that city, in 1837.

He attended his first course of medical lectures at Jefferson Medical College, in Philadelphia, during the session of 1861-2. His second course was taken at the Hahnemann Medical College, in the same city, from which he received the degree of M.D. in March, 1863. In the same year he received the degree of A.M. from his Alma Mater.

Before his graduation from the medical college, he had valuable experience in the army as volunteer surgeon, in 1862, at Washington and Alexandria, after the second battle of Bull Run, and at the battle of Antietam.

Thus armed and equipped for the exercise of his calling, he opened an office and established himself in his native city as a homœopathic physician and surgeon, soon after his graduation. His ability as a surgeon was successfully put to the proof early in his career, and a foundation laid for the high reputation which he soon attained in that branch of the profession. His success in both departments of his art, and his honorable standing as a man and citizen, may be best estimated by the fact that he was the family physician and sole medical adviser of many of his numerous clients for a quarter of a century, retaining their confidence and esteem until the day of his demise.

In 1864 he was married to Mary, the accomplished and amiable

daughter of the Hon. A. W. Acheson, of Washington, Pa., who died in 1877, leaving two daughters and a son, who still survive.

Dr. Childs was devoted to his profession, and heartily joined in every enterprise designed to promote its interests and improvement. He was one of the original members of the Homœopathic Medical Society of Allegheny County, Pa., in which he successively served in various offices with rare ability and universal acceptance. He filled the position of president in 1877. In 1884 he was president of the Pennsylvania State Homœopathic Medical Society, and at different periods held the same leading position in other institutions for the cultivation of medical science, impressing upon them all the influence of his zeal and thoroughness. He was a corporate member of the Pittsburgh Homœopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary, and, for many years, served with eminent success on its surgical staff, as well as secretary of its medical board. As chairman of the Anatomical Society of Allegheny County, a member of the faculty of the Pittsburgh Training School for Nurses, and, indeed, in whatever position he occupied in various institutions connected with his profession, he was always faithful to his duty, rarely absenting himself from their meetings, prompt and diligent in the performance of every obligation.

He joined the Institute in 1865, at Cincinnati, the earliest possible date after his graduation, as no meetings were held during the Civil War, and remained an active and influential member until his death.

His writings have been numerous, chiefly contributions on surgical subjects to this Institute, to the State and county societies, and to the *Hahnemannian Monthly*, and were marked by ripeness of judgment, methodical arrangement and clearness of statement.

He was in all things methodical to a degree that few attain. He had a place for everything, and everything in its own place. He could put his hand on every medicine, instrument, apparatus, or surgical appliance or dressing that he possessed without a moment's hesitation, and in good condition for use. His cutting instruments were always sharp and as bright as if just received from the hands of the polisher.

With habits of close application and research conjoined to natural abilities of a high order, Dr. Childs seemed destined to a long and distinguished career of professional usefulness. He has fallen in the

full tide of honorable success, but leaving an enviable reputation honestly and laboriously earned.

In private life he was valued for his social qualities, his genial manners, his generous traits, and his fund of general information, anecdote and personal incidents.

Expression of the estimation in which he was held by his professional colleagues in the community in which his life was spent, was given by appropriate action of the societies and institutions with which he had been associated. A meeting of the Homœopathic Medical Society of Allegheny County, especially convened was largely attended, and an appropriate and sympathetic eulogium, by Dr. J. C. Burgher, was delivered, to which the writer is indebted for much of the sketch here given.

Am.Inst. 1889.

WILLIAM R. CHILDS, M. D., is a native of Pittsburgh, Pa., and graduate of Washington College, Pa. Soon after completing his literary course, he directed his attention to the study of medicine, and graduated at the Homœopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania, in 1863. He immediately selected his native city for his field of professional labors, and has been rewarded by a fair degree of success. He has performed some critical and successful operations in surgery, and is quite at home in that department. As a general practitioner, his reputation is good. As a citizen, he is public spirited and progressive.

He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, and took an active part in the formation of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, of which he is *Necrologist*. He was one of the original movers in the initiatory measures which led to the establishment of the Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; and also took a prominent part in organizing the Homœopathic Medical Society of Allegheny County, and is now its Vice-President.

Trans.Hom.Med.Soc.Penna. 1870-71.

William R. Childs, M.D., is a native of Pittsburg, and graduate of Washington College, Pennsylvania. Soon after completing his literary course, he directed his attention to the study of medicine, and graduated at the Homœopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania in 1863. He immediately selected his native city for his field of professional labors, and has been rewarded by a fair degree of success. He has performed some critical and successful operations in surgery, is quite at home in that department, and does well as a general practitioner. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, and took an active part in the formation of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, of which he is *Necrologist*. He was one of the original movers in the initiatory measures which led to the establishment of the Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and also took a prominent part in organizing the Homœopathic Medical Society of Allegheny County.

W. R. CHILDS, M.D.

Dr. W. R. Childs, of Pittsburg, died on Sunday, November 11th, 1888. The deceased has long been recognized throughout the State of Pennsylvania as an able surgeon; in fact he was very active in the surgical work of the Pittsburgh Homœopathic Hospital. His numerous contributions to the Transactions of the Pennsylvania State Society were always of a high order of merit. In 1883, when the State Society held its meeting in Philadelphia, he was elected President of the Society for the ensuing year, although he was unable to be present at the meeting. This was a deserved compliment, as was attested by the able and dignified manner in which he performed his official duties at the Pittsburgh meeting in 1884. Dr. Childs has filled the office of Necrologist in the State Society for several years.

Hm Dec 1888.

Trans Hom Med Soc Penna 1889

WILLIAM RIDDLE CHILDS, A.M., M.D., was born in the city of Pittsburgh on the 18th day of February, 1838. After a most thorough course in two of the best literary colleges in the country, he, in 1861, determined to study medicine. Entering under the preceptorship of J. P. Dake, M.D., at that time one of the foremost of Western Pennsylvania Homœopathic physicians, he started in on his life-work. From that time his devotion to his chosen profession knew no bounds. Nothing was ever allowed to stand in the way of his work. No personal sacrifice was too great when the interests of his work were at stake.

His first term at college was during the winter of 1861-62 at the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia. The next year he entered and graduated from the Hahnemann Medical College of

Philadelphia. On returning to Pittsburgh, in the spring of 1863, he at once established himself here. In 1864 he was married to Mary, daughter of Judge Alexander W. Acheson, of Washington, Pa., and for thirteen years this good and true woman was his helpmeet. When she died it seemed as though the light of his life had gone, so much did he look up to her.

In 1865 Dr. Childs joined the American Institute of Homœopathy, and was always strongly interested in the advancement of that great national organization.

Of our State Society he was one of the original members, and took a deep and lively interest in its welfare. Though of late years prevented from attending its meetings when held away from this city, he was always represented by his work, his paper on surgical cases coming to hand regularly. Over the meeting held here in 1884 he presided, and his genial and hospitable entertainment is a very pleasant remembrance to all who were fortunate enough to be present at that meeting. Since that time he has been continued as Necrologist.

In Allegheny county he was a power, and used his every means for the advancement of our school of medicine. As a member of the Allegheny County Homœopathic Medical Society and the Anatomical Society of Allegheny County, of both of which bodies he was an original member, he was a worker, rarely missing meetings, and always ready to offer the benefit of his long and ripe experience and extensive practice.

But it was in his work in the hospital that his true self came out. To a wonderful degree of perfection and system did he

CHILDS, WILLIAM RIDDLE

IN MEMORIAM.—On Sunday, the eleventh day of November, 1888, death suddenly removed from this earthly existence, Dr. William R. Childs, one of the most faithful and highly esteemed members of this Board, and for many years its secretary.

It, therefore is fitting that the Medical Board of the Homœopathic Hospital of Pittsburg, Pa., give expression to the profound grief felt at this sudden taking off of one of our most valuable members—one of the most regular and punctual in his attendance at the meetings of the Board—nothing but sickness ever kept him from his place at the secretary's desk—one of the most faithful and kind in his attendance on the sick and injured under his care in the Hospital, and one of the most genial and friendly in all his intercourse with his fellow-members on this Board; and that we place on record a lasting testimonial of our regard for, and love of, Dr. William R. Childs. Therefore,

Resolved, That by his death the Medical Board of the Homœopathic Hospital of Pittsburgh has sustained a loss that words fail to express;—that the surgical staff has lost one of its most skillful, careful and successful operators,—always punctual, exact and methodical in every detail, gentle but firm, kind but impartial—true to the trust reposed in him; that the Medical Profession has lost a scholarly, dignified and conscientious physician, and a brave, skillful, and successful surgeon; that his orphaned children have lost a kind, loving and indulgent father; and that the community has lost a whole-souled, unselfish, genial man.

Resolved, That we tender to the bereaved family of Dr. Childs in this hour of affliction our sympathy and our condolence.

Resolved, That this testimonial be entered upon the records of the Medical Board of the Homœopathic Hospital of Pittsburg, and a copy thereof, suitably engrossed, be placed in the hands of the family of our late fellow member, and also copies be sent to the medical journals of our school.

Resolved, That as a final tribute and token of love and respect, the Medical Board attend the funeral in a body.

“He was a man, take him for all in all,
We shall not look upon his like again.”

Med Counselor
Jan 1889

W. J. MARTIN, M. D.,
M. J. CHAPMAN, M. D.,
W. F. EDMONDSON, M. D.,
Committee.

of November,
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RTIN, M. D.,
PMAN, M. D.,
MONDSON, M. D.,
Committee.

Pittsburgh Apr 20th 1870, 28th 1870
Prof Richard. Koch M D
Registrar
Hahnemann Med College -
Philadelphia

Dear Doctor

Allow me the pleasure
of introducing to your
kind consideration
Eos. H. Buffum, a
student of mine. Mr Buffum
intends pursuing the
three years course

With kind wishes for
all connected with your
institution I am

Very truly
Wm. F. Childs

JUNE, 1870.

Homœopathic
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ood, together

urth Avenue.

Childs
the year 1873

Always

Pittsburgh

Pittsburgh Pa June 28th 1870
Geny. M. Smith Esq
Dear Sir

Was born in this city -
Graduated at Washington
College, Washington Pa
in 1860 with degree of A.B.
In 1863 had conferred on me
the degree of A.M.

Read Medicine with Dr
J. C. Duke. Attended Jefferson
Medical College Phila. and
afterwards graduated at
Homoeopathic Medical College
of Penna in 1863 -

Very Respectfully
E. M. R. Childs

JUNE, 1870.

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Pittsburgh

NEW YORK, JUNE, 1870.

DEAR DOCTOR :

Will you assist me in compiling a correct list of Homœopathic Physicians in the United States, by filling up and returning to me, *at once*, the following blank, if you have not already filled up a similar one.

I will be much obliged to you for any information relative to the introduction of Homœopathy in your neighborhood, together with a sketch of your personal connection therewith.

Yours truly,

HENRY M. SMITH, M.D.,

107 Fourth Avenue.

My full name is *William Riddle Childs*

I graduated at *Homœopathic* Medical College, in the year *1863*

My present address is *Pittsburgh* county of *Allegheny*

State of *Penna* where I have resided *Always*

Previous to that time I practised in _____

I began to practise Homœopathy in the year *1862* at *Pittsburgh*



CHISHOLM, HENRY CLAY

Matriculated from Harrisburg, Pa, Aug 18 1886. Graduated
Apr 6 1888. Member of Alumni Assoc. Took first course in
National Medical College, Washington. D C. Located at
Huntington, Pa.

DR. H. C. CHISOLM DIES AT NIAGARA FALLS

Prcminent Huntingdon Surgeon Was
Ill Since Last February; End Came
Tuesday at Daughter's Home.

WAS FORMER STATE SENATOR

Dr. Henry Clay Chisolm, one of the leading physicians and surgeons of Central Pennsylvania, former State Senator and prominent Mason, died at 8:15 o'clock Tuesday evening at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Emilie Snyder, of Niagara Falls. He was sixty-two years old.

Dr. Chisolm had been ill for more than a year, and had been forced to abandon his practice of medicine and surgery following a general breakdown last February.

Since then, every effort was made to assist him in regaining his health. Following his collapse last February, he returned to Mississippi, where he had spent his boyhood.

Later, he returned North, and went to the Anderson hospital in Philadelphia, where he was a patient for some time.

Following treatment there, he had been spending the succeeding weeks at the homes of his daughters, Mrs. Snyder, of Niagara Falls, and Mrs. Ellsworth Dunkle, of Erie.

Last Sunday, while Dr. Chisolm's partner, Dr. William A. Doebele, visited him at Niagara Falls, Dr. Chisolm had a serious sinking spell. He appeared to recover from this and recognized his partner.

At six o'clock Tuesday evening he was again stricken with a sinking spell. A little more than two hours later, the humanitarian who had dedicated the greater part of his life to the healing of the sick and wounded, quietly passed on into the hands of the Great Healer.

William Wallace Chisolm, the physician's brother, was in Philadelphia Tuesday. He went directly to Niagara Falls, and is making preparations to bring the body to Huntingdon.

Dr. Chisolm's early life was overcast by the tragic death of his father, Judge William Wallace Chisolm, his sister, Cornelia, and his brother, John, who were massacred at the Chisolm plantation in Kemper county, Mississippi, by members of the Ku Klux Klan in 1877.

Henry Clay Chisolm was away at school at the time or would probably have died with his brother and sister in attempting to shield his father from the cowardly attack of the masked murderers.

His boyhood was spent at DeKalb, Mississippi. He received his primary education at the hands of private tutors, and in the public schools. Subsequently, he entered Vanderbilt University, at Nashville, Tenn., but was compelled to leave that institution because of the death of his father.

From March, 1878, to September 8 of the same year, he filled a position in the office of the Surgeon General at Washington, D. C. He then became a student at the Williamsport Commercial College, and was graduated in 1879. From the time of his graduation until January, 1883, he was a clerk in the office of Governor Hoyt, at Harrisburg.

In 1883, Dr. Chisolm went West, spending a few months in Idaho. In the same year, and in 1884, he was a student at Columbia College, Washington, D. C.

Dr. Chisolm entered Hahnemann Medical College in 1885, to continue the study of medicine. In 1888, he took up the practice of medicine at Harrisburg, and in 1889 came to Huntingdon, where he had since resided.

Untiring work for the health and happiness of his fellow humans cost Dr. Chisolm his health. He offered his own life on the altar of self-sacrifice in alleviating the sufferings of innumerable hosts.

From the time the J. C. Blair Memorial hospital was founded until his health gave way, Dr. Chisolm was one of the chief surgeons at the institution.

When the failure of his health forced him to take a belated rest, his absence from hospital and office left a distinct void in the life of the city. His cheerful personality, profession-

al skill, and apparently exhaustless energy were sadly missed.

Dr. Chisolm was a Republican in politics, and took an active part in the affairs of the party both in the county and state earlier in his life. He was elected to the State Senate by a large majority in 1896, and served with distinction as the representative of the Huntingdon-Franklin Senatorial district.

Dr. Chisolm was married April 28, 1883, to Miss Lillian Gross, daughter of John and Katherine Gross. They had four children. Cornelia died February 8, 1887, and William Wallace Chisolm died while a student at Hahnemann Medical College.

Dr. Chisolm's widow and two children, Mrs. Anna Dunkle, of Erie, and Mrs. Emilie Snyder, of Niagara Falls, survive.

He was a prominent Mason and member of the Knights Templar. He was a past master of the Mt. Moriah Lodge, F. and A. M.

CHISHOLM, WILLIAM WALLACE

Matriculated from Huntingdon, Pa
Graduated June 1 1915. Member of Alumni Assoc. Became an
Interne at Hahnemann Hospital, Phila.

Bulletin Oct 30 1915

3

DYING MAN NURSED BY SECRET BRIDE

Dr. Chisholm, Hahnemann Interne,
Reveals Marriage to Nurse Just
Before His Death

WEDDED SIX WEEKS AGO

A pathetic deathbed scene was enacted in Hahnemann Hospital yesterday, when Dr. William Wallace Chisholm, a young interne, announced to his parents and fellow doctors a few minutes before he died that Miss Grace Bradford, the nurse who administered to him during the fatal illness, was his secret bride of six weeks.

Two hours later, Dr. Chisholm succumbed with his young wife holding one hand and his mother the other. Physicians in the room at the time had been college chums of the young interne, and were deeply affected by the spectacle. They expressed to the former Miss Bradford their sorrow, and counseled her to return to Huntingdon, Pa., the home of the Chisholms, which she did.

Dr. Chisholm and his bride kept their wedding secret because of the rules of the hospital, which provide that nurses shall not marry until they have completed a three-years' course.

After his graduation from Hahnemann College last June, Dr. Chisholm was assigned to the accident ward of the hospital. There he met Miss Bradford, whose home is at Royersford, Pa., and in their work of bringing relief to victims of accidents they fell in love. Other internes and nurses were aware that a love match was brewing, but expected the couple would wait until after Miss Bradford's graduation before having the ceremony performed.

Instead the couple decided to be married and keep the matter secret for eight months, when Miss Bradford would be graduated. They carried out the plan,

and that no one might discover their secret, Mrs. Chisholm did not wear her wedding ring.

Several weeks ago Dr. Chisholm injured his finger and the wound became infected. As a result he became seriously ill and was forced to go to bed in the hospital. When his life was despaired of, his father, a prominent physician, was notified. Late Thursday night the young doctor's father and mother arrived at the hospital. They talked with their son but he did not tell them of his marriage until he knew in a few hours he would be dead.

CHISLETT, HOWARD RAY



H. R. CHISLETT, M. D.
CHICAGO.

HOWARD ROY CHISLETT, M.D.

Howard Roy Chislett, Chicago, Illinois, dean of the faculty and professor of surgery and clinical surgery in Hahnemann Medical College, is a native of Salt Lake City, born of English parents, John Chislett and Mary A. Stockdale, on April 6, 1862. He acquired his early education in the common schools and in the high school department of St. Mark's Academy; his medical education in Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, where he came to his degree in 1888. Aside from the time taken in post-graduate studies in Europe in 1893 and 1895, and in New York city and Baltimore in 1901 and 1903, his professional life has been spent in Chicago.

Dr. Chislett's connection with the faculty work in his alma mater began in 1889, after a service of one year in the position of house surgeon in Hahnemann Hospital, as lecturer on minor surgery. The subsequent steps of his promotion are as follows: adjunct professor of surgery, 1893; associate professor to same chair in 1895; professor of surgery and clinical surgery, 1897; dean of the faculty in 1903.

Since 1895 Dr. Chislett has devoted himself to surgical practice only. In 1893 he was appointed attending surgeon to Cook County Hospital; in 1894 attending surgeon to the new Hahnemann Hospital, and to Streeter Hospital in 1900. In 1896 he married Maude A. Coddington.



DR. H. R. CHISLETT,
3030 MICHIGAN AVE.,
CHICAGO.

Dr. Emberton Audby

Dear Doctor. Please
accept my thanks for the
invitation to be present
at the Semi-Centennial cel-
ebration. I regret my
inability to do so but
send my best wishes for
the continued prosperity
of Valhalla College.

Very truly Yours

H R Chislett

Apr 16/98

CHITTENDEN, GEORGE W

Name in full *George W. Chittenden* *M.D.*
P. O. Address in full *Janesville Wis*
Graduate ~~or Licentiate~~ of *Albany Med. College*
Hon. Med Coll. of Pennsylvania

Matriculated from Janesville, Wis. Oct 9 1849. Graduated
Mar 2 1850. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Graduated from
Albany Medical School, 1846. Located at Janesville, Wis.



To Am. Inst. of Hom.

I send the following
names of Physicians in this vicinity, some
of whom may report themselves -

Rev. W. Chittenden M.D. Jamesville Wis
graduate Albany Med Col 1846 - and Hom, Col of Penn 1850

J. P. Cole M.D. Jamesville Wis
graduate Ann Arbor Mich. -

Dr. D. T. Robinson Jamesville Wis.

M. C. Sturtevant M.D. Emerald Grove, Rock Co Wis
graduate Cleveland Hom, Col. 1866

Eugene M. Beebe M.D. Stoughton Rock Co Wis
graduate Hahnemann Med Col. 1866

Respectfully

A. W. Chittenden

G. MAXWELL CHRISTINE,
M. D.

Born at Olney, Philadelphia, August 2, 1857. His earlier education was passed in the public schools of this city, graduating from the Central High School, after which he took a graded course at Pierce's Business College. This preparatory education thoroughly equipped him for the medical training which he commenced at the University of Pennsylvania in the spring of 1877. In March, 1880, he graduated from the University, and his thesis was one of the most noted of that remarkable class. His subject, "Sub-Arachnoid Spaces of the Brain, Optic Nerves and Spinal Column and Spinal Nerves," was most generously treated. After graduating Dr. Christine was connected with the Eye and Medical Department of the University for about two years. Then he received the appointment of demonstrator of pharmacy at the Medico-Chirurgical College for a period of one year, then was made adjunct professor of materia medica, and professor in the Auxiliary Department of Philology and English Composition, which position he held for nearly two years. Dr. Christine now resigned from these important positions, because at this time he was gradually drifting towards homoeopathy. Determining to adopt homoeopathy, Dr. Christine, although grounded in the tenets of the "Old School" faith, with a courage worthy of his convictions, entered into association with the homoeopathic profession, and subsequently graduated from the Hahnemann Medical College. His success with the

Matriculated from Phila Oct 13 1890. Graduated
Apr 7 1891. Member of Alumni Assoc. Took Post
Graduate Course. Graduate University of Penna
1880. Located at 2043 North 12th St Phila.

The following was sent to a prominent medical weekly and declined publication. The editor agreed with the writer, but thought the publication of the letter inadvisable.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 28, 1902.

To the Editor of the —.

The address of Dr. Charles A. L. Reed, delivered before the Physicians' Club, of Dayton, and appearing in your issue of April 19th, is a plea for the unification of the medical profession by accepting as members those who may apply, subject only to such a censorship as may be exercised over any legal practitioner of medicine. In other words, it is a plea for amalgamation, for which, in times past, numerous efforts have been made, without, however, any other apparent result than to disappoint anew the advocates of this greatly desired relationship, except, it may be, that, just as the rock will finally be washed away by the continual dropping of water on its surface, so the frequent attempts at reconciling differences among the divisions of the medical profession, while not effective of immediate results, give much promise of final consummation. A man who stands so prominently in his profession as does Dr. Reed, must necessarily be very brave to have uttered such a sentence as this: "One may look forward with confidence to the meeting to be held in Saratoga in June as the date which shall mark the close of that period in our national profession when a reputable physician shall be denied recognition and fellowship because he exercises the most fundamental prerogative of individual liberty."

In Philadelphia, the animosity of the dominant school towards the Homœopathic branch of the profession is so great that I imagine any one here who would dare advocate such a recognition as recommended by Dr. Reed would have charges very promptly preferred against him by his fellow-members.

I am sure he would soon feel the strong arm of condemnation, and that the fear of this has served to take away from the members of the dominant medical profession here that spirit which, as Dr. Reed says, should control our profession, and keeps them from following that unwritten code of the gentleman which should control the personal conduct and the professional relations of the members of the profession.

in detail their actions, it would bring a blush of shame for their profession to the cheek of men like Dr. Reed who see in the practice of medicine something else than the opportunity for an adherence to a so-called ethical law which, far from conserving the public welfare, has often stood as the obstacle to that help in the hour of need which an attendant on the sick, happening to be a homœopathic practitioner, has sought at the hands of the practitioner of the other school of belief. Instances of brutal refusal to consult are but small things compared with the many other instances of which I could tell. Philadelphia is the hot-bed of hate, so far as the dominant school is concerned, toward my branch of the profession. If Dr. Reed, or any other man, can in the short time between now and next June induce the members of the dominant school in this city to believe that the position they have assumed for the past twenty or more years against me and against those who, for the time being, I represent, has been wrong, he will be doing wonders. The spirit of opposition is as deep-rooted here as it ever was—though, it may be, some master-mind may so influence matters as to point out the path of duty, and by gentle persuasion induce a change of heart and action.

When Hahnemann was turned aside and persecuted for his advocacy of a principle he believed to be true, and which he so well defended; the profession courted the very thing which, if they had been wise, they would have known would happen—namely, the formation and final upbuilding of a powerful

department of the University of Pennsylvania, junct professor in the Medico-Chirurgical

My chief preferred charges against the homœopathic view of the action of remedies teaching of recognized views of the school is interesting in that only my accuser

My confession was complete, but I have said, my accuser, complimented me in all its sides." I was not to be deceived by men who spoke and voted in my favor the sentiment which twenty years later I repeat; but I knew that they could not see the sentiment which was rooted in the profession which was rooted in the profession that the member who entertained the idea was a traitor to his profession, and

homœopathic ranks, where in all these years as I did my old, to bring about such a union of all schools together under the one of the public welfare." By invitation to meet me in consultation, and by the ranks and among my own societies, which separate the schools of medicine for a united effort at "conserving the

Journal with statements of the rebuffs I received from school men turned on me, and knifed men whom I knew and loved, with even under whom I had studied, not to observe the very first principles of the conduct of the gentleman. Were there not men in this city who have widely followed a manly and honorable conduct in relation to their skill and manliness, and relate

University Hospital in particular, the new building now in process by that institution will be known as the Johnson Memorial Hospital.

Medical Inspectors for Schools.—The draft of the new bill sent to District Committee by the District Commissioners relative to the appointment of medical inspectors for public schools, is as follows: "For eleven inspectors of public schools, to be appointed by the Board of Education of the District of Columbia, at \$500 each, \$5500; *Provided*, That said inspectors shall have had at least five years' experience in the practice of medicine in the District, and shall only be appointed after competitive examination."

Macpherson Crichton

Removals.—Dr. Harold B. Drake has removed from Portland, Ore., to Detroit, Mich.

Dr. P. Howe, of Pomona, Cal., has removed to Santa Ana, Cal.

S. B. Van Dalsem, Hahnemann, 1902, has located at Blue Lake, Mich.

Personals.—Dr. Wm. Francis Honan will, as usual, be at "The Narra-gansett Pier, Rhode Island, during July and August.

Dr. A. B. Lichtenwalner, of 2435 N. 7th St., announces that from September 15th his office hours will be as follows: Daily, from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings from 5 to 7.30; Sunday only. Other hours by appointment.

Dr. Nelson C. Scudder, of Rome, N. Y., has been appointed Examiner of Claims for Pensions to the Bureau of Pensions. Dr. Scudder is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania Medical College, Philadelphia, 1879.

Dr. John Wilson has located at 23 E. 45th Street, New York City, where he will devote his time to the treatment of nervous and mental diseases exclusively.

Dr. W. J. Prish (successor to Dr. A. J. Evans) is located at 79 E. 12th Street, Fredonia, N. Y.

Dr. Irving Townsend, of New York, desires to announce that he will be in his office (excepting Sundays and the week beginning June 15th) until July 15th. From July 15th to August 15th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays only, after which he expects to be away until September 15th.

Dr. Robert M. Jones, his associate, will assume the care of patients during Dr. Townsend's office daily during his absence.

Dr. John L. Moffat announces that he will be in the city through the month of August.

In 1880 I graduated from the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, and shortly after I was made adjunct professor in the Medico-Chirurgical College, then forming in this city. My chief preferred charges against me for instructing my classes in the homœopathic view of the action of remedies, which instruction was collateral to the teaching of recognized views of the dominant school. The ensuing trial was interesting in that only my accuser found it in his heart to vote for conviction. My confession was complete, but every member of the faculty except, as I have said, my accuser, complimented me on my efforts to teach my subject "from all its sides." I was not to be deluded, however, by this vindication. The men who spoke and voted in my favor were my friends, and they voiced the sentiment which twenty years later has been echoed by Dr. Reed in his trenchant plea; but I knew that they could not stand up against the spirit of intolerance which was rooted in the profession, and against the general sentiment that the member who entertained the least faith in the homœopathic principle was a traitor to his profession, and doubly so to his *Alma Mater*.

I finally resigned and joined the homœopathic ranks, where in all these years I have remained, urging my new friends, as I did my old, to bring about such a unification as would join physicians of all schools together under the one ennobling inspiration of "Conservators of the public welfare." By invitations to members of the dominant school to meet me in consultation, and by pleas for amalgamation uttered in my own ranks and among my own societies, I have sought to break down the barriers which separate the schools of medicine, and bring all medical men together for a united effort at "conserving the public welfare."

Did time permit, I could fill your journal with statements of the rebuffs I have received from all sources. The old-school men turned on me, and knifed me whenever and wherever they could. Men whom I knew and loved, with whom and for whom I had labored, men even under whom I had studied, not only refused to consult with me, but failed to observe the very first principles of the moral ethics which should actuate the conduct of the gentleman. Were I to mention the names of certain illustrious men in this city who have widely departed from the ordinary rules of gentlemanly and honorable conduct in return for my manifestations of confidence in their skill and manliness, and relate in detail their actions, it would bring a blush of shame for their profession to the cheek of men like Dr. Reed who see in the practice of medicine something else than the opportunity for an adherence to a so-called ethical law which, far from conserving the public welfare, has often stood as the obstacle to that help in the hour of need which an attendant on the sick, happening to be a homœopathic practitioner, has sought at the hands of the practitioner of the other school of belief. Instances of brutal refusal to consult are but small things compared with the many other instances of which I could tell. Philadelphia is the hot-bed of hate, so far as the dominant school is concerned, toward my branch of the profession. If Dr. Reed, or any other man, can in the short time between now and next June induce the members of the dominant school in this city to believe that the position they have assumed for the past twenty or more years against me and against those who, for the time being, I represent, has been wrong, he will be doing wonders. The spirit of opposition is as deep-rooted here as it ever was—though, it may be, some master-mind may so influence matters as to point out the path of duty, and by gentle persuasion induce a change of heart and action.

When Hahnemann was turned aside and persecuted for his advocacy of a principle he believed to be true, and which he so well defended; the profession courted the very thing which, if they had been wise, they would have known would happen—namely, the formation and final upbuilding of a powerful

organization, with the newly-announced law of cure as its underlying principle. To-day, as a separate school we have such strength that, I take it, the thinkers of the dominant school may well feel we are a rival worthy their steel.

Our medical schools, our hospitals, our literature, our practitioners, our results, are real entities; they stand for much, and I do not wonder that far-seeing men, such as Dr. Reed, looking slightly ahead, see us in the future growing still stronger and more powerful, all the while manifesting more and more our ability to care for ourselves and relying less and less on the skill and knowledge of our brothers of the opposite side. Our self-reliance, our sturdy life, our great prospects, our cohesiveness—all these things are well known to Dr. Reed, and I imagine he does not despise the lessons they teach.

The dominant school has forced the growth of the homœopathic school of medicine to one of large dimensions, and ostracism has simply added to its strength; so it is a question as to whether, now that the prospects are "fair" for amalgamation, the members of the new school will wish to "manifest a desire" to be identified with the movement of reform, without first ascertaining what it implies.

It is altogether probable that before their proposed reform of attitude on the part of the dominant school toward other "schools" than itself ever comes to fruition, the members of these outside branches of the profession will want to consider the subject in all its phases; and, as Dr. Reed says, "the ultimate success of a movement of this kind must come from a demonstration of its desirability." The homœopathic profession has become so accustomed to the treatment accorded it by the other school that for a long time, at least, it is likely to distrust, as not being well meant, any invitation to enter the ranks of those who hitherto have so illy treated them.

Personally, I have for years hoped to see the time arrive when as a legal physician I will have a moral right to the counsel and service of any other legally-authorized practitioner, for the benefit of my patient or to conserve the public welfare.

I fear, though, that it will take more than the proposed action at Saratoga, in June, to effect such a consummation.

However, addresses such as that of Dr. Reed tell the story of what is passing through the hearts and minds of men who, looking above the sordid things of life, and gazing far beyond the narrow limits of a code of ethics which ought long ago to have been buried out of sight, seek only the good of their fellow-man, thus exemplifying that spirit of brotherly love which should actuate the members of the medical profession more than any other body of men.

(Signed)

G. Maxwell Christine, M.D.,

University of Pennsylvania; Hahnemann Medical College, Phila.

H. K. Mulford's New Building.—We have just received one of the new catalogues issued under date of June 20th, by the H. K. Mulford Company, and an examination of the list shows a number of improvements and changes that are of live interest to every physician. The list has been classified so as to enable the physician to readily find his wants; a full and complete table of contents has been arranged, and in addition a therapeutic index has been included for the convenience of those who desire to make reference to the entire list; a copy of this new catalogue should be in the hands of every physician.

In view of the present agitation on the subject of the metric weights and measures, metric dosage on fluid extracts is included. This is in keeping with the requirements made by scientific men for the general introduction of the metric system throughout, and no doubt will be followed out more largely in future lists. A large portion of the catalogue is devoted to listing a number of special products, on which information is given as to the therapeutic action, dosage, etc.

Jan 6 A HORSE TRAP. 93

An Electric Light Excavation Causes Trouble to a Doctor's Rig.

A large excavation, about twelve feet deep, on Ridge avenue below Columbia avenue, intended for electric light conduits, proved a trap for the team of Dr. G. M. Christine, of 2043 North Twelfth street, yesterday afternoon. While the carriage, containing the doctor and his colored driver, was passing, the horse fell into the excavation, snapping the shafts and nearly throwing the riders out.

It was late in the afternoon before the animal could be lifted from the hole by means of an improvised derrick, and he was so badly injured that he had to be removed in one of the animal society's ambulances.

DOCTOR'S RACE TO SAVE A LIFE

Little Eleanor Barnes Had
Been Struck by a Trolley
Car.

DYING IN CONVULSIONS

Dr. Christine Ran With Her to St.
Joseph's Hospital and a Prompt
and Successful Operation Was
Performed.

ELEANOR BARNES, 5 YEARS OLD, was struck by a trolley car on Friday night. When taken to her home she was thought to be dying. Dr. Christine was summoned, ran with the little one to St. Joseph's Hospital, trephining was quickly resorted to and the life was saved.

To a physician's promptness is, no doubt, due in a great measure the fact that little Eleanor Barnes, 5 years old, of 2010 North Thirteenth street, is still alive and likely to get well, after a distressing accident. The case is one of successful trephining.

On Friday night the little one was running across Thirteenth street, above Norris, when she was knocked down by a trolley car. An iron bar

on the fender struck her on the forehead, just over the left eye, and caused a deep depression. There were symptoms of compression on the brain when the child was carried into her home.

A RACE FOR LIFE.

Dr. G. M. Christine was called in and at once perceived the case to be a serious one. The family desired other physicians called in for consultation, but before they arrived the little one was in convulsions. Dr. Christine saw that death was imminent and that every moment meant something. He did not wait for the others, but quickly wrapping the child in a blanket started with it for St. Joseph's Hospital. The doctor is one of the physicians at St. Luke's Hospital, but it was farther away than St. Joseph's, and to the latter he ran.

Breathless he entered the gateway and then had breathing time as he stood at the elevator door and signaled for the man in charge. He was dazed when told that the elevator had stopped running for the night. The fourth floor was the one he wanted to reach and he did so by running up all the flights of stairs, his patient in his arms.

Among those whom Dr. Christine had summoned was Dr. Vischer, senior surgeon of St. Luke's. Dr. Vischer promptly followed Dr. Christine to St. Joseph's and arrived there after Drs. Reed and Robinson had joined Dr. Christine.

A few minutes' consultation showed that in order to save the child's life trephining would be necessary. Instruments were secured, the patient etherized and the operation, to the

gratification of the doctors, was a pronounced success. As soon as the pressure on the brain was removed the child regained consciousness and it is confidently believed that she will recover.

The excellent results are due, however, to the promptness with which the child was carried to the hospital and the speed with which the operation was performed.

Inquirer,
Sept. 20, 1895.

G. MAXWELL CHRISTINE, M.D.
2043 N. TWELFTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

Dear Doctor:-

Can you meet
me at St. Luke's Thursday
at 12.20 noon to arrange
for X ray exhibition Friday
night? I will have the Carbutt
plates there, and if you can take
two or three radiographs & have
pictures Friday night, it may add
to the interest. Do you know of
any person with crooked arm
from break?

Very truly,

G. M. Christine

11-18-96

GORDON MAXWELL CHRISTINE, M. D.,
2043 NORTH TWELFTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

OFFICE HOURS: { UNTIL 10 A. M.
2.30 TO 3.30 P. M.
6.30 TO 8 P. M.

TELEPHONE 2-24-34.

Dear Doctor Bradford,
Frank has albumen & casts
in his urine - Diagnosis, Acute Parenchymatous Nephritis.
I would suggest Cor. Rub. 2 x tab. 5 gr. 4 times a
day; Barkans Mixture, One tablesp. 4 times
a day. Confinement to bed, with slight sitting
up morning, afternoon and evening. Keep bowels
regular - inclined to looseness. Diet - skim milk.

affidavit in which he states that while in South Omaha last June he saw a liquid injected into beef by employees of the packing firm of Swift & Co., which had at that time a contract with the government to supply the army with meat.

Dr. Christine said last evening that he had taken great interest in the conduct of the commissary department during the recent war and that he had given close attention to the present controversy between General Miles and Commissary General Egan. The vituperative statement of General Egan concerning his superior officer, Dr. Christine said, had aroused his indignation.

Miles' Enemies Angered Him.

"What I saw last June," he said, "I for a time looked upon as a matter which should

Their affidavits would also be highly important. Also please inform me if you could identify any of the men who were engaged in the transaction. Very truly yours,

NELSON A. MILES.

Would Know the Man.

"I shall furnish General Miles with the affidavits to-day," continued Dr. Christine, "and shall tell him exactly what I have told you. My only regret is that I cannot swear to the nature of the fluid which I saw used. I think that I could identify the man who used the canula."

Dr. Christine is the son of Professor Christine, of the Boys' High School, and is well known as having one of the largest general practice in the city.

butter - milk, etc.

Let me know now & then how he gets
along.

Sincerely

G M Christman

pictures Friday night, it may add
to the interest. Do you know of
any person with crooked arm
from break?

11-18-96

Very truly

G M Christman

1899
Times, Jan SATUR

A WITNESS TO THE EMBALMING

Dr. Christine Saw Omaha Packers
Doctoring the Army Supply.

AN AFFIDAVIT FOR MILES

Will Swear That He Saw Chemicals
Injected Into Beef.

NAMES SOME OTHER WITNESSES

The Philadelphia Physician Was
Visiting Omaha When Swift &
Co.'s Employees Were Pre-
paring Meat for the
Army.

Dr. C. Maxwell Christine, of 2043 North Twelfth street, visiting surgeon to St. Luke's Homoeopathic Hospital, will to-day send to Major General Nelson A. Miles an affidavit in which he states that while in South Omaha last June he saw a liquid injected into beef by employes of the packing firm of Swift & Co., which had at that time a contract with the government to supply the army with meat.

Dr. Christine said last evening that he had taken great interest in the conduct of the commissary department during the recent war and that he had given close attention to the present controversy between General Miles and Commissary General Eagan. The vituperative statement of General Eagan concerning his superior officer, Dr. Christine said, had aroused his indignation.

Miles' Enemies Angered Him.

"What I saw last June," he said, "I for a time looked upon as a matter which should

not interest me in any way, and it was only when it became apparent to me that General Miles was being outrageously persecuted by his political enemies that I decided to inform him of the incident of last summer, hoping that the knowledge might be of some use to him in defending himself against his would-be maligners.

"It was during a convention of the American Institute of Homoeopathy, held in Omaha, that I, in company with Dr. A. Frank Ziegenfuss, of this city, and a number of other physicians from various sections of the country, was conducted through all the departments of Swift & Co.'s large packing house.

"There was one man in the place whose sole duty seemed to be the handling of pieces of beef about sixteen inches long, having a depth and breadth of about twelve inches. I saw him inject a fluid, by means of a canula attached to a flexible tube, into every piece of beef that passed through his hands. I do not know the nature of the fluid but I was told by an employe of the house that the beef passed upon by the 'injector' was supplied to the army.

Miles Wants the Truth.

"Shortly after General Eagan's attack upon General Miles, I wrote to the latter, informing him of what I had seen. I received the following reply:

Headquarters of the Army.

Washington, January 25, 1899.

DR. G. MAXWELL CHRISTINE, 2043 North Twelfth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.:

My Dear Doctor: Your very important letter of yesterday's date is at hand. Please accept my thanks for it.

I will be greatly obliged to you if you will, in the interest of truth, make an affidavit of the facts as stated in your letter, and also give the names of any persons who were with you at the time and witnessed the transaction.

Their affidavits would also be highly important. Also please inform me if you could identify any of the men who were engaged in the transaction. Very truly yours,

NELSON A. MILES.

Would Know the Man.

"I shall furnish General Miles with the affidavits to-day," continued Dr. Christine, "and shall tell him exactly what I have told you. My only regret is that I cannot swear to the nature of the fluid which I saw used. I think that I could identify the man who used the canula."

Dr. Christine is the son of Professor Christine, of the Boys' High School, and is well known as having one of the largest general practice in the city.

CHRISTMAN, G H PERCY

Matriculated from West Chester, Pa, Sept 26 1878.
Graduated Mar 10 1881. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located
at Washington, Pa.

CHRISTOPHE, HERMAN

HERMAN CHRISTOPHE, Manchester, New Hampshire, born Manchester, September 28, 1874; literary education, Dartmouth College, A. B. 1897; graduated M. D. from Boston University School of Medicine, June 5, 1900; interne Roxbury Dispensary, 1899-1900; treasurer of Gen. Stark Grange, P. of H., 1903-1905.

CHURCH, ADELIN B



CHURCH, CHARLES A

Ing.

Tribune *Feb 9/92*

SHE TRIED THE FAITH CURE IN VAIN.

Mrs. Charles A. Church, wife of a well-known homoeopathic physician, died on Monday night from the effects of a cancer. She had persistently refused medical treatment, and instead she had tried "Divine healing." She first became aware of her ailment two years ago. Last May her condition became serious and it was then that she made her refusal to be treated by ordinary methods. Repeatedly during the winter numbers of her friends met at her house to pray for her recovery. Several times well-known apostles of faith cure anointed her with oil. All these efforts were futile, and she sank steadily. She never expressed any doubt of her recovery until a few days before her death, and she persisted to the last in her refusal to take medicine, even for the temporary relief of pain. Mrs. Church was forty-eight years old.

CHURCH, CHARLES HERBERT

CHARLES HERBERT CHURCH, Paterson, New Jersey, was born in Norwich, New York, September 10, 1866, son of Charles A. and Harriet Electa (Heady) Church. He attended the Norwich public schools, 1872 to 1876; the public schools of Passaic, New Jersey, 1876 to 1882; the University grammar school, New York city, 1882-1883, and entered the New York University in 1883, from which he was graduated B. S. in 1887. His professional course was completed in 1891, when the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital conferred upon him the degree of M. D. He received an appointment to the homœopathic hospital at Ward's Island, New York, where he served in 1891-2; practiced at Passaic, New Jersey, from 1892 until 1894, and was a student in the throat department of the New York Ophthalmic Hospital, from which he received a certificate in 1893. Dr. Church was engaged in general practice at Nutley, New Jersey, from 1894, until 1904, when he removed to Paterson, but he is still keeping an office in Nutley. He has been visiting surgeon to the St. Mary's Hospital, Passaic, New Jersey, since 1899, and is a member of the New Jersey State Homœopathic Medical Society, in which he served as secretary four years, vice-president one year, and chairman of the board of censors one year.

He also is an associate member of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the County of New York, trustee and steward of the Methodist Episcopal church, and member of the Epworth League and Young Men's Christian Association, holding office in the local and district organizations of the former. In 1904 he married Martha Eunice Pingree.

King Vol IV

NEW JERSEY STATE
HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICAL
SOCIETY.

C. HERBERT CHURCH, M. D.,
RECORDING SECRETARY.

Hutley, N. J. Jan 12th, 1900

T. L. Bradford M.D

Dear doctor: Pardon my
tardiness in answering your
questions but the trunk with
my State Society reports &c in
was at my fathers instead
of here so I could not look
it up at once and then your
letter was mislaid and
forgotten until I ran across
it the other day.

In looking over what
transactions I have I find no
reports of provings.

Yours fraternally
C. H. Church

CHURCH, THOMAS TEASDALE

THOMAS TEASDALE CHURCH, Salem, Ohio, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, September 12, 1860, son of Dr. William I. and Emma H. (Teasdale) Church, and is of Scotch-Irish and English ancestry. His father, grandfather and

great-grandfather were physicians. He attended the public schools of Salem, Ohio, spent a year in the medical department of the University of Tennessee, at Nashville, and after two years' study in the Cleveland Homœopathic Hospital College of Cleveland, Ohio, was graduated in 1882. He was connected with the Huron Street Hospital, Cleveland, for a year, began private practice with Dr. R. B. Rush in Salem, Ohio, and spent a year, 1884-85, in post-graduate study in Vienna and Berlin. He has since practiced in Salem, and has been a member of the board of health and health officer in that municipality. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Ohio, and the Homœopathic Medical Society of Eastern Ohio; has been treasurer of the state society since 1894, and was secretary and president of the local society. He is a past master of Perry lodge, A. F. & A. M., past high priest of Salem chapter, R. A. M., and past eminent commander Salem commandery, K. T. Dr. Church married Kate L. Safford October 4, 1893, and has two children, Herbert Safford and Katharine Safford Church.

King Vol IV

CHURCH, THOMAS T EASDALE



Dr Church graduated from the Homoeopathic Medical of Penna in the spring of 1859, and immediately became associated with Dr J. P. Dake at Pittsburgh. He soon became distinguished, as his father was before him, in the same city, for his skill in midwifery. His high moral tone and gentleness of manner, added to skill in practice, made him early in his career, a highly esteemed member of the profession. He died of pulmonary consumption, in Pittsburgh Sept. 29th, 1862 in the 35th year of his age.
(Trans.Am.Inst.Hom.1865.)

WM. J. CHURCH, M.D., a native of Pittsburgh, graduated at Homoeopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania, in 1858. On his return, he entered into partnership with Dr. J. P. Dake, his brother-in-law and former preceptor, with whom he practiced until his last illness. He died in October, 1862. During the three years which his health permitted him to practice his profession, he added many warm friends to the large and influential circle by which he was previously surrounded. His Christian deportment and sterling qualities of head and heart, endeared him to a host of grateful patients, who will long lament his early demise. He was a member of the American Institute of Homoeopathy.

Trans.Hom.Med.Soc.Penna. 1870-71.

Born at Pittsburg Pa 1827.
Matriculated from Pittsburgh Pa Oct 11 1858. Graduated
Mar 3 1859. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located
at Pittsburgh. Died at Pittsburgh Sept 29 1862 aet 35.

CHURCHILL, ERVILLA ANN

ERVILLA ANN CHURCHILL, M. D.,
Monroe, Wis., was elected a member of the Institute at its session
at Atlantic City in 1891. She was the only child of Dr. O. Weaver O.
Sherman, and was born in the village of Albion, Erie Co., Pa., June 10th.
1830. In June 1848 she removed to Monroe, Wis., studied medicine with
her father and was for several years his assistant. In 1883, after his
death, she attended lectures at the Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago,
and graduated therefrom in 1886. She married Norman Churchill, February
1854. After practising ten years in Chicago, she went to California
to visit a daughter, and died at the residence of her son-in-law, Dr.
William G. Cole, at Guernseyville, Calif., July 26th. 1896. A.I.H. 1898

OFFICE OF
DR. LEWIS SHERMAN,
Pharmacist and Publisher
448 JACKSON STREET,
(P. O. BOX 65.)

MAY 29 1897
30

Milwaukee, Wis., May 24", 1897 189

Doctor Ann E. Churchill, only child of Dr. W. O. Sherman was born at
Albion, Erie Co., Penn. June 10", 1830. She came to Monroe, Wisconsin in
1848 and was married to Norman Churchill in 1854. She died July 26"
1896 at Guerneville, Sonoma Co., Cal. while visiting her sick daughter
living in that place.

She practiced with and under her father for several years, and
after his death took a course in Hahnemann Med. Coll. of Chicago,
where she was graduated in 1886. She joined the Hom. Med. Soc. of Wis.

CHURCHILL, ERVILLA ANN

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MAY 29 1897
Milwaukee, Wis., 189

in 1887 and the Amer. Inst. of Hom. in 1891.

Dear Doctor Smith, I have just now received above information from
Mr. Norman Churchill, husband of Dr. Churchill.

Yours fraternally,

Lewis Sherman.

N. CHURCHILL,
MONROE, WIS.

June 4 1897

JUN 9 1897

Mr. Henry Smith M.D.
My Dear W.W.

Churchill sent a letter to me from
you asking some questions in
Relation to the Death of my
Wife Dr. Ann Evilla Churchill

She was the only Daughter
of Dr. Weaver O. Sherman

Born in the village of Albion
Erie County Penn. June 10th

1831 Came to Wisconsin June
20th 1848. We were Married

Jan 22 February 22 1854 She studied
Medicine with her Father and Practiced

with him for many years after
he got old and before he died

he wanted her to take the
Regular Course in the Holman

an College at Chicago she
had taken a Practitioners Course

Previous. She entered the College
I think in 1883 Graduated 1886

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N. CHURCHILL,
MONROE, WIS.

189

Joined the American Institute
of Homoeopathy at the Annual
Meeting Held at Atlantic City New
Jersey the 18th day of June 1891,
on the first of February 1896 she
went to ^{California} Greenville Sonoma
County to visit her Sick Daugh-
ter the Wife of Dr. Wm G. Cole
of that Place, was taken ill
about the middle of March and
died the following July on the
26th 1896.

Very Truly Yours
N. Churchill